

Neutral Naturalness

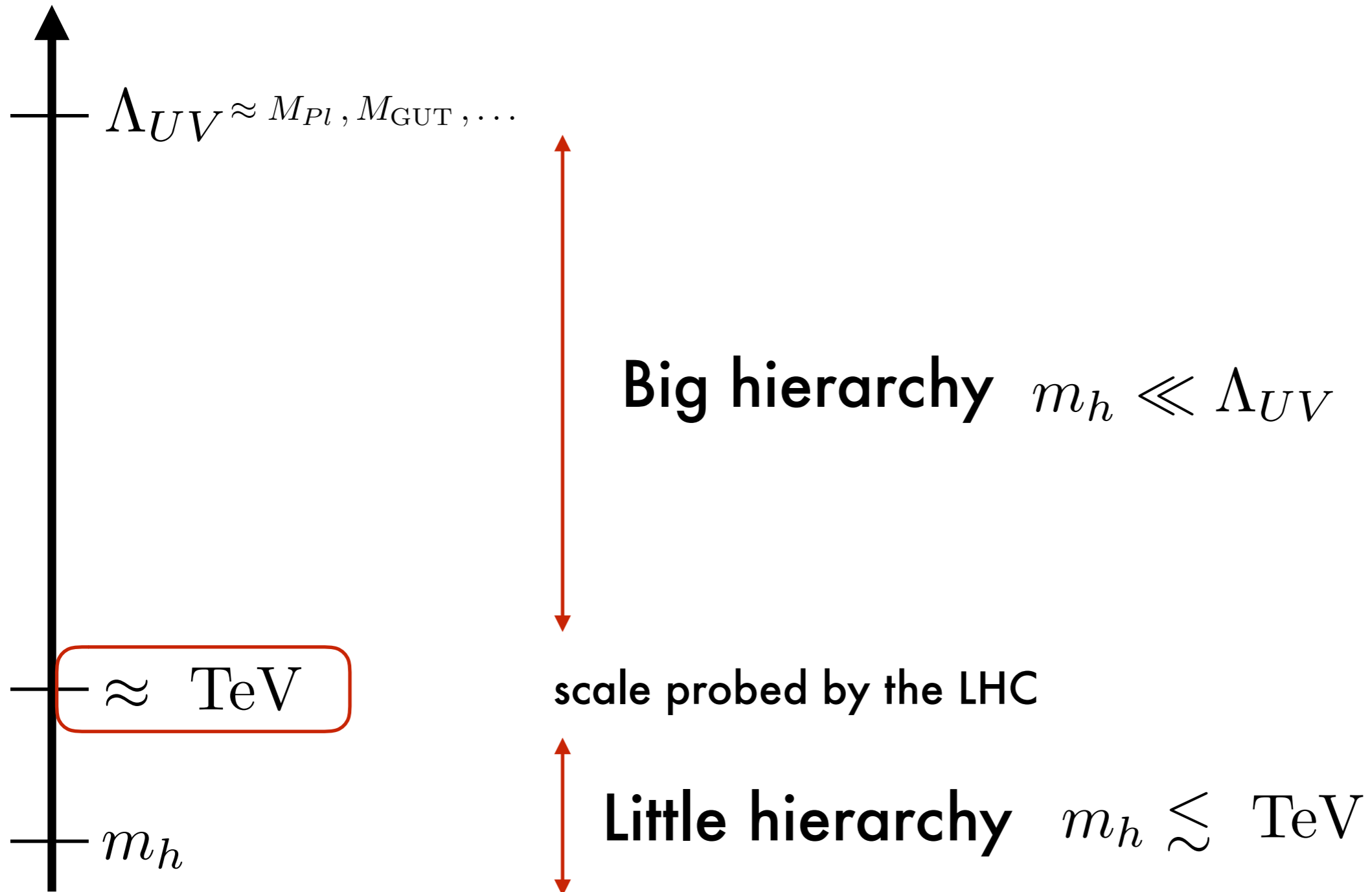


Diego Redigolo



@ VUB 12/06/2017

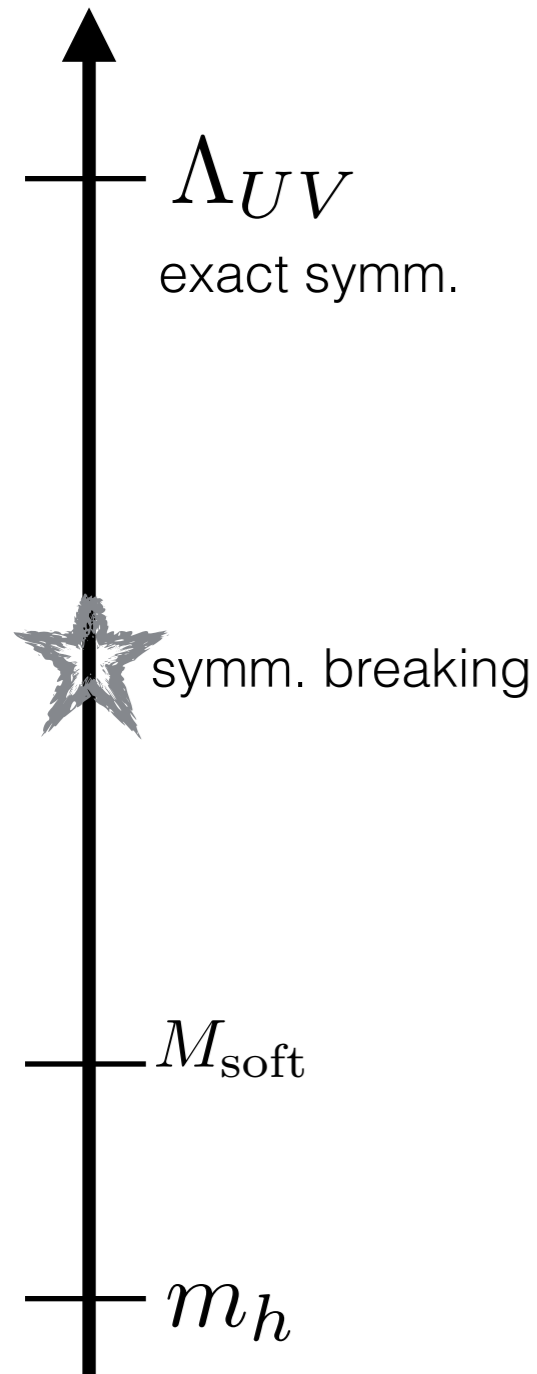
What do we mean by Neutral Naturalness?



Symmetries



Colored top-partners



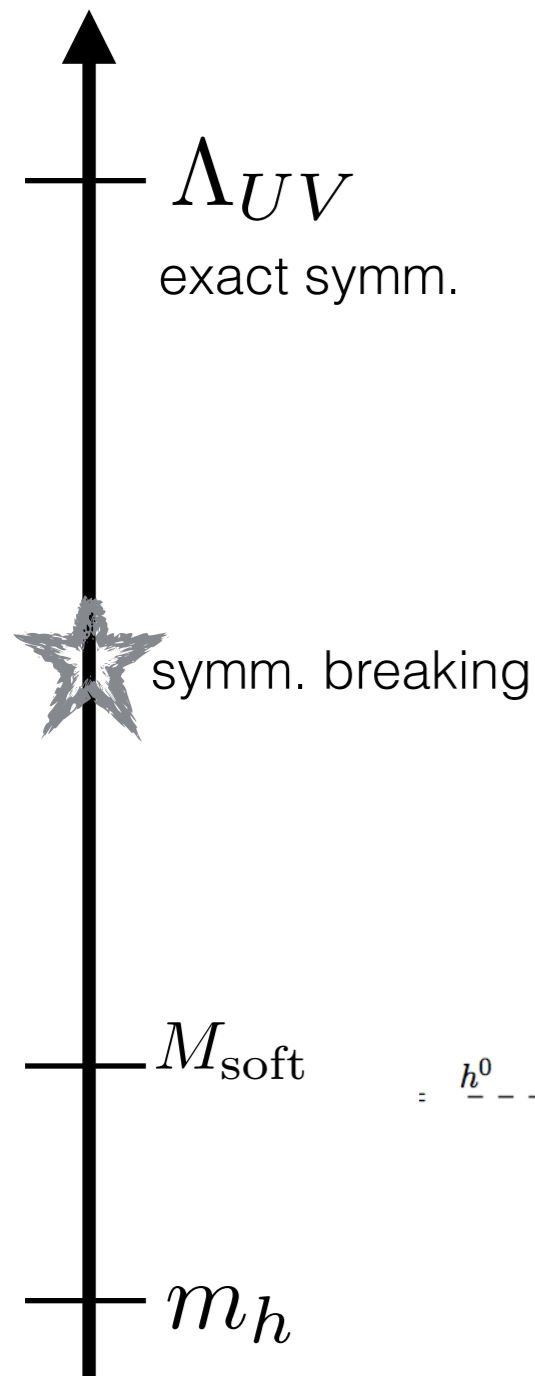
$$m_h \ll \Lambda_{UV}$$

the Higgs potential is generated
after the *soft breaking* of an EXACT symmetry
of the Lagrangian

Symmetries



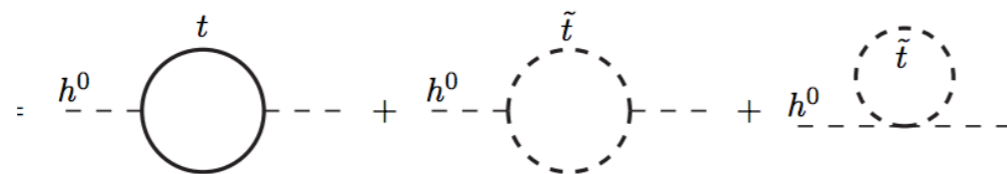
Colored top-partners



$m_h \ll \Lambda_{UV}$

the Higgs potential is generated
after the *soft breaking* of an EXACT symmetry
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SUSY

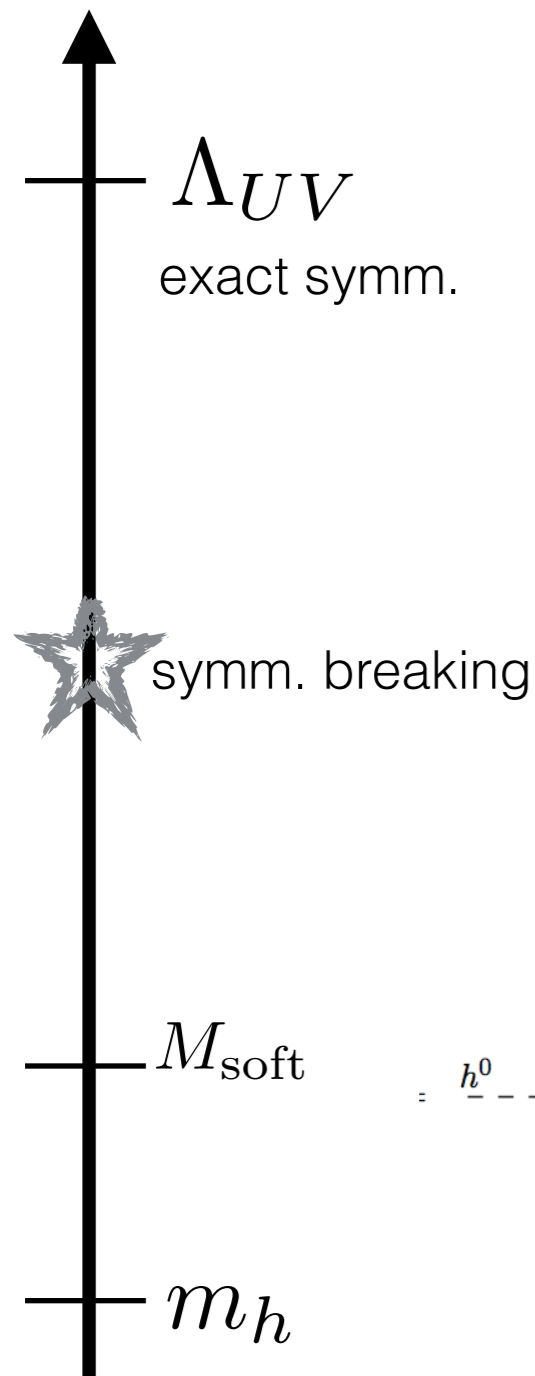


stops enter @ 1-loop

Symmetries



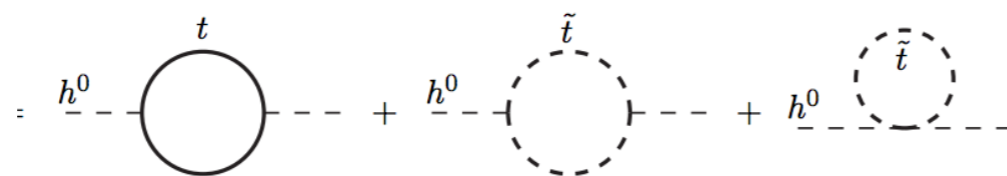
Colored top-partners



$m_h \ll \Lambda_{UV}$

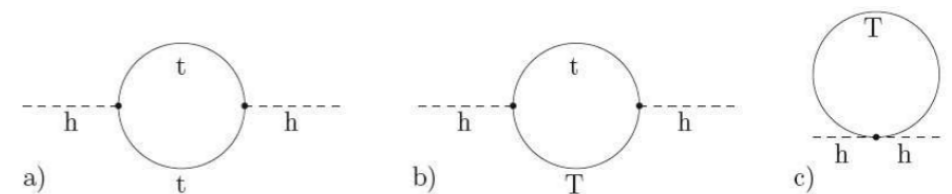
the Higgs potential is generated after the *soft breaking* of an EXACT symmetry of the Lagrangian

SUSY



stops enter @ 1-loop

Partial Compositeness



top-partners enter @ 1-loop

Symmetries



Colored top-partners



$m_h \ll \Lambda_{UV}$

The Higgs UV sensitivity is cut-off by the top partners masses

$$\delta m_h^2 = \Delta m_h^2 \approx \frac{3y_t^2}{4\pi^2} M_{\text{soft}}^2 \times \log \frac{\Lambda_{UV}}{M_{\text{soft}}}$$

Definition of Fine tuning

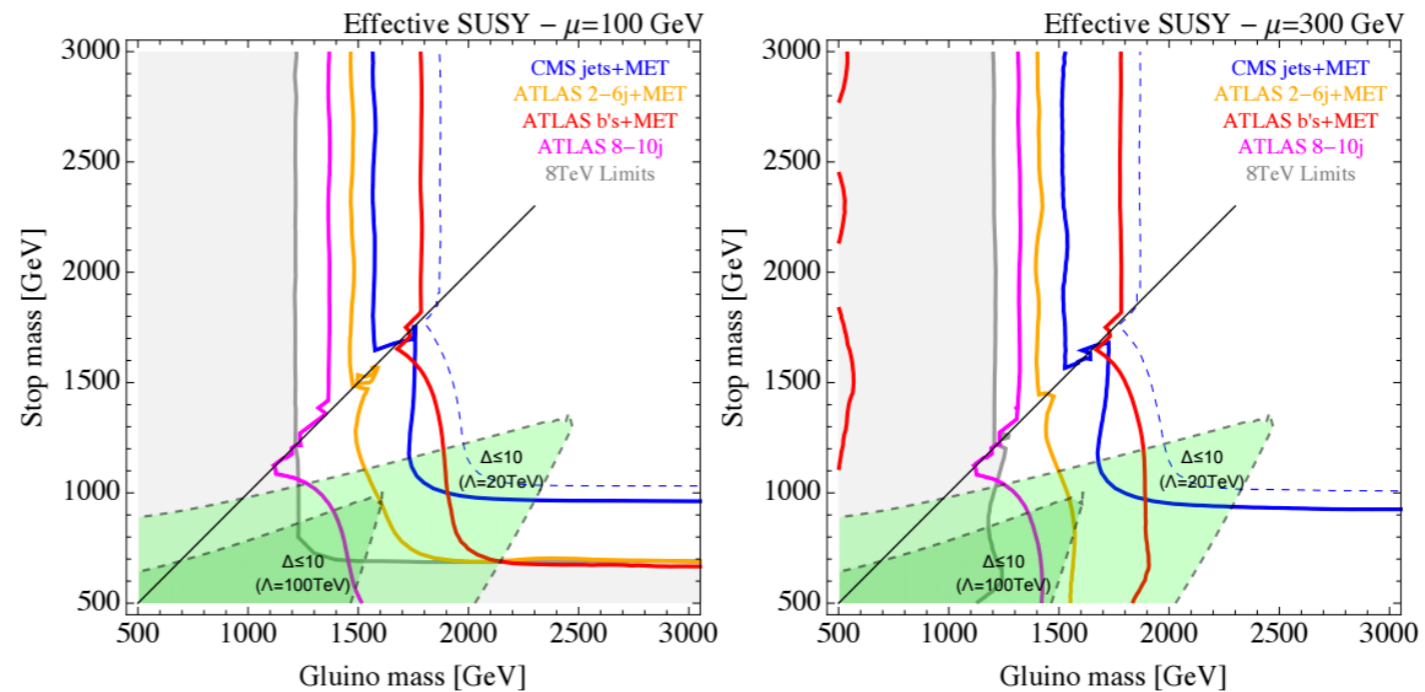
↓

Upper bound on the top partners masses

$$M_{\text{soft}}^2 \lesssim \frac{2\pi^2}{3y_t^2} \frac{\Delta m_h^2}{\log \frac{\Lambda_{UV}}{M_{\text{soft}}}}$$

Where do we expect Color Partner to be?

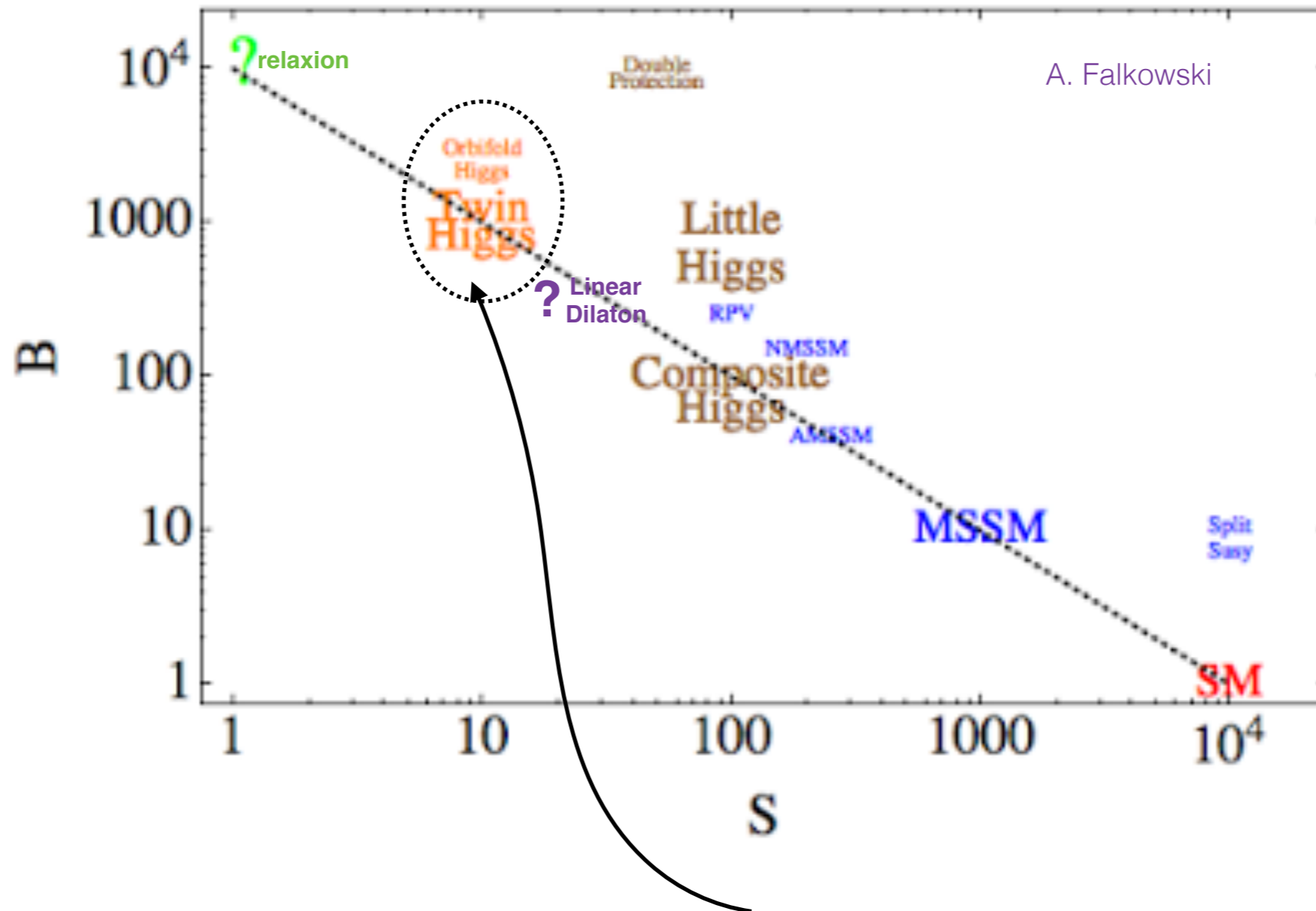
$$M_{\text{soft}}^2 \lesssim \frac{2\pi^2}{3y_t^2} \frac{\Delta m_h^2}{\log \frac{\Lambda_{UV}}{M_{\text{soft}}}} \approx (500 \text{ GeV})^2 \times \frac{\Delta}{10} \times \frac{4}{\log}$$



D. Shih et al. 1610.08059

TUNING 10% (almost) EXCLUDED BY LHC?

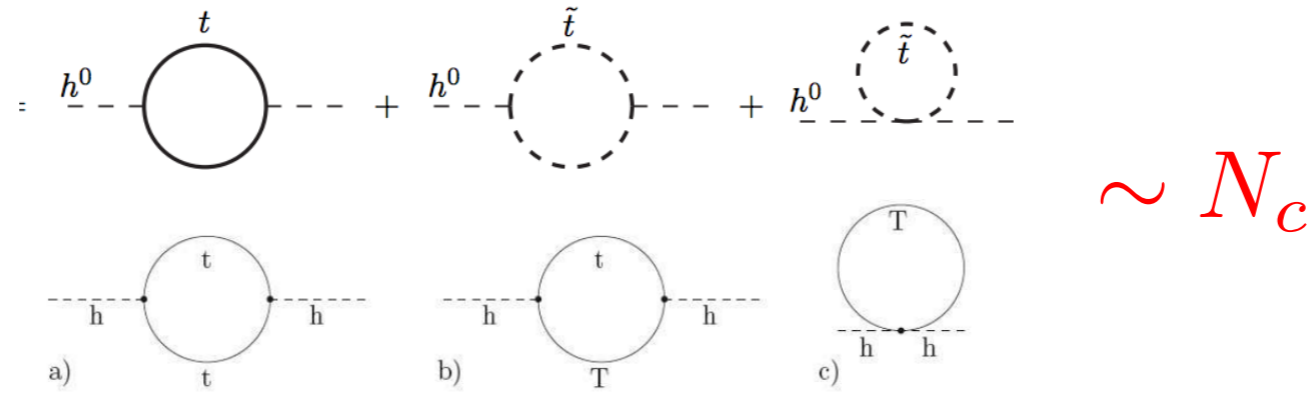
Have we written down all the Natural theories?



can we still live in a 10% tuned world and be OK with the LHC?

The rough idea...

@ 1-loop:



Can we solve the little hierarchy problem
with N_c uncolored top-partners?

The SM Higgs is the PGB of an
accidental global symmetry
enforced by a **discrete symmetry**
which
does **NOT COMMUTE** with **COLOR**

THE TWIN HIGGS:

Z. Chacko, H.S. Goh and R. Harnik
0506256

$$Z_2 : SU(3) \rightarrow SU(3)'$$

FOLDED SUSY:

G. Burdman, Z. Chacko, H.S. Goh and
R. Harnik 0609152

$$Z_2^R : SU(3) \rightarrow SU(3)'$$

...

more complicated discrete groups

N. Craig, S. Knapen, P. Longhi
1410.6808, 1411.7393

Accidents



Neutral Naturalness



*Lets take the Twin Higgs
as a benchmark scenario...*

**Advantages:
fully calculable 4d setup**

Minimal Recipe

Double SM gauge fields, Higgs and tops

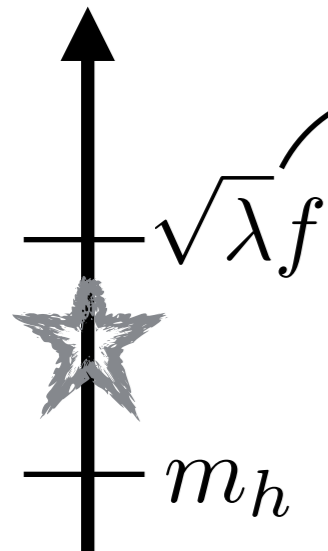
$$\begin{aligned} G_{\text{SM}} &\longrightarrow G_{\text{SM}}^A \times G_{\text{SM}}^B \\ H, Q_3, U_3 &\longrightarrow \underbrace{H_A, Q_{3A}, U_{3A}}_{\text{visible sector}} + \underbrace{H_B, Q_{3B}, U_{3B}}_{\text{“dark” sector: neutral under SM!}} \end{aligned}$$

Z_2 exchange symmetry: $H_A \longleftrightarrow H_B \dots$

Actually a double copy of the full SM gauge group is not needed

Setup I

Z_2 symm.



spontaneous breaking of the global symm.

$$\underbrace{\lambda(|H_A|^2 + |H_B|^2 - f^2)^2}_{V^{U_4}}$$

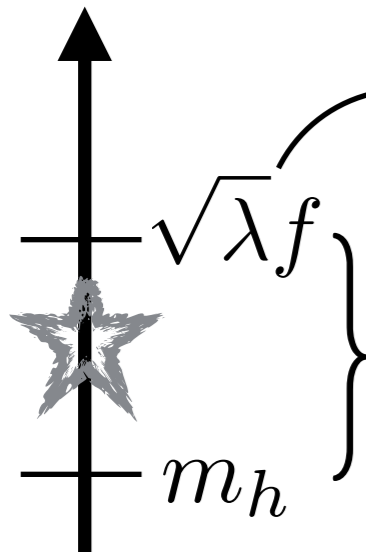
7 GB - 6 eaten = SM Higgs is a GB

+ 1 radial mode (Twin Higgs) $\sim \sqrt{\lambda}f$

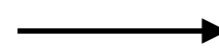
Setup II

Z_2 symm.

spontaneous breaking of the global symm.

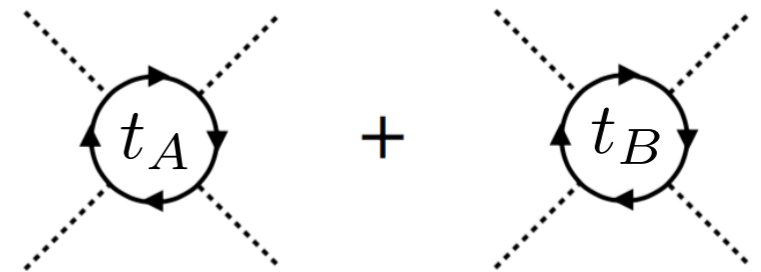


accidental global symmetry of the Higgs sector **only**



explicitly broken by the Yukawa sector!

$$y_t(H_A Q_A U_A + H_B Q_B U_B)$$



since is Z_2 -preserved:

$$\begin{array}{c} \tilde{h} \\ \text{---} \\ y_t \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ t_A \\ \text{---} \\ y_t \end{array} \tilde{h}^\dagger + \begin{array}{c} t_B \\ \text{---} \\ -y_t \\ \text{---} \\ 2f \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ \tilde{h} \\ \text{---} \\ \tilde{h}^\dagger \end{array} = 0$$

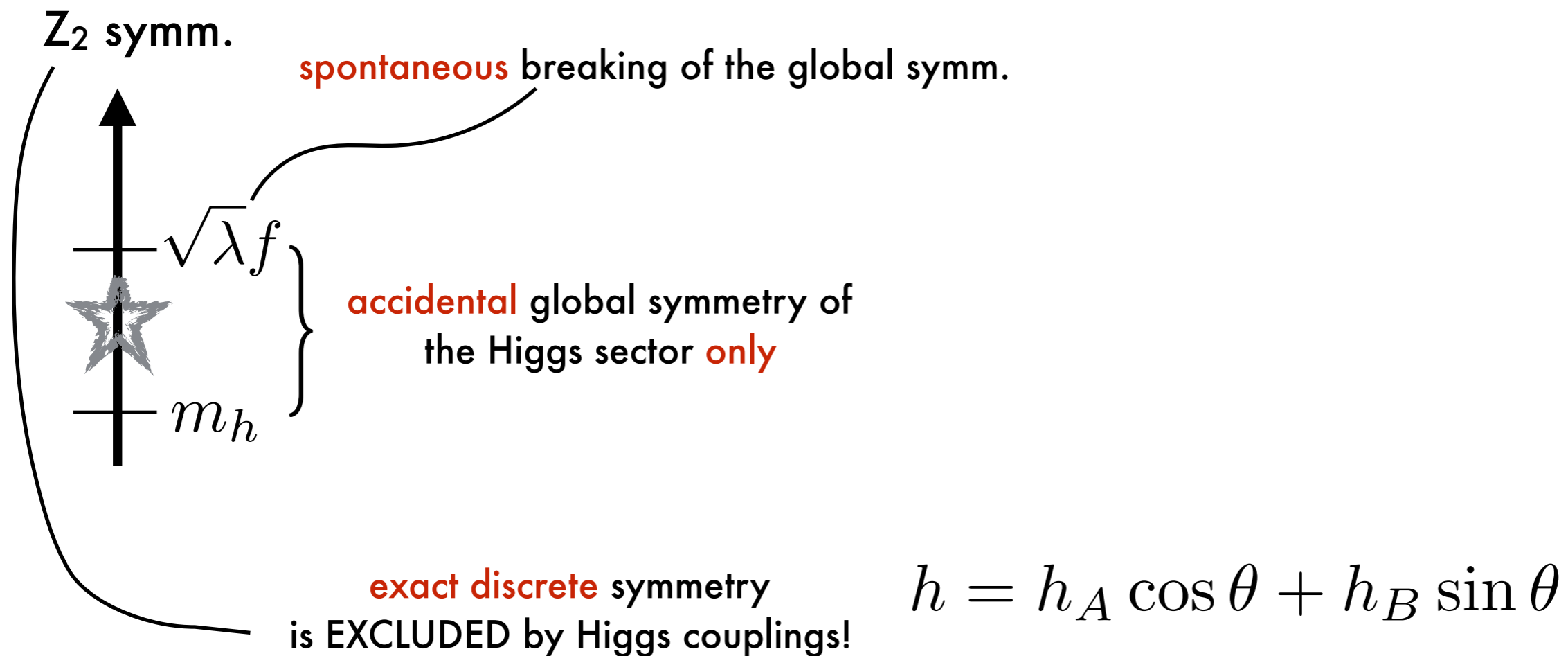
$$\underbrace{\kappa(|H_A|^4 + |H_B|^4)}_{V^{\Psi_4, Z_2}}$$

SM Higgs is a PGB

$$\kappa \sim \frac{3y_t^4}{16\pi^2} \ll \lambda$$

BUT NO COLORED PARTNERS!

Setup II



the SM Higgs cannot be 50% Dark!

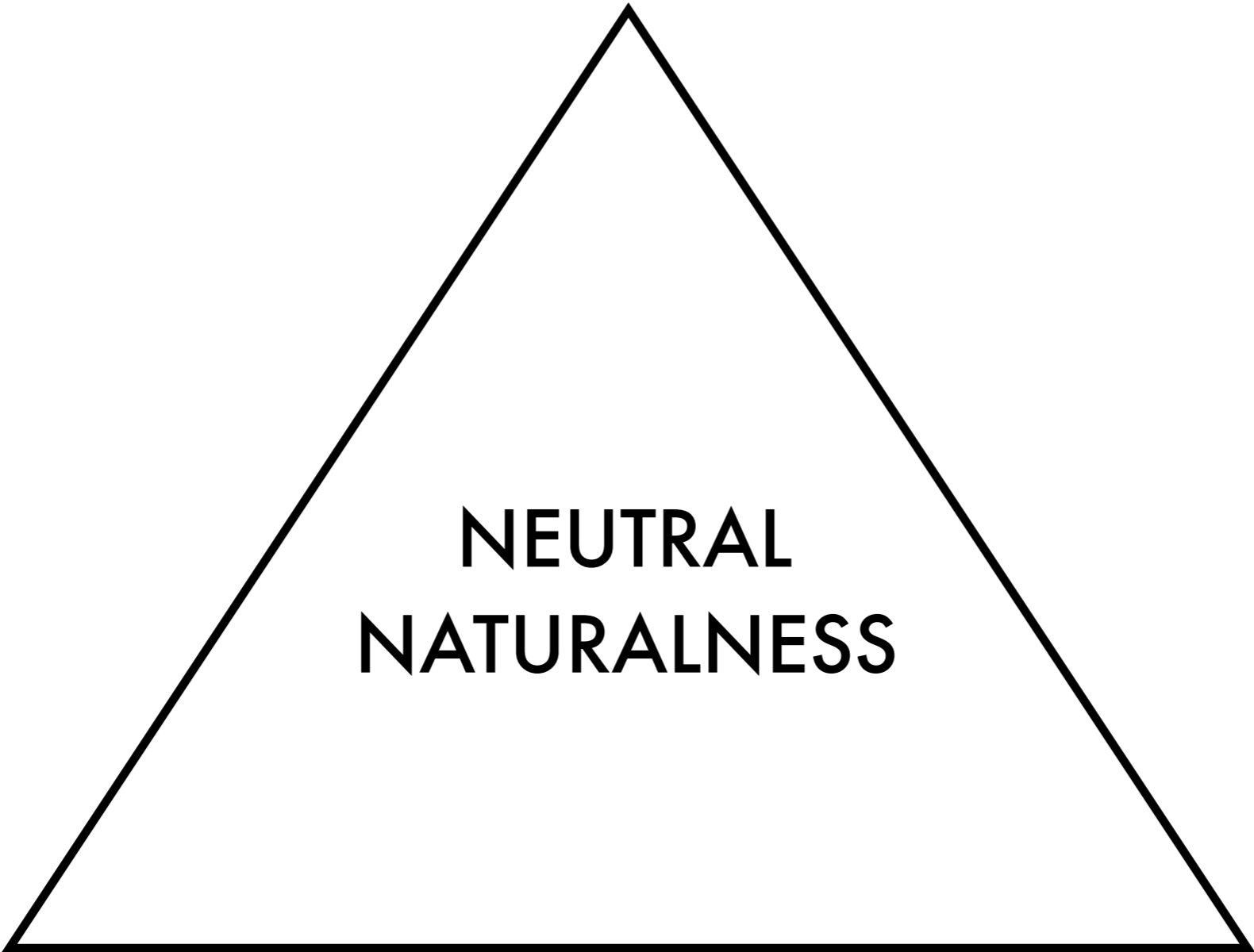
$$\underbrace{\tilde{\mu}^2 |H_A|^2 + \rho |H_A|^4}_{V^{\Psi_4, Z_2}}$$



Z_2 breaking to get:

$$\sin \theta \approx v/f < 0.4$$

UV-completions



LHC

COSMOLOGY

NEUTRAL
NATURALNESS

We still need to solve the big hierarchy problem...

Composite Twin Higgs

P. Batra, Z.Chacko 0811.0394

M.Geller,O.Telem 1411.2974

R. Barbieri, et. al. 1501.07803

M.Low, A.Tesi, L.Wang 1501.07890

R. Contino, D. Greco, R. Mahbubani, R. Rattazzi, R. Torre 1702.00797

Twin SUSY

S.Chang,L.Hall,andN.Weiner 0604076

Falkowski, S. Pokorski, M. Schmaltz 0604066

N. Craig, K. Howe 1312.1341

A. Katz, A. Mariotti, S. Pokorski, D.R., R. Ziegler 1611.08615

M. Badziak, K. Harigaya 1703.02122

Λ_{UV}

Why $\lambda f \ll \Lambda_{UV}$?



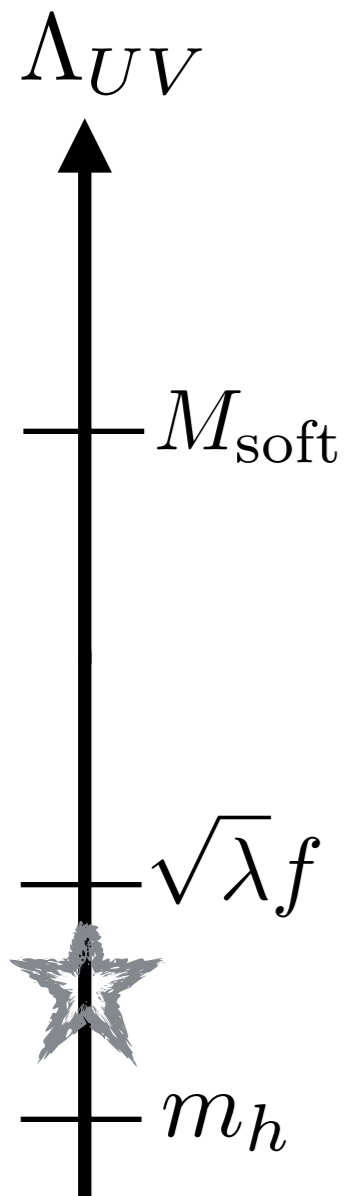
$$m_h \ll \sqrt{\lambda} f \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{\delta f^2}{f^2} = \frac{3y_t^2}{4\pi^2 \lambda} \frac{M_{\text{soft}}^2}{f^2} \times \log \frac{\Lambda_{UV}}{M_{\text{soft}}} \quad \checkmark \checkmark$$

Within a UV completed scheme we can predict the scale of colored states needed to stabilize the **accidental symmetry**

$$\Delta \approx \boxed{M_{\text{soft}}^2 / f^2} \times \boxed{f^2 / v^2}$$

The final answer depends on how Z_2 is broken



SOFT-breaking: $\times \frac{f^2}{2v^2}$ \rightarrow $M_{\text{soft}}^2 \lesssim \frac{4\pi^2}{3y_t^2} \times \frac{\Delta m_h^2}{\log} \times \frac{\lambda}{\lambda_{SM}}$

$$M_{\text{soft}}^2 \lesssim (3 \text{ TeV})^2 \times \frac{\Delta}{10} \times \frac{\lambda}{1} \times \frac{2}{\log}$$

$$M_{\text{soft}}^2 \lesssim (3 \text{ TeV})^2 \times \frac{\Delta}{10} \times \frac{\lambda}{1} \times \frac{2}{\log}$$

it controls how “good” is the accidental symmetry

The colored states can be out of reach at the LHC
with a good enough **accidental symmetry**

Questions for
theorist

big λ points towards a strongly coupled UV completions

how big can we take λ ?

R. Contino, D. Greco, R. Mahbubani, R. Rattazzi, R. Torre 1702.00797

Is this the best we can do?

A. Katz, A. Mariotti, S. Pokorski, D.R.

R. Ziegler 1611.08615

how big can we take λ ?

R. Contino, D. Greco, R. Mahbubani, R. Rattazzi, R. Torre 1702.00797

$$SO(N)/SO(N-1) : \quad \mu \frac{d\lambda}{d\mu} = \frac{N+8}{32\pi^2} \lambda^2$$

$N \gtrsim 8$ to get the Twin Higgs

Twin has an accidental Custodial: $SO(4)_A \times SO(4)_B$

enhanced to $SO(8)$ for $\kappa \rightarrow 0$

$$\lambda \lesssim \sqrt{2}\pi^2 \approx 14$$

One can get a similar bound looking at 2-2 scattering of composite states in an explicit CH constructions

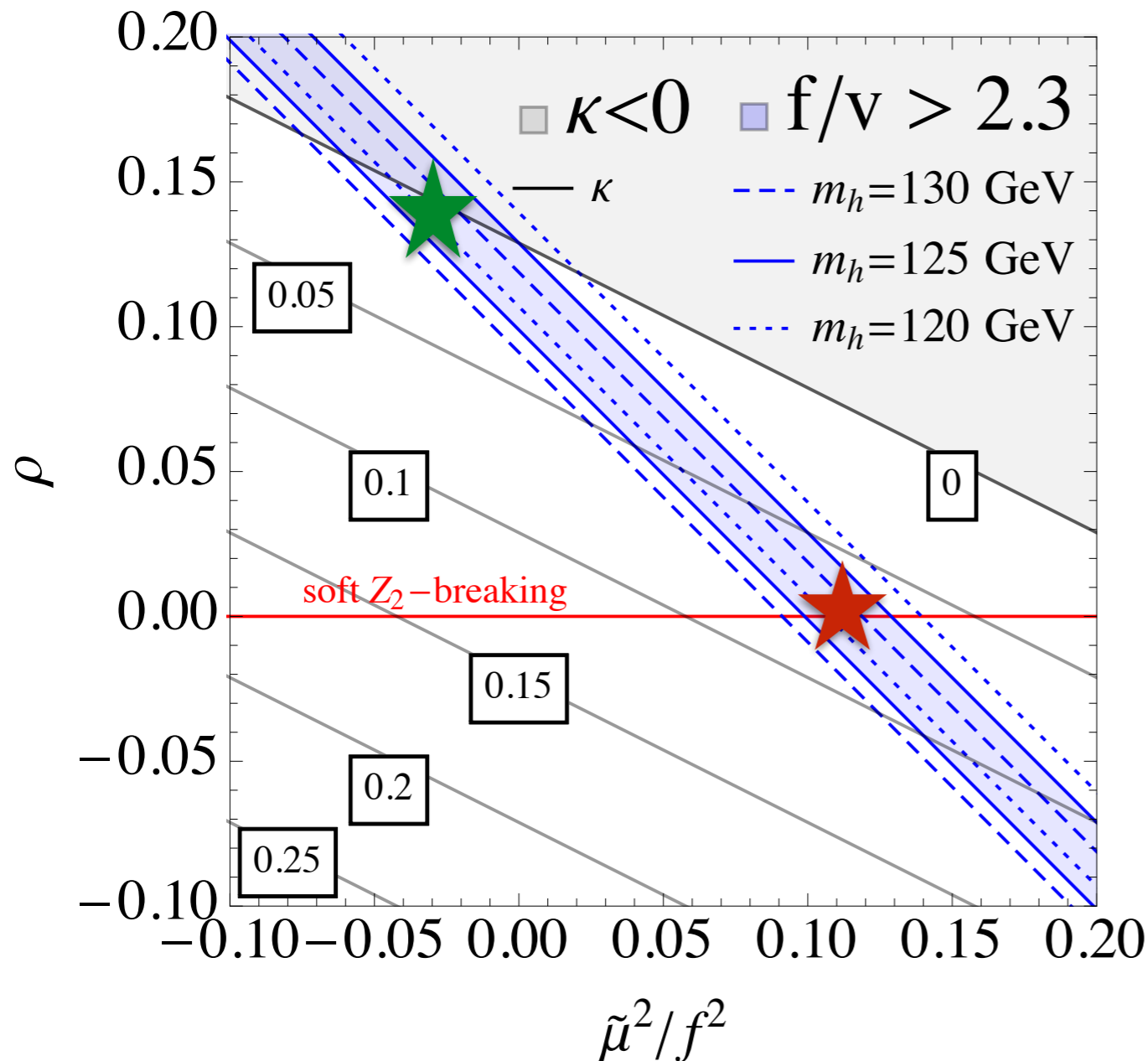
—————→ **COLORED STATES up to ~ 10 TeV**

Is this the best we can do?

$$\Delta \approx \boxed{M_{\text{soft}}^2 / f^2} \times \boxed{f^2 / v^2}$$

The final answer depends on how Z_2 is broken!

$$\frac{2v^2}{f^2} = \frac{2\kappa - \tilde{\mu}^2 / f^2}{2\kappa + \rho}$$



★ SOFT-breaking:

$$\tilde{\mu}^2 \approx 2\kappa f^2 \quad \text{to get} \quad f/v > 2.3$$

★ HARD-breaking:

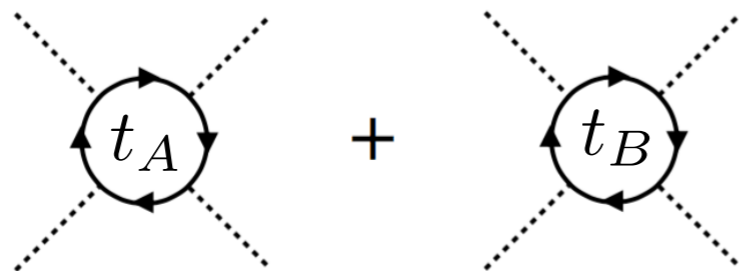
$$\text{we want } \kappa \ll \rho$$

★ “boost” of hard-breaking LIMITED BY

1 Higgs mass constraint $m_h^2 = 4v^2 (2\kappa + \rho)$

$$M_{\text{soft}}^2 \lesssim \frac{4\pi^2}{3y_t^2} \frac{\Delta m_h^2}{\log} \frac{\lambda}{\lambda_{SM}} \times \frac{m_h^2}{8\kappa v^2}$$

2 IR contributions to κ from top-loops



R. Contino, D. Greco, R. Mahbubani, R. Rattazzi, R. Torre 1702.00797

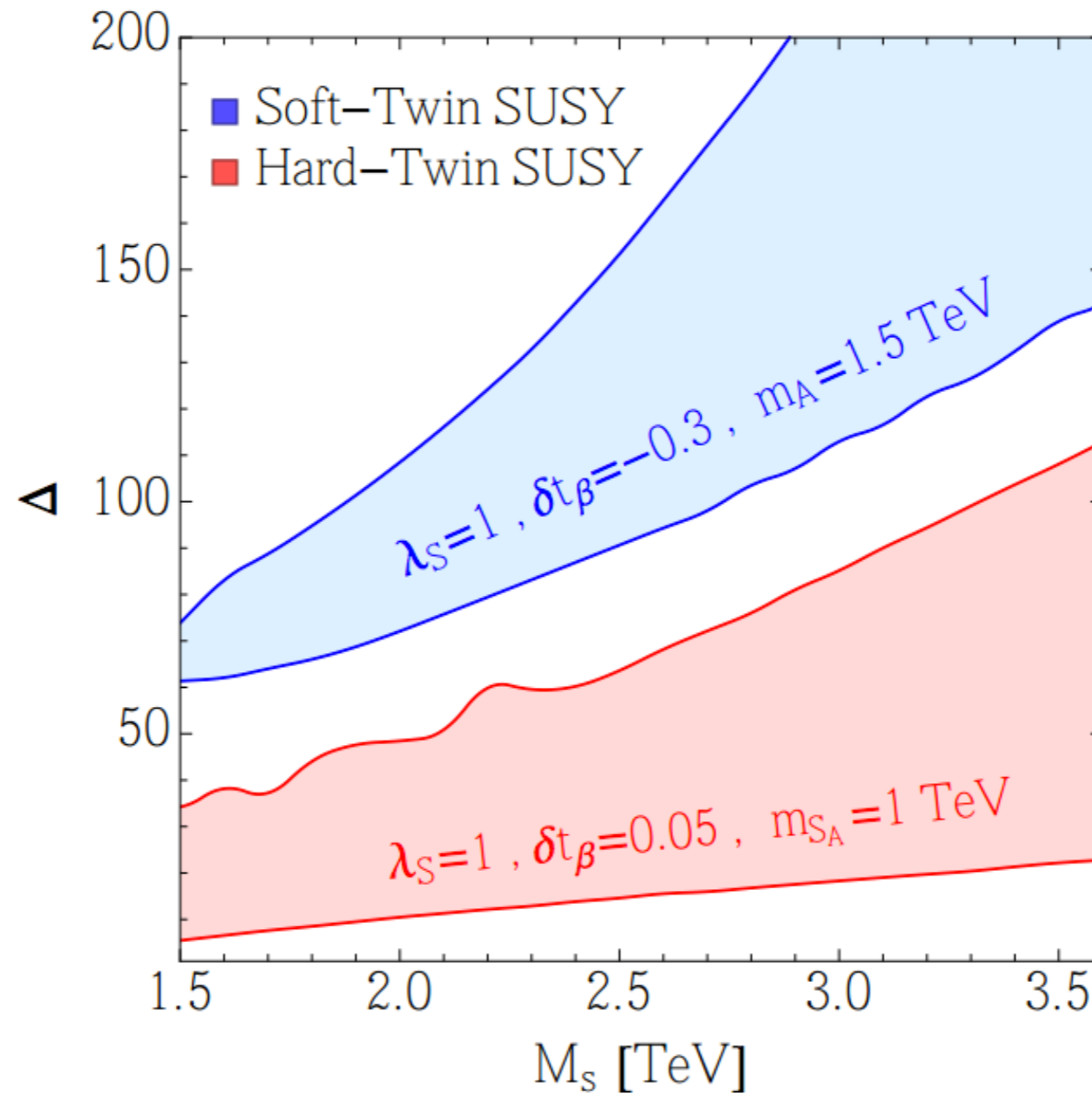
D. Greco, K. Mimouni 1609.05922

$$\frac{m_h^2}{8\kappa v^2} \sim 3$$

HOWEVER in concrete perturbative models
the Higgs mass can be smaller than in C.H. (tree level mixing etc..)

HARD Z_2 -breaking in Twin SUSY

A. Katz, A. Mariotti, S. Pokorski, D.R. R. Ziegler 1611.08615



$\Delta \sim 10\%$ in a perturbative model up to 100 TeV



THEORY take home message

The Twin Higgs is an existence proof
of a class of theories with

$$\Delta \sim 10\%$$

& no colored states within the LHC-reach



Composite Twin Higgs

Softly-broken Z_2
works better

$$M_{\text{soft}}^2 \lesssim \frac{4\pi^2}{3y_t^2} \times \frac{\Delta m_h^2}{\log} \times \frac{\lambda}{\lambda_{SM}}$$

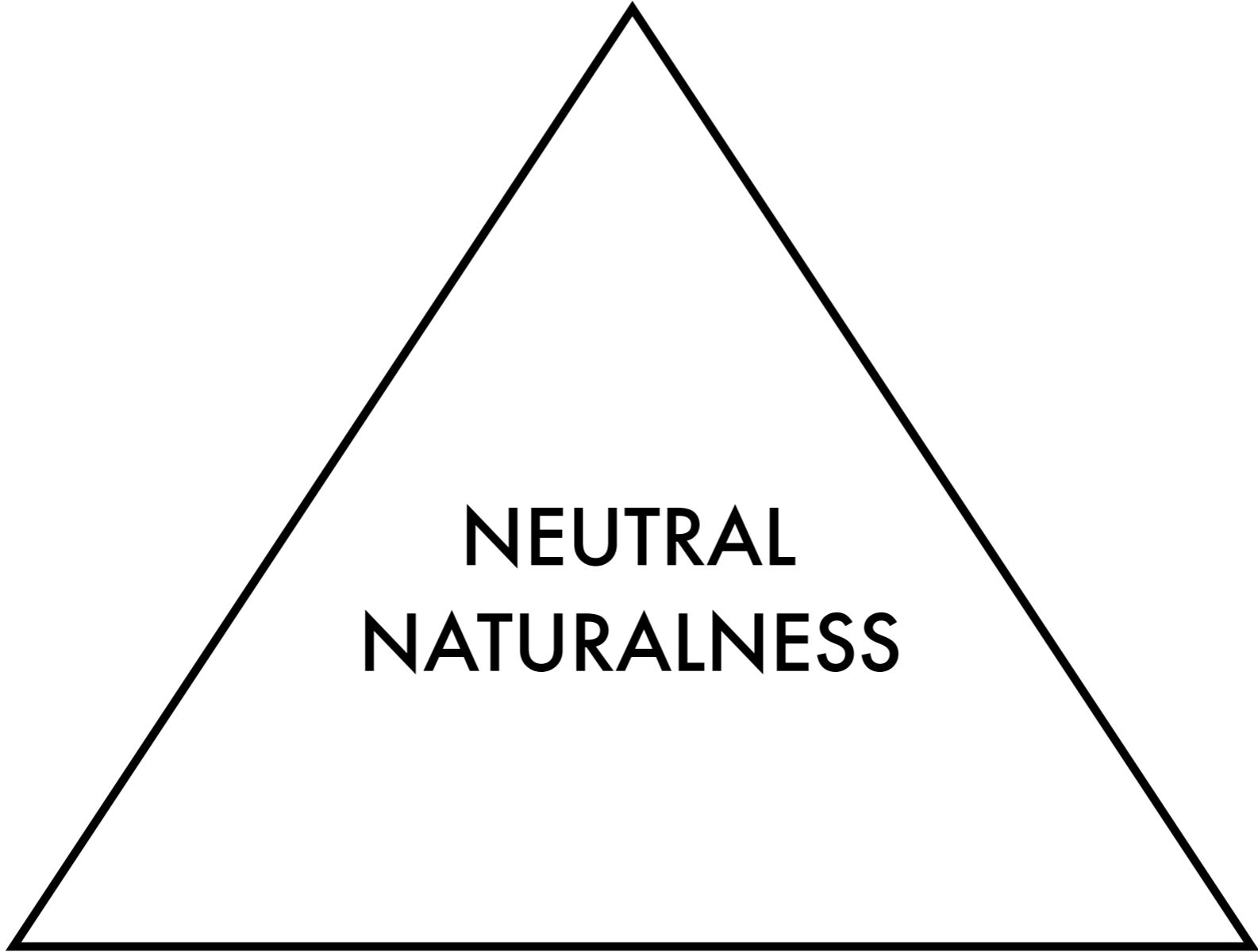
Twin SUSY

Hardly-broken Z_2
works better

$$M_{\text{soft}}^2 \lesssim \frac{4\pi^2}{3y_t^2} \frac{\Delta m_h^2}{\log} \frac{\lambda}{\lambda_{SM}} \times \frac{m_h^2}{8\kappa v^2}$$

QUESTION: How seriously we should take this Mirror Symmetry?

UV-completions



LHC

COSMOLOGY

Is there something left to see for Neutral Naturalness @ LHC?

BASIC BUILDING BLOCKS have sharp pheno predictions

$$\underbrace{\lambda(|H_A|^2 + |H_B|^2 - f^2)^2}_{V^{U_4}}$$

radial mode
(Twin Higgs)

$$m_H \sim \sqrt{\lambda} f$$

$$\underbrace{\tilde{\mu}^2 |H_A|^2 + \rho |H_A|^4}_{V^{\Psi_4, \mathbb{Z}_2}}$$

mixing
 $h = h_A \cos \theta + h_B \sin \theta$

$$\sin \theta \sim v/f$$

Which one is the more promising depends on the UV completion
solving the BIG hierarchy problem...

Indirect searches through Higgs couplings

the SM Higgs mixes with a singlet: $\mu_h \sim \mu_h^{\text{SM}} \cos \theta$ $\frac{g_{hhh}}{g_{hhh}^{\text{SM}}} \sim \cos \theta$

the BR are left unchanged because they are rescaled by the same amount!

1σ reach in	$\sin \theta^2$	$\left 1 - \frac{g_{hhh}}{g_{hhh}^{\text{SM}}} \right $
LHC8	0.2	–
LHC14	0.08-0.12	–
HL-LHC	$4-8 \times 10^{-2}$	0.5
HE-LHC	–	0.2
FCC-hh	–	0.08
ILC	2×10^{-2}	0.21-0.83
ILC-up	4×10^{-3}	0.13-0.46
CLIC	$2-3 \times 10^{-3}$	0.1-0.21
CEPC	2×10^{-3}	–
FCC-ee	1×10^{-3}	–

HL-LHC can go up to $f/v \sim 4 - 5$

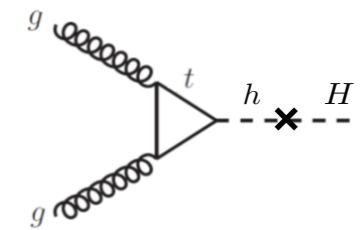
future ee-colliders $f/v \gtrsim 10$

Direct searches of the Twin Higgs

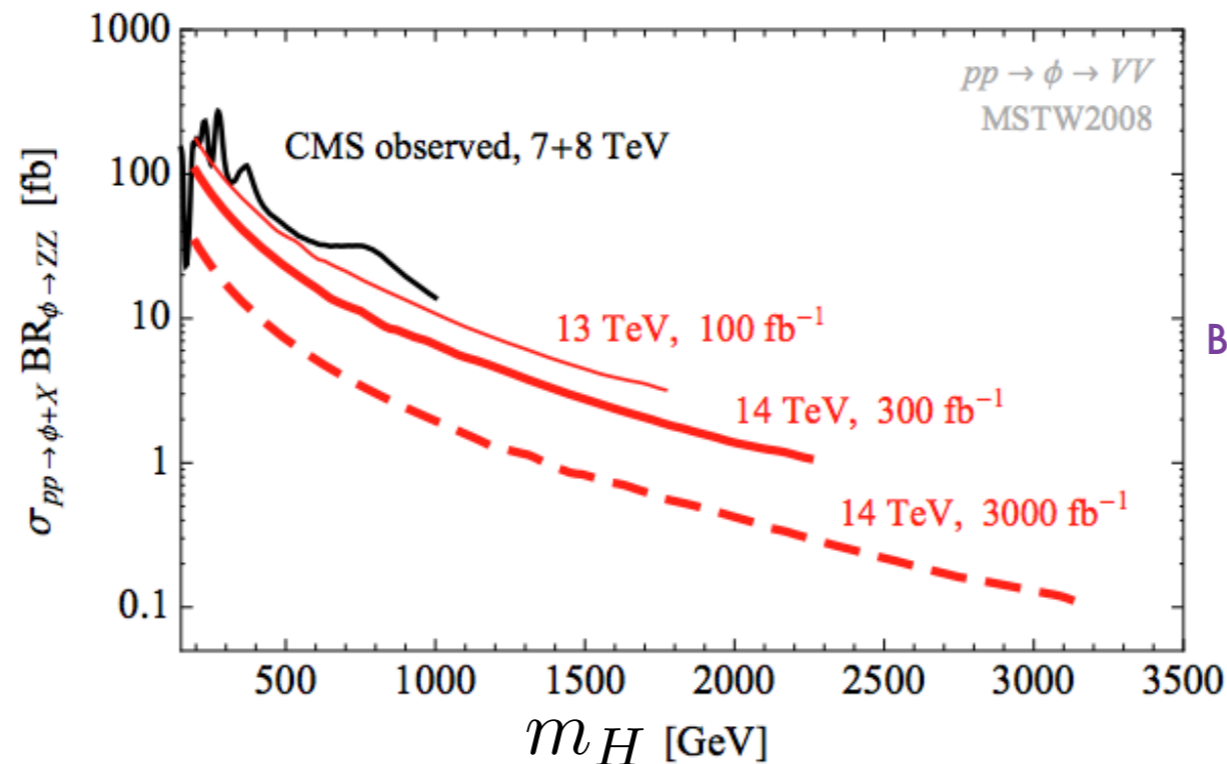
These are promising in Twin SUSY only $m_H \sim \sqrt{\lambda} f$

$\lambda \lesssim 1 \longrightarrow$ radial mode within LHC reach

The radial mode is produced in gluon fusion through mixing



The radial mode goes 1/7th (or 1/4th) into ZZ (Golstone th.)



Buttazzo, Sala, Tesi 1505.05488

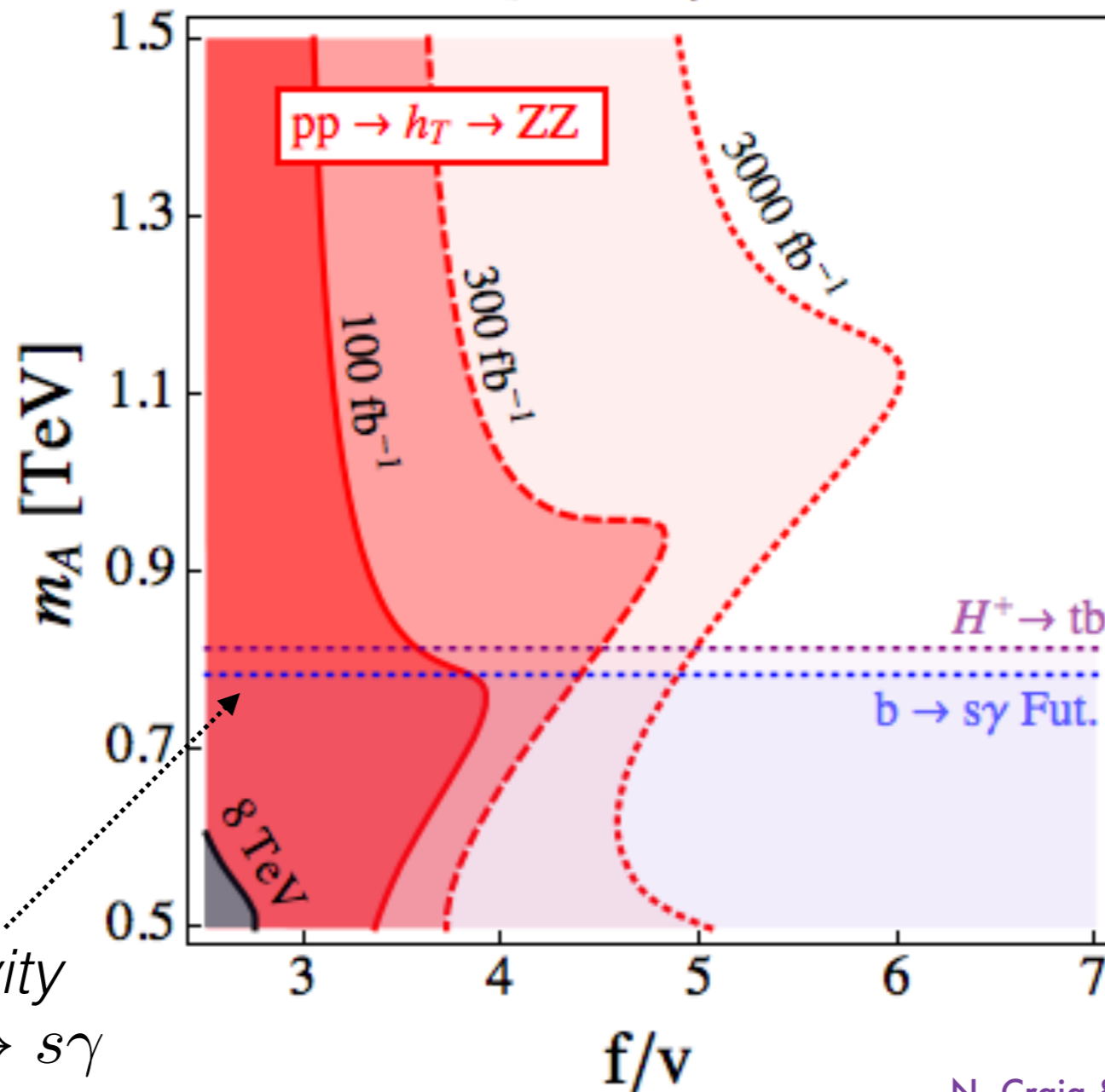
Recast in the Twin SUSY parameter space

A. Katz, A. Mariotti, S. Pokorski, D.R. R. Ziegler 1611.08615

large for best FT

Small to keep colored states out of reach

$\lambda_S=1.4 \quad \tan\beta=1.5$



future sensitivity of $b \rightarrow s\gamma$

probing MSSM-like Higgses @ small t_β

Is the Dark Sector completely inaccessible?

To answer this question we should specify the full Dark Sector spectrum

What is the LTP? (lightest Twin particle)

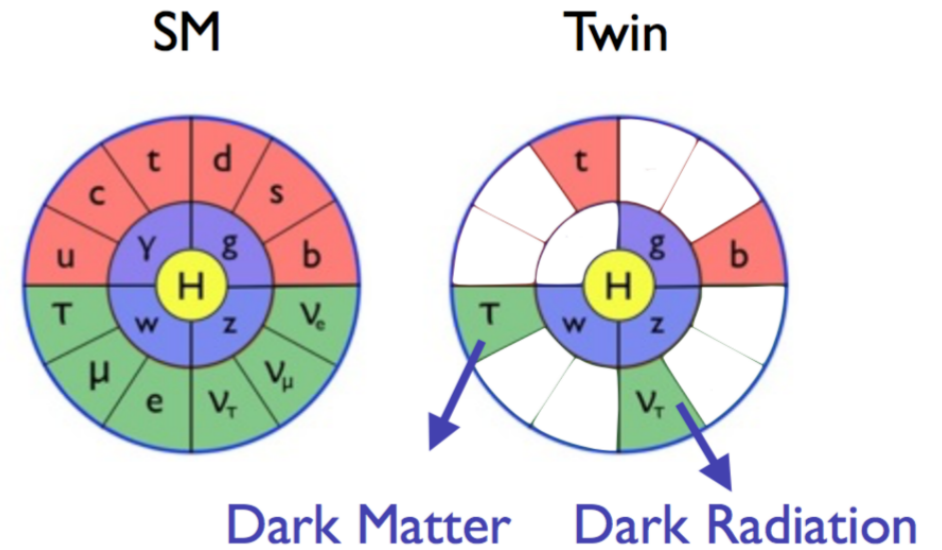
Twin neutrino/Twin lepton	—————>	Invisible decay of the SM Higgs
Twin hadron	—————>	Exotic decays of the SM Higgs

The Dark Sector hadronizes & comes back to US

N. Craig, A. Katz, M. Strassler, R. Sundrum 1501.05310

Example: Fraternal Twin Higgs:

Twin confinement $\hat{\Lambda}_3 \approx 1 - 10 \text{ GeV}$

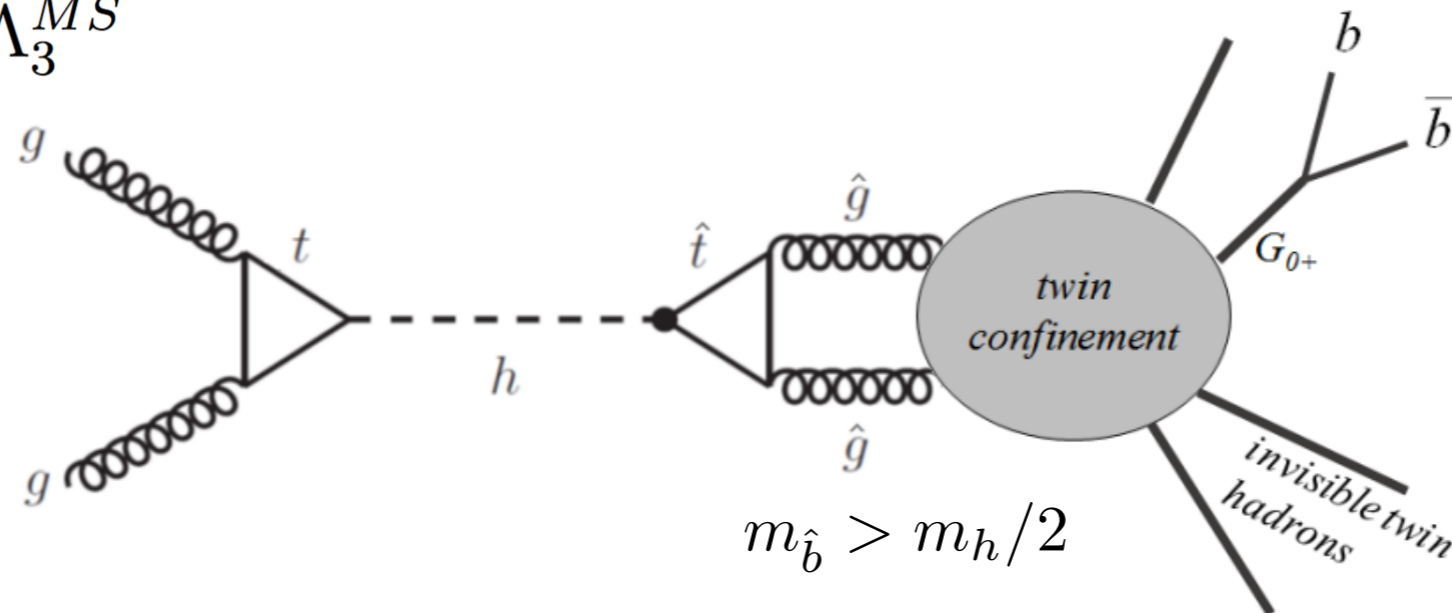


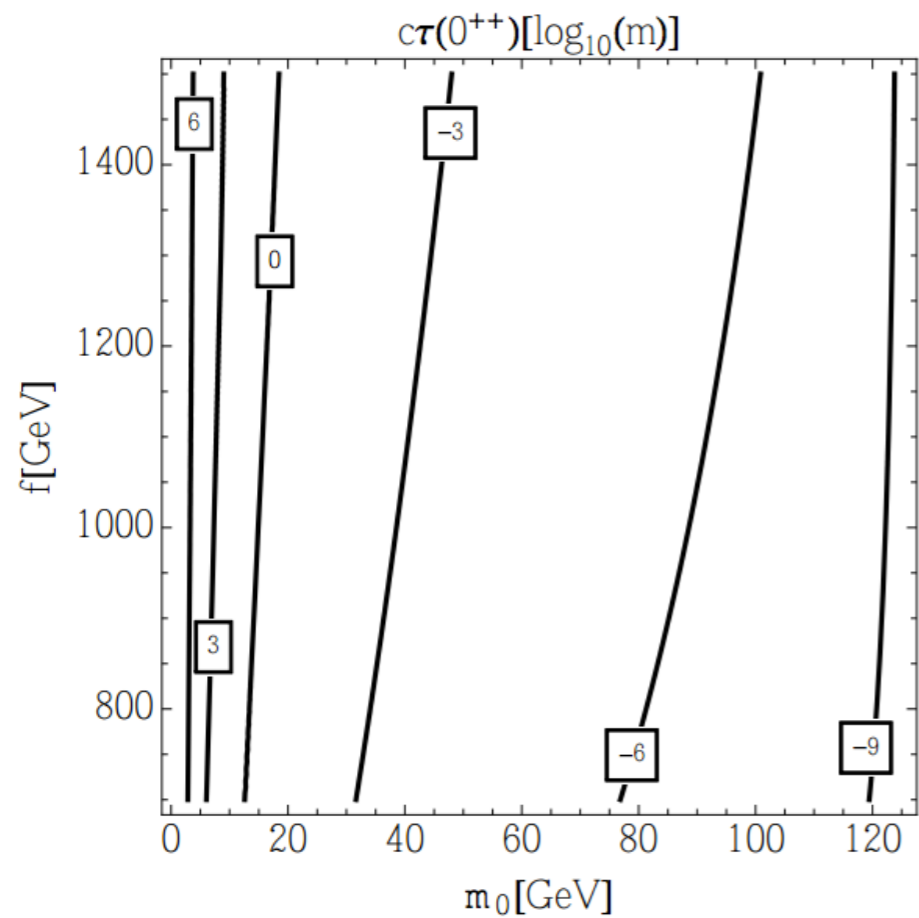
If glueball 0^{++} is the LTP:

pure glue QCD lattice hep-lat/9901004, hep-lat/0510074

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\frac{\hat{\alpha}_3 v h}{6\pi f f} \hat{G}_{\mu\nu}^a \hat{G}_a^{\mu\nu}$$

$$m_0 = 6.8 \hat{\Lambda}_3^{\overline{MS}}$$





Glueball decay typically displaced...

$$\text{Br}(h \rightarrow \text{twin hadrons}) > 10^{-4}$$

100-1000 displaced events from $\sim 10^7$ SM Higgses **GREAT OPPORTUNITY!**

Curtin, Verhaaren 1506.06141

What about the extra Twin SUSY Higgses?
Are invisible BR's an opportunity of discovery also for them?

N. Craig, S. Gori, D. R. work in progress



LHC take home message



The Twin Higgs generically predicts & extended Higgs sector

+

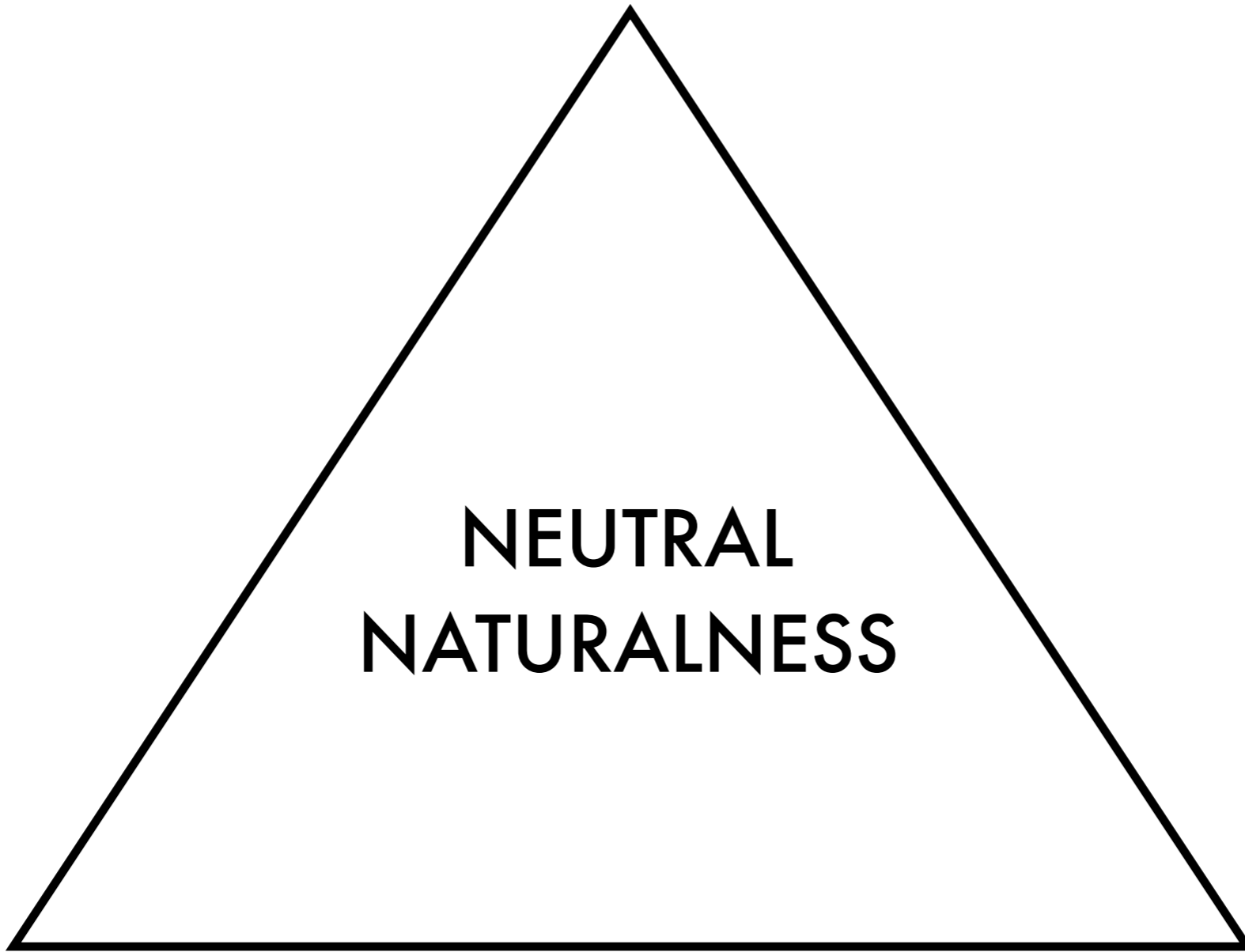
dark mirror states

Good motivation for:

- Higgs coupling precisions
- Searches for extra Higgses
- Displaced signatures

...

UV-completions



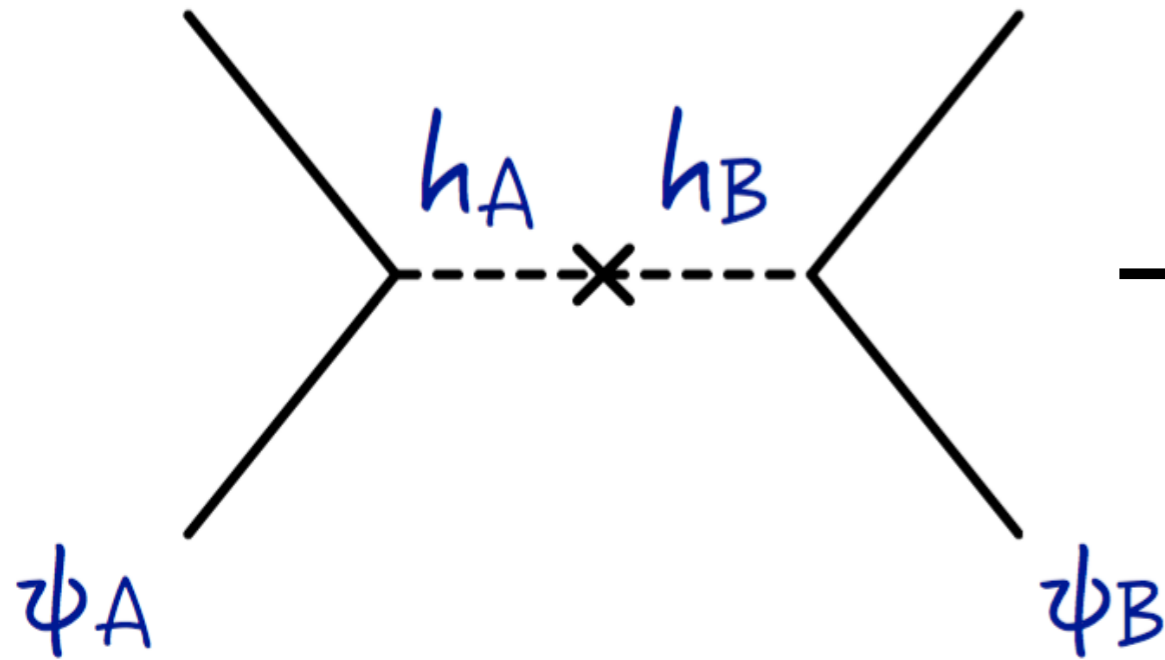
LHC

COSMOLOGY

NEUTRAL
NATURALNESS

Mirror World

Barbieri, Hall, Gregoire 0509242

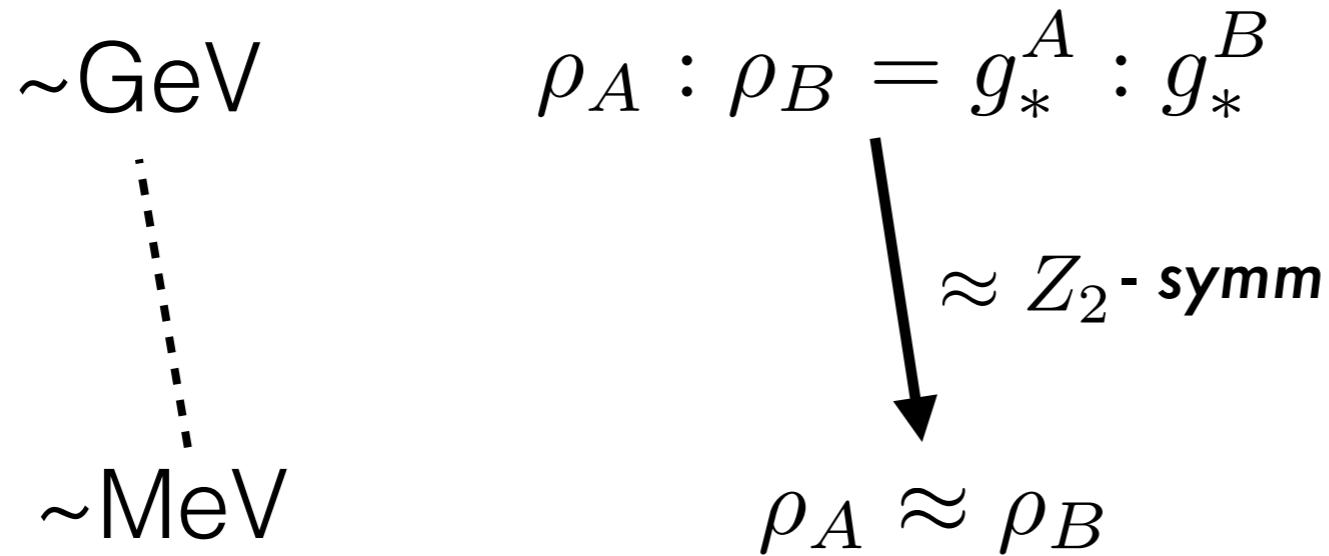


Higgs portal compelling in Twin Higgs

$$n\sigma v \sim \frac{y_A^2 y_B^2}{m_h^4} \times \frac{v^2}{f^2} T^5$$

The SM and the Twin sector do not decouple before @ 3 GeV

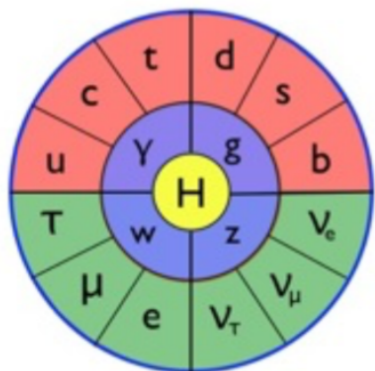
Thermal History



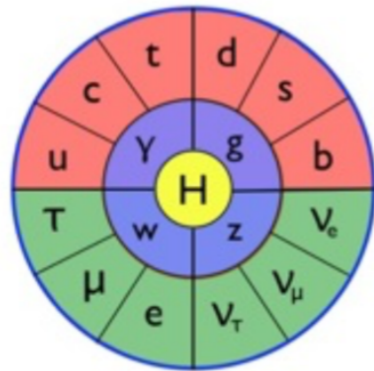
energy density in Dark Radiation affects the expansion rate

constraint on $\rho/\rho_{SM} \iff \Delta N_{\text{eff}}$

SM



Twin Higgs



$\Delta N_{\text{eff}} \sim 7.4 \times \frac{\rho_B}{\rho_A} \Big|_{0.1 \text{ MeV}}$ ruled out!



Twin Cosmology sucks!



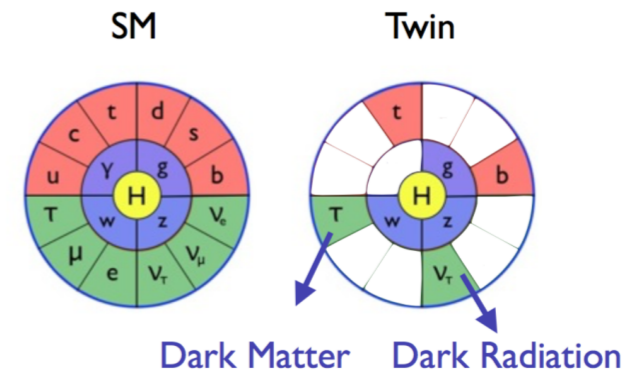
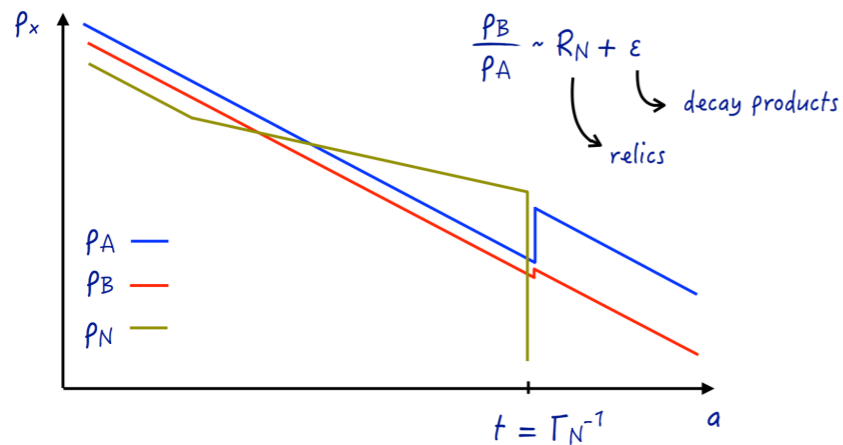
**CHANGE
COSMOLOGY**

**CHANGE
SPECTRUM**

matter domination+ late decay

Fraternal: 3rd gen. only

Z. Chacko, N. Craig, P. Fox, R. Harnik 1611.07975

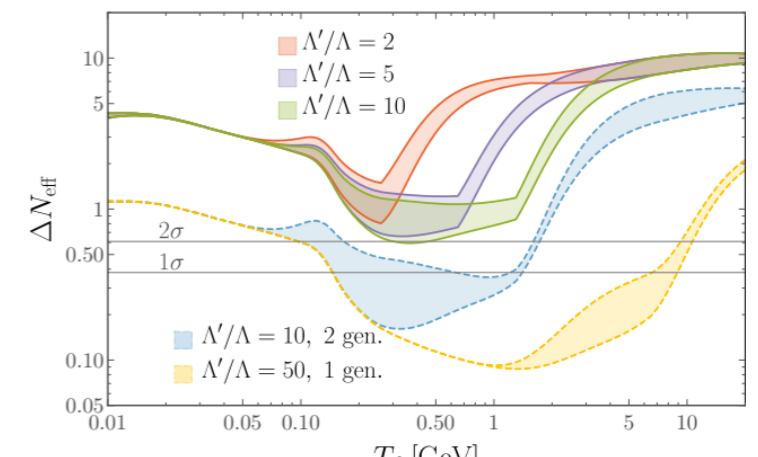


N. Craig, A. Katz, M. Strassler, R. Sundrum 1501.05310

Minimal: tuning decoupling

$$\Lambda'_{QCD} < T_{dec} < \Lambda_{QCD}$$

R. Barbieri, L. Hall, K. Harigaya
 C. Csaki, E. Kuflik, S. Lombardo





COSMO take home message



There are ways of making Twin Cosmology work!

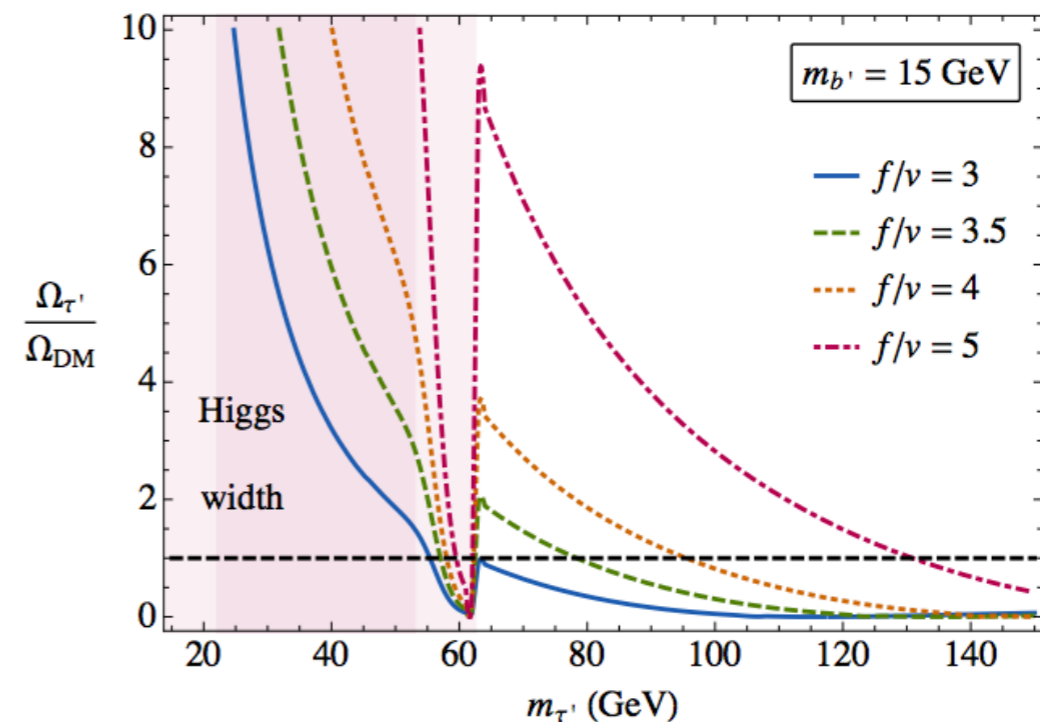
Cosmological solutions have implications on $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{fine-tuning} \\ \text{LHC phenomenology} \\ \text{Dark Matter} \end{array} \right.$

Example : Fraternal WIMPs

Twin tau is stable if we do not gauge Twin hypercharge

N. Craig, A. Katz 1505.07113

I. Garcia Garcia, R. Lasenby, J. March-Russell 1505.07109

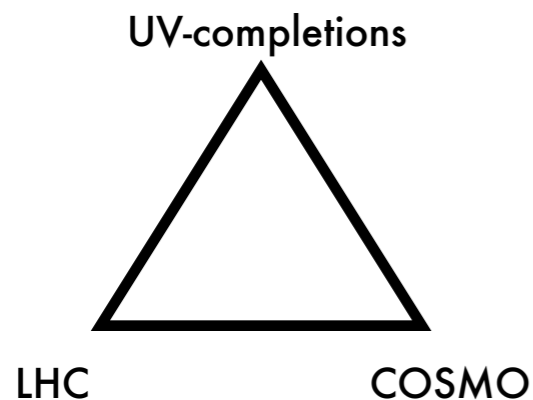


Conclusion

“Is neutral naturalness the beautiful reason we haven’t seen anything, or the last desperate hope of theorists?”

–G. Giudice

either ways it gives motivation



to look at LHC data differently: *spectacular rare events*

to test new cosmological scenarios

to think more deeply about accidental symmetries in QFT

MERCI/DANK JE