

IceCube and Sterile Neutrinos (pheno)

Jordi Salvado Serra

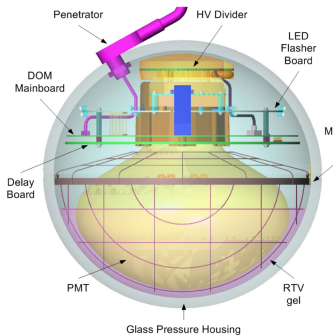
CrossTalk Workshop: The Fate of Sterile Neutrinos

VUB Sterile neutrinos 2017

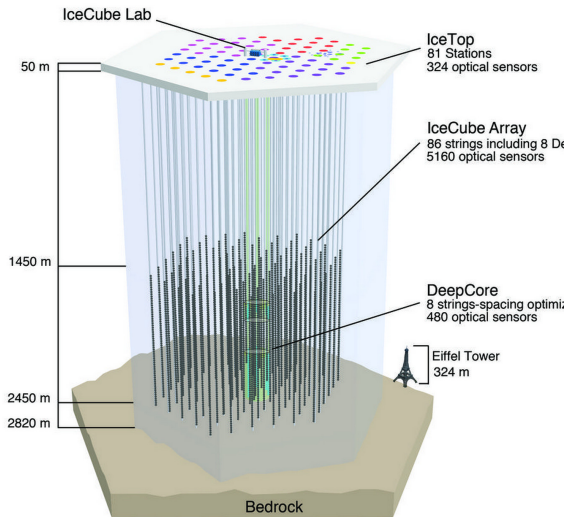


The IceCube experiment.

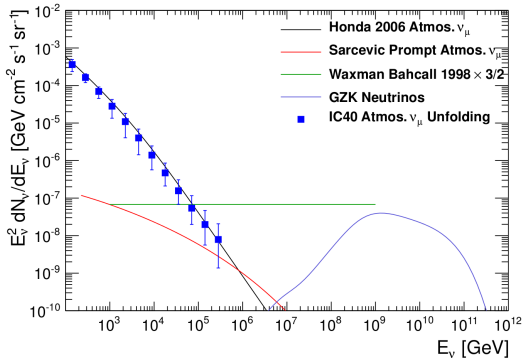
- ▶ 10^2 to 10^7 GeV
- ▶ $< 0.5^\circ$ μ angular resolution
- ▶ $< 15\%$ energy resolution



D.O.M.



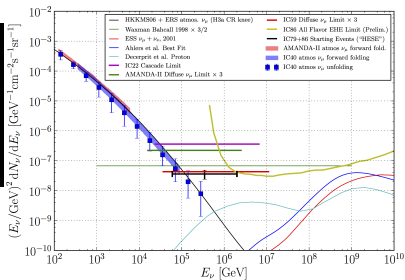
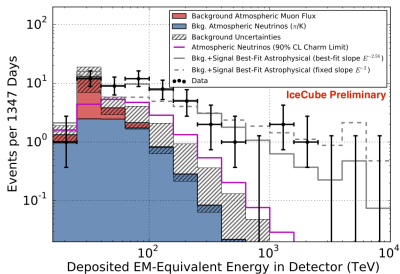
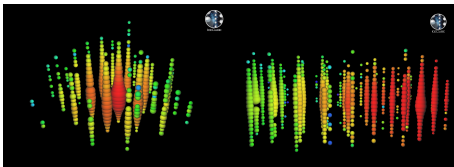
IceCube Goal



- ▶ Atmospheric Neutrinos
- ▶ Charm Atmospheric Neutrinos
- ▶ Astrophysical Neutrinos
- ▶ Cosmogenic Neutrinos

IceCube Goal

- ▶ More than 5σ evidence.
- ▶ Consistent with the other limits.
- ▶ Still a lot of questions.
- ▶ We have neutrinos from few 100GeV to few PeV
- ▶ Still a lot of questions



First Publication: Evidence for High-Energy Extraterrestrial Neutrinos at the IceCube Detector

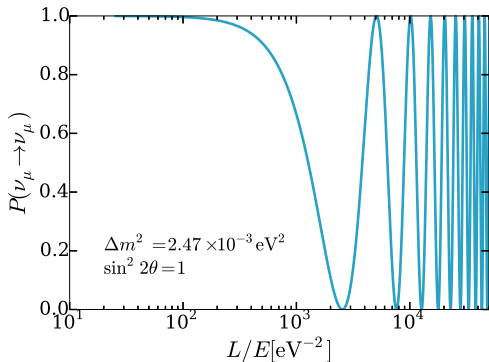
Neutrino Oscillations

$$H = \frac{1}{2E} UM^2U^\dagger + V_m$$

M , V and U are 3×3 matrices. In two generations the oscillation probability at a given distance L and energy E in vacuum

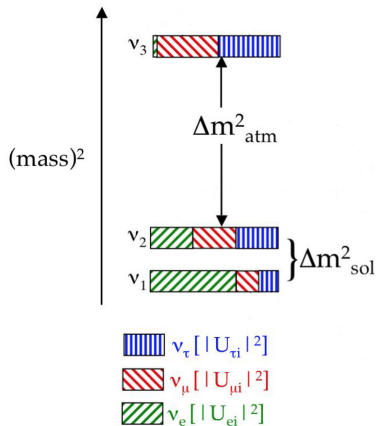
$$P_{\nu_\alpha \rightarrow \nu_\alpha} \left(\frac{L}{E} \right) = 1 - \sin^2 2\theta \sin^2 \left(\frac{\Delta m^2 L}{4E} \right)$$

- ▶ $\sin^2 2\theta$: oscillation amplitude
- ▶ Δm^2 : oscillation frequency
 - ▶ $L/E \ll 1/\Delta m^2 \rightarrow$ no oscillations
 - ▶ $L/E \sim 1/\Delta m^2 \rightarrow$ oscillations
 - ▶ $L/E \gg 1/\Delta m^2 \rightarrow$ fast oscillations ("averaged")



Neutrino Oscillations

Neutrino oscillations : mass eigenstates (ν_i ; $i = 1, 2, 3$) and flavor eigenstates (ν_α ; $\alpha = e, \mu, \tau$) are not the same.



$$\Delta m_{\text{sol}}^2 = 7.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{eV}^2$$

$$|\Delta m_{\text{atm}}^2| = 2.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{eV}^2$$

$$\nu_i = \sum_{\beta} U_{\beta i} \nu_{\beta}$$

$$U = U(\theta_{12}, \theta_{23}, \theta_{13}, \delta^{CP})$$

$$|U| \simeq \begin{pmatrix} 0.8 & 0.5 & 0.1 \\ 0.3 & 0.7 & 0.6 \\ 0.4 & 0.5 & 0.8 \end{pmatrix}$$

[B. Kayser, hep-ph/0506165 (2004)]

[M.C. Gonzalez-Garcia et. al. JHEP 11

(2014) 052 www.nu-fit.org]

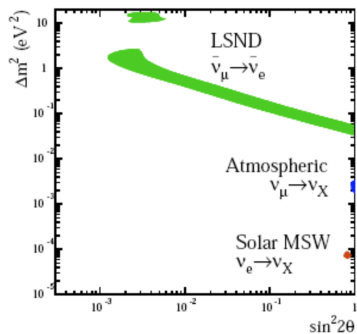
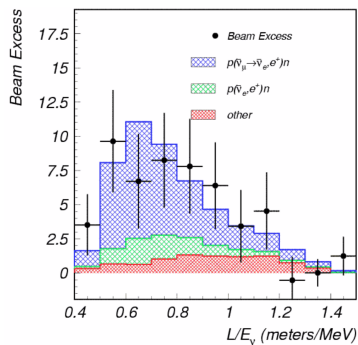
Beyond “standard” Neutrino Oscillations

$$H = \frac{1}{2E} U M^2 U^\dagger + V_m + \sum_n \left(\frac{E}{\Lambda_n} \right)^n \tilde{U}_n O_n \tilde{U}_n^\dagger$$

- ▶ A extension of the 3- ν model would imply:
 1. Extend the dimension $3+N$ or $N+3$: Motivated by the **Short Base Line Neutrino Anomalies**
 2. Extend with high **powers of the energy**: Not very motivated by anomalies but interesting to explore. NSI, LV,...

The LSND experiment (in 90's)

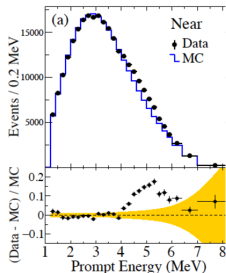
- ▶ The LSND experiment saw an excess of $\bar{\nu}_e$ over background.
- ▶ 3.8σ signal.



More motivation: short baseline anomalies

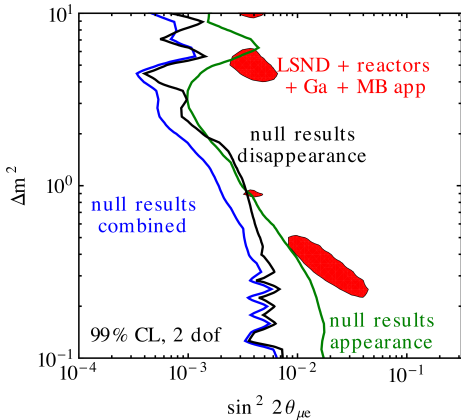
- ▶ **LSND** found $\bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e$ **oscillation** with $\Delta m^2 \sim 1\text{eV}^2$ and $\sin^2 2\theta \sim 0.003$
- ▶ MiniBoone $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$ and $\bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e$ appearance
 - ▶ No significant excess at high energies ($\bar{E} > 475$ MeV)
 - ▶ Unexplained events at low energies, interpretation as oscillations similar to LSND: $\Delta m^2 \sim 1\text{eV}^2$
- ▶ Gallium Anomaly, SAGE and GALLEX event rates lower than expected, can be explained by ν_e disappearance with $\Delta m^2 \geq 1\text{eV}^2$

- ▶ New reactor flux calculation (Mueller et al., 1101.2663, P. Huber, 1106.0687) 3% higher, tension in short-baseline ($L \leq 100\text{m}$) experiments, can be explained by ν_e disappearance with oscillation with $\Delta m^2 \sim 1\text{eV}^2$. **BUT!!** →

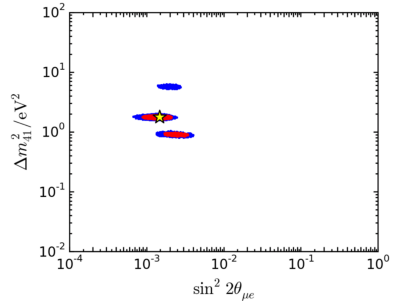


What does the World data say?

J. Kopp et al., JHEP 1305 (2013) 050



G. Collins et al., arXiv: 1602.00671

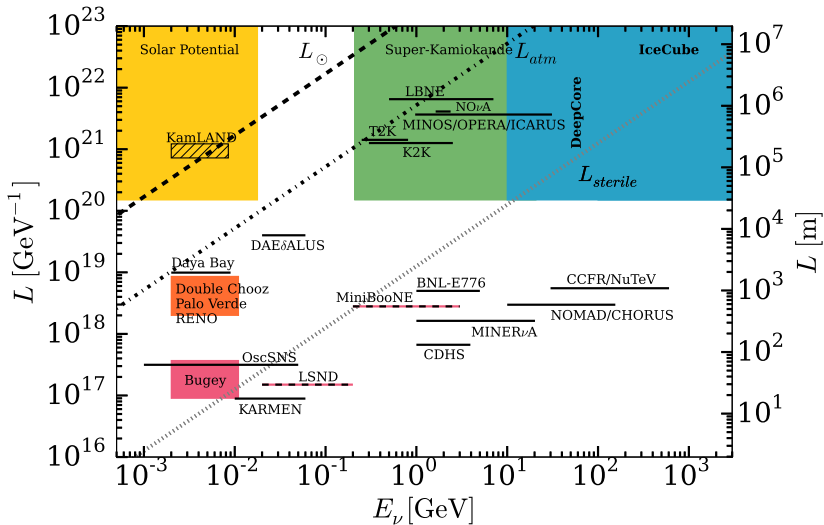


On updated fits solutions remain...

tension between experiments

We need new measurements!

Experiments: $L_{\text{osc}} = 2\pi \frac{E}{\Delta m^2} \mid \Delta m_{\text{LSND}}^2 = 1 \text{eV}^2$



[modified from J.S. Diaz and V.A. Kostelecky, Phys.Lett. B700, 25 (2011)]

Matter effects: Mikheyev-Smirnov-Wolfenstein

$$P_{\nu_\alpha \rightarrow \nu_\alpha} = 1 - \sin^2 2\theta_M \sin^2 \left(\frac{\Delta m_M^2 L}{4E_\nu} \right)$$

where θ_M and Δm_M^2 satisfy

$$\Delta m_M^2 = \sqrt{(\Delta m^2 \cos 2\theta - A)^2 + (\Delta m^2 \sin 2\theta)^2}$$
$$\tan 2\theta_M = \frac{\tan 2\theta}{1 - \frac{A}{\Delta m^2 \cos 2\theta}}$$

and $A = \pm 2\sqrt{2}EG_F N$, N number density. Resonant flavor transition can happen if

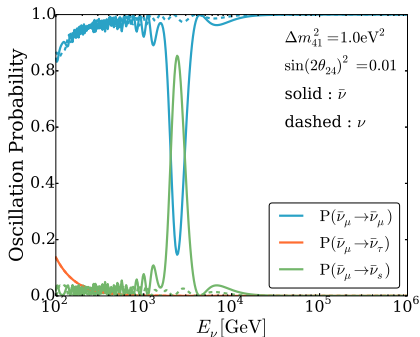
$$E_\nu^{res} = \mp \cos 2\theta \frac{\Delta m^2}{2N} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}G_F}$$

this resonance can enhance the transition between active and sterile neutrinos.

MSW with the Sterile Neutrino at Earth

In the **Earth**, sterile neutrino with **small mixing** and $\Delta m^2 = O(1\text{eV}^2)$ the resonance happens when

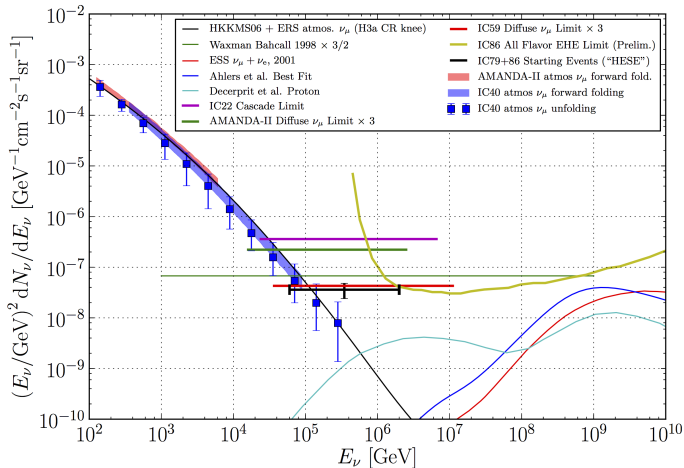
$$E_\nu^{res} = \frac{\Delta m^2 \cos 2\theta}{2\sqrt{2}G_F N} \sim O(\text{TeV})$$



M.V. Chizhov, S.T. Petcov. Phys.Rev. D63 (2001) 073003
H. Nunokawa et al. Phys.Lett. B562 (2003) 279-290
Barger et al., Phys.Rev. D85:011302, (2012)
Arman Esmaili et al. JCAP 1211 (2012) 041

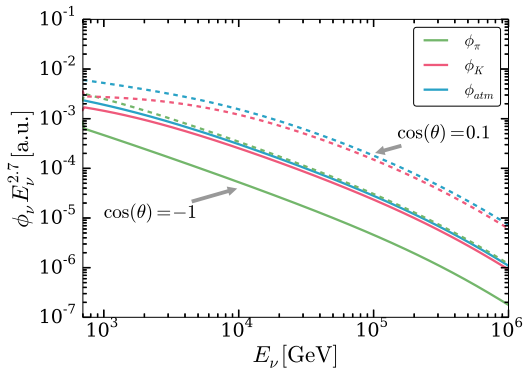
MSW with the Sterile Neutrino at Earth

- ▶ TeV is in the center of the atmospheric data.
- ▶ Other experiments are not sensitive at this energies.



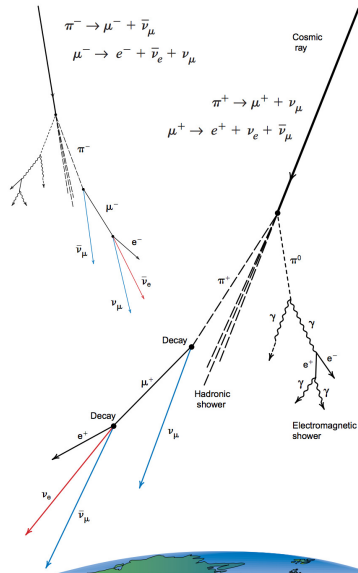
The **initial** atmospheric neutrino flux

The **conventional atmospheric neutrino (muon) flux** originates from the decay of π^\pm and K^\pm in the atmosphere.



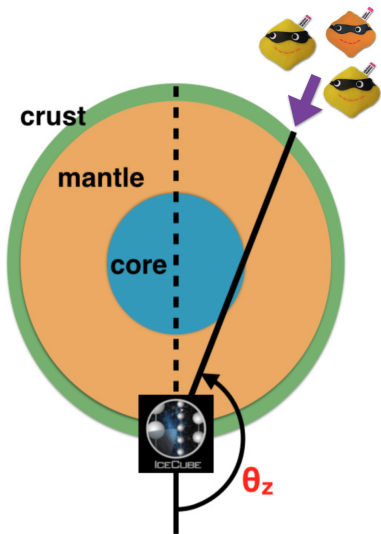
[Honda et al., Phys.Rev.D75:043006 (2007)]

[Louis et al., Los Alamos Science Number 25 (1997)]



Neutrinos through the Earth

The muon neutrinos come from different zenith angles (θ_z) transversing different Earth layers



core :

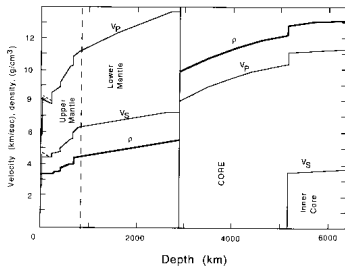
$$\cos \theta_z \sim [-1, -0.8]$$

mantle :

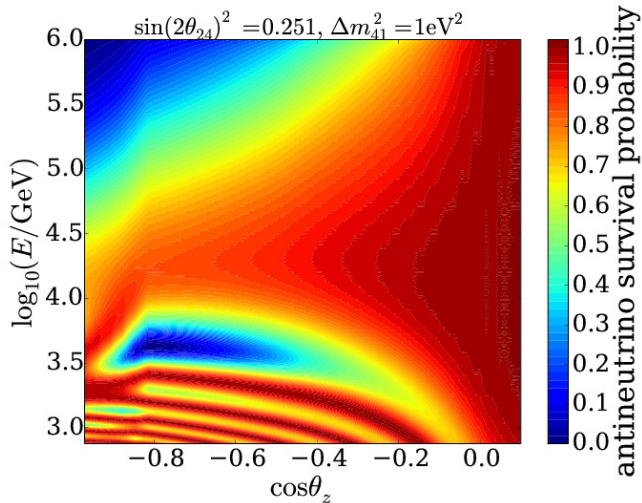
$$\cos \theta_z \sim [-0.8, -0.1]$$

crust :

$$\cos \theta_z > -0.1$$



3+1 Oscillogram



[Carlos Argüelles, J.S., C. Weaver. *SQuIDS*, CPC 2015.06.022.]

<https://github.com/jsalvado/SQuIDS>

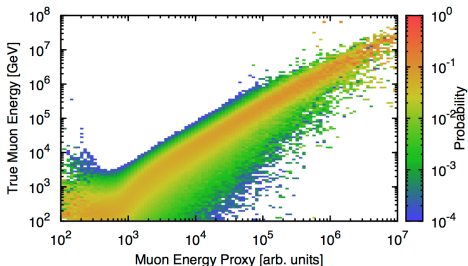
<https://github.com/arguelles/nuSQuIDS>



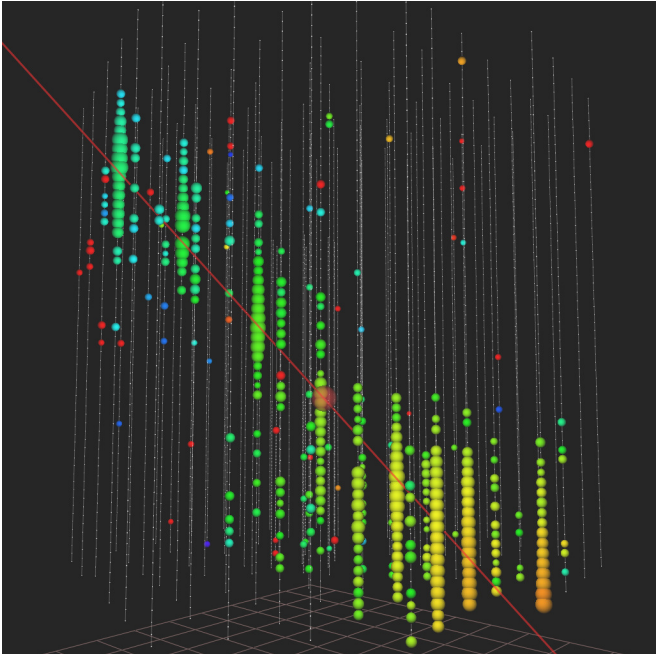
IceCube data set

We perform search using one year of **up-going** IceCube-86 **high energy** ν_μ data (Energy Range : 400 GeV to 20 TeV).

- ▶ Based on IC-86 diffuse astrophysical search cut-based event selection. [see arXiv:1507.04005, PRL 115, 081102 (2015)]
- ▶ Number of events ~ 20000 .
- ▶ Spans a zenith range from -1 to 0.2 in $\cos\theta_z$.
- ▶ 99% ν_μ purity.
- ▶ **Blind Analysis**

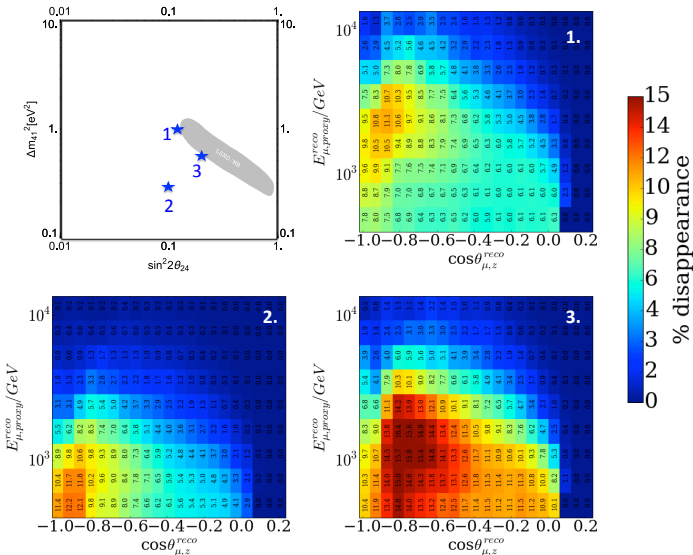


Muon event in IceCube



The Signal!

Signal in reconstructed quantities for three points in the parameter space.



Systematics!

Systematics are **very** important; *some more than others*. This are the systematics we considered:

- ▶ DOM efficiency
- ▶ Flux continuous parameters
 - ▶ spectral index
 - ▶ π/K ratio
 - ▶ $\nu/\bar{\nu}$ ratio
- ▶ Air shower hadronic models
- ▶ Primary cosmic ray fluxes
- ▶ Hole Ice
- ▶ Neutrino cross sections
- ▶ Bulk ice scattering/absorption
- ▶ Earth model

continuous systematics
discrete systematic



Important

Not important

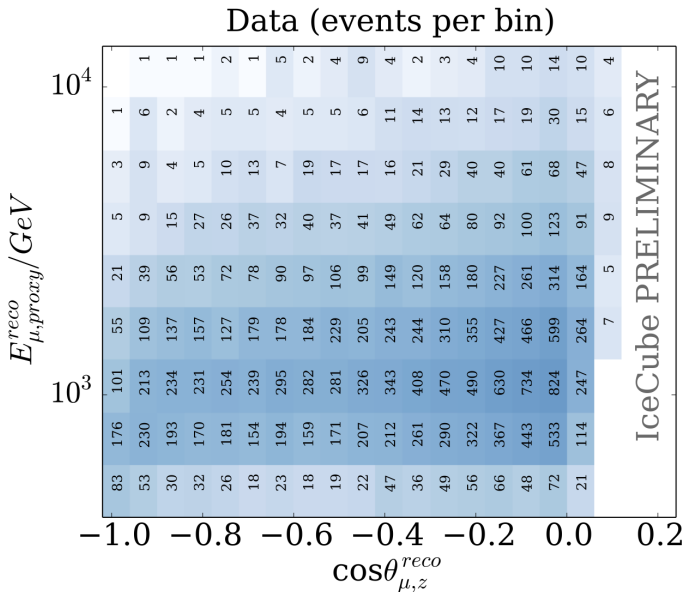
Flux Systematics!

We parametrize the atmospheric flux with the following systematics parameters

$$\phi_{atm}(\cos \theta, E_\nu) = N_0 \mathcal{F}(\delta) \left(\phi_K(\cos \theta, E_\nu) + R_{\pi/K} \phi_\pi(\cos \theta, E_\nu) \right) \times E_\nu^{-\Delta\gamma}$$

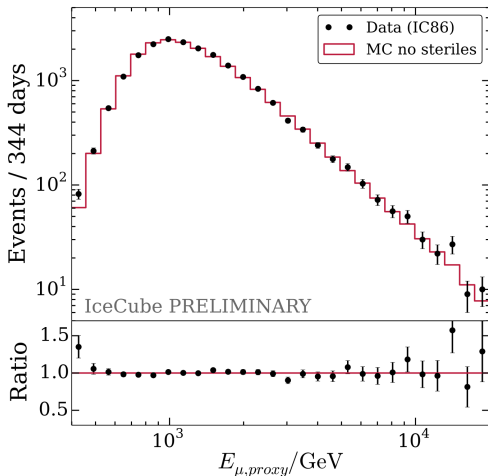
- ▶ Flux normalization (N_0): no prior.
- ▶ Atmospheric flux slope ($\Delta\gamma$): gaussian prior (0.,0.05).
- ▶ Pion/Kaon ratio ($R_{\pi/K}$): gaussian prior (1.0,0.1).
- ▶ atmospheric density uncertainty (δ): gaussian prior (0,0.05).
- ▶ $\nu/\bar{\nu}$ ratio: gaussian prior (1.,0.05).

1 year IC-86 data



How the fit looks

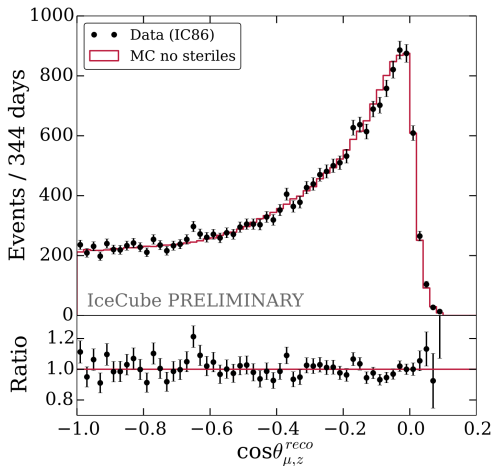
- ▶ We fitted the null hypothesis (no steriles) using the central sets (no variants) on the full 2D sample space.
- ▶ Blindness is preserved by only looking at projections.
- ▶ We recover a good fit and sensible nuisance parameters.



Parameter	Value	Prior
Normalization	1.02	No Prior
$\Delta\gamma$	0.05	G(0.,0.05)
DO Meff	0.985	No Prior
π/K	1.10	G(1.,0.1)
$\nu/\bar{\nu}$	1.0	G(1.,0.05)
δ	0.001	G(0.,0.05)

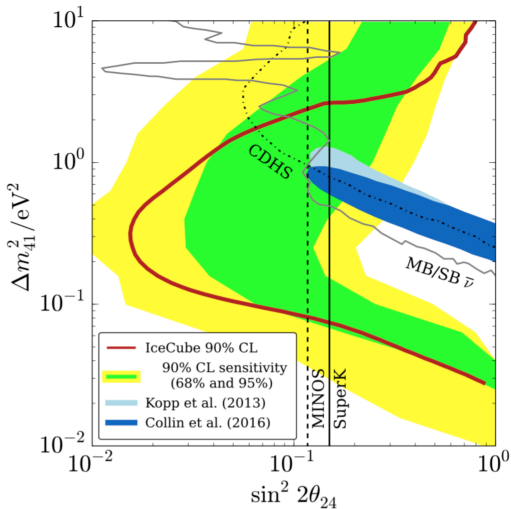
How the fit looks

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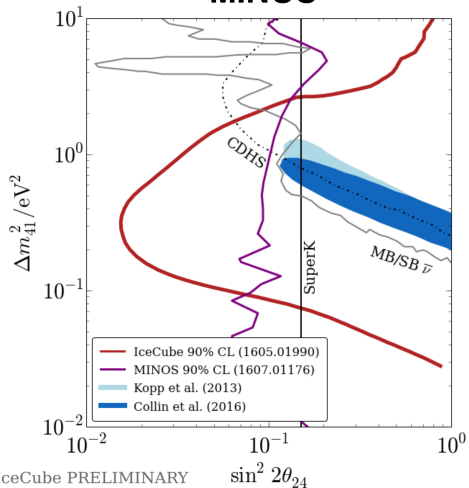
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π/K	1.10	G(1.,0.1)
$\nu/\bar{\nu}$	1.0	G(1.,0.05)
δ	0.001	G(0.,0.05)

Main result!



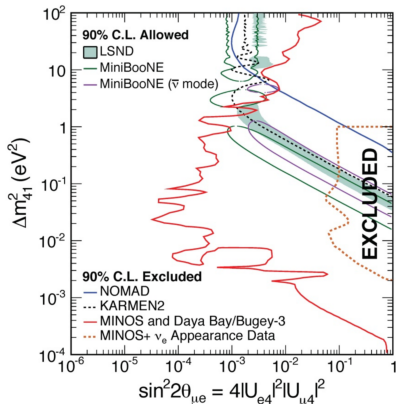
Other new results from *Neutrino2016*

MINOS



IceCube PRELIMINARY

MINOS+Daya Bay



arXiv:1607.01176,1607.01177

Conclusions about the IceCube Sterile search

- ▶ The IceCube result excludes the main LSDN region at 99% CL.
- ▶ The tension is growing for the $3+1$ $O(\text{eV})$ sterile neutrinos, but still the upper part survives.
- ▶ IceCube has more years of data to be analyzed and other experiments are in progress.

Questions About the Conclusions

- ▶ Is the anomaly “new physics”?
- ▶ The new IceCube result seems to point to **NO**.

What do we need?

- ▶ Is there a $O(eV)$ (3+1) sterile? we need to be quantitative about the tension: **today we know is 0.4×10^{-4}** Global analysis talk by **Joachim**.

Can we accommodate all(or only IceCube with other positive)?

- ▶ May be is not $O(eV)$ (3+1):
 - ▶ **X** More light Steriles: The neutrino matter effects behind the IceCube power are well established and any oscillation physics with $O(eV)$ masses would be potentially detectable.
 - ▶ **✓** Some other new physics hides the IceCube signal.
Using NSI *Phys.Rev.Lett.* **117** (2016) no.7, 071802 *Jiajun Liao, et al.*
 - ▶ **✓** Decay of heavy steriles $O(KeV)$, IceCube bound not relevant since there is not matter effect enhancement.
JHEP **0509** (2005) 048 *Sergio Palomares, et al.*
Phys.Rev. **D93** (2016) no.7, 073004 *Yang Bai, et al.*
- ▶ We still need more experiments!

Don't forget the second new physics extension (n -powers of E)

$$H = \frac{1}{2E} UM^2 U^\dagger + V_m + \sum_n \left(\frac{E}{\Lambda_n} \right)^n \tilde{U}_n O_n \tilde{U}_n^\dagger$$

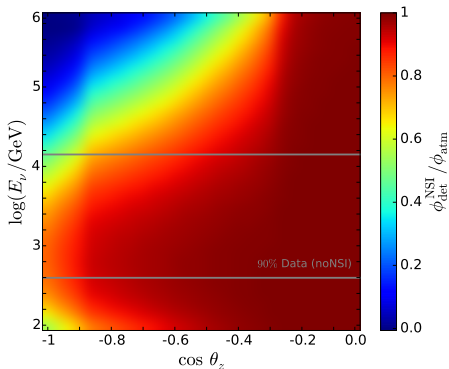
- ▶ $O_n = \text{diag}(O_{n,1}, O_{n,2}, O_{n,3})$
- ▶ $V_m = \text{diag}(V_e, 0, 0)$
- ▶ $\Delta = \text{diag}(\Delta_1, \Delta_2, \Delta_3)$

O_n and Λ_n set the scale of the new physics.

Non-Standard Interactions (NSI) $n = 0$ with ordinary matter

$$H = \frac{1}{2E_\nu} UM^2 U^\dagger + V_m + \sum_f V_f \varepsilon^{fV}$$

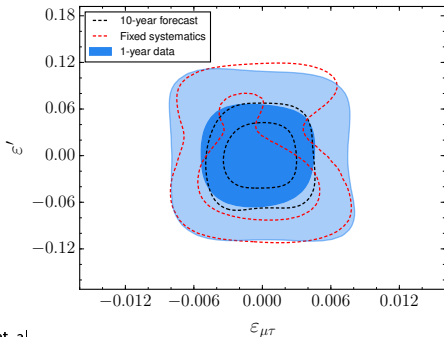
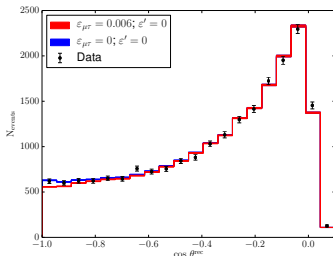
- ▶ $V_m = \text{diag}(V_e, 0, 0)$
- ▶ $\varepsilon_{\alpha\beta} \propto \sum \frac{n_f}{n_d}$
- ▶ IceCube is more sensitive to the $\mu\tau$ sector.
- ▶ The effect is proportional to the density crossing the earth
- ▶ The plot shows the ratio between the final and initial flux



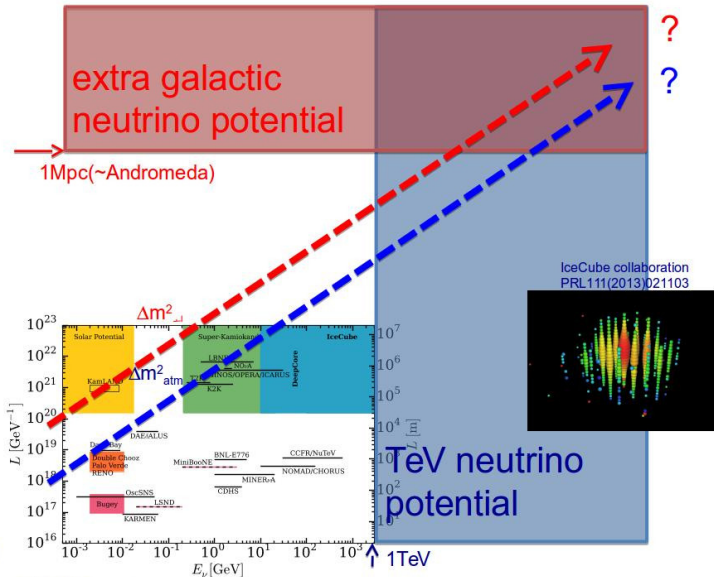
Non-Standard Interactions (NSI) $n = 0$ with ordinary matter

With the Atmospheric neutrinos (sterile DATA)

- ▶ Effect on the zenith distribution.
- ▶ The IceCube atmospheric data gives the strongest bound in the $\varepsilon_{\mu\tau}$ sector.



Wouldn't be great to use astrophysical ν !??



New Physics with Astrophysical Neutrinos

$$H = \frac{1}{2E} UM^2U^\dagger + V_m + \sum_n \left(\frac{E}{\Lambda_n} \right)^n \tilde{U}_n O_n \tilde{U}_n^\dagger$$

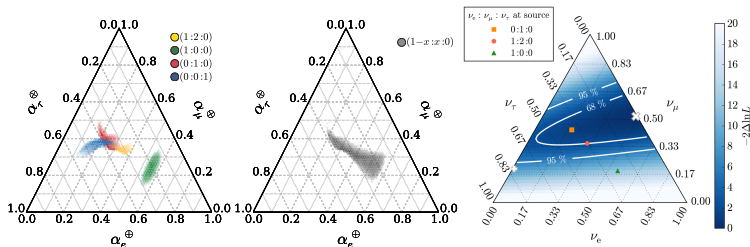
- ▶ High energy (PeV) and long propagation distance (Mpc) enhance the effect
- ▶ But we don't know the spectrum at the source

n	New Physics	Current Bound From SK and IC-atm
0	CPT-odd Lorentz Violation Coupling space time torsion Non Standard Neutrino Interactions	$O_0 < 10^{-23} \text{ GeV}$
1	CPT-even Lorentz Violation Violation of the equivalence principle	$O_1/\Lambda_1 < 10^{-27}$

New Physics with Astrophysical Neutrinos

$$H = \frac{1}{2E} UM^2U^\dagger + V_m + \sum_n \left(\frac{E}{\Lambda_n}\right)^n \tilde{U}_n O_n \tilde{U}_n^\dagger$$

- ▶ High energy (PeV) and long propagation distance (Mpc) enhance the effect
- ▶ But we don't know the spectrum at the source
- ▶ The flavor content may be the answer

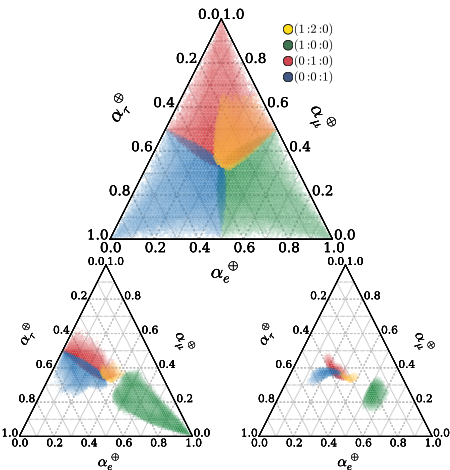


Phys.Rev.Lett. 115 (2015) 161303

(I.C. Col.) Phys. Rev. Lett. 114, 171102

(Olga Mena et al. Phys.Rev.Lett. 113 (2014) 091103

Astrophysical neutrinos effect



- ▶ Top Value at the Current Bound
Already maximal effect!
- ▶ Bottom-Left $O(10^{-3})$ times the Current Bound
Potentially measurable
- ▶ Bottom-Right $O(10^{-5})$ times the Current Bound
- ▶ Source information is preserved.

Conclusions

- ▶ IceCube put the **strongest constrain** in the relevant light **sterile neutrino** parameter space. (There is more data and other experiments!)
- ▶ The resonance between **oscillation frequency** and the **matter potential** is behind the strength of IceCube: May be is **not an oscillation!** (Ex: decay,...)
- ▶ **More IceCube data together with other experiment may solve this**
- ▶ **From the sterile technology:** High energy atmospheric neutrinos may constrain other BSM physics (NSI, Lorentz Violation, ...).
- ▶ **The flavor triangle matters!** The flavor content may explore new physics even not knowing the source. About **three orders of magnitude!** improvement.
- ▶ **Astrophysics flavor** information is relatively **preserved**.
- ▶ **Great near future:** Several years of data are already there to be analyzed, IceCube extensions and other experiments are planed.

¡Thanks!