

Neutrino Physics & Astrophysics in Belgium

J. A. Aguilar, RECFA 2025

RECFA in 2017

ASTROPARTICLE PHYSICS IN BELGIUM

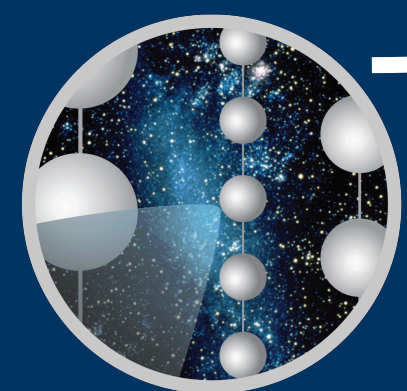


NEUTRINO PHYSICS IN BELGIUM

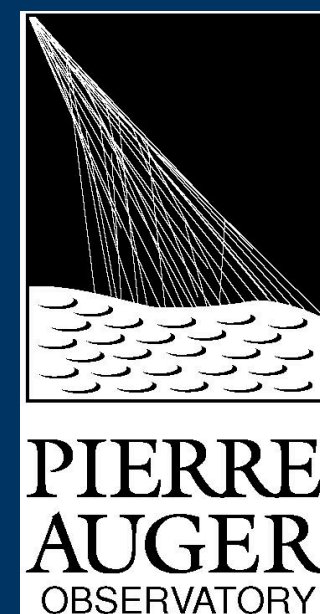


RECFA in 2025

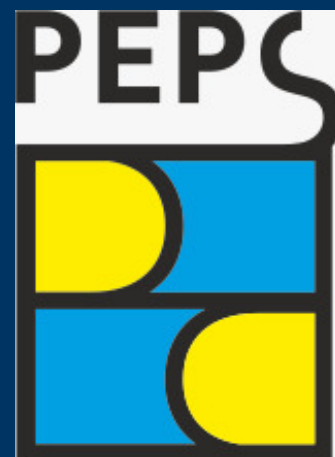
ASTROPARTICLE PHYSICS IN BELGIUM



ICECUBE



RNO-G
Radio Neutrino Observatory - Greenland



NEUTRINO PHYSICS IN BELGIUM



PROJECT 8

RECFA in 2025

ASTROPARTICLE
PHYSICS IN
BELGIUM



NEUTRINO
PHYSICS IN
BELGIUM



PROJECT 8



As Cosmic
Messengers

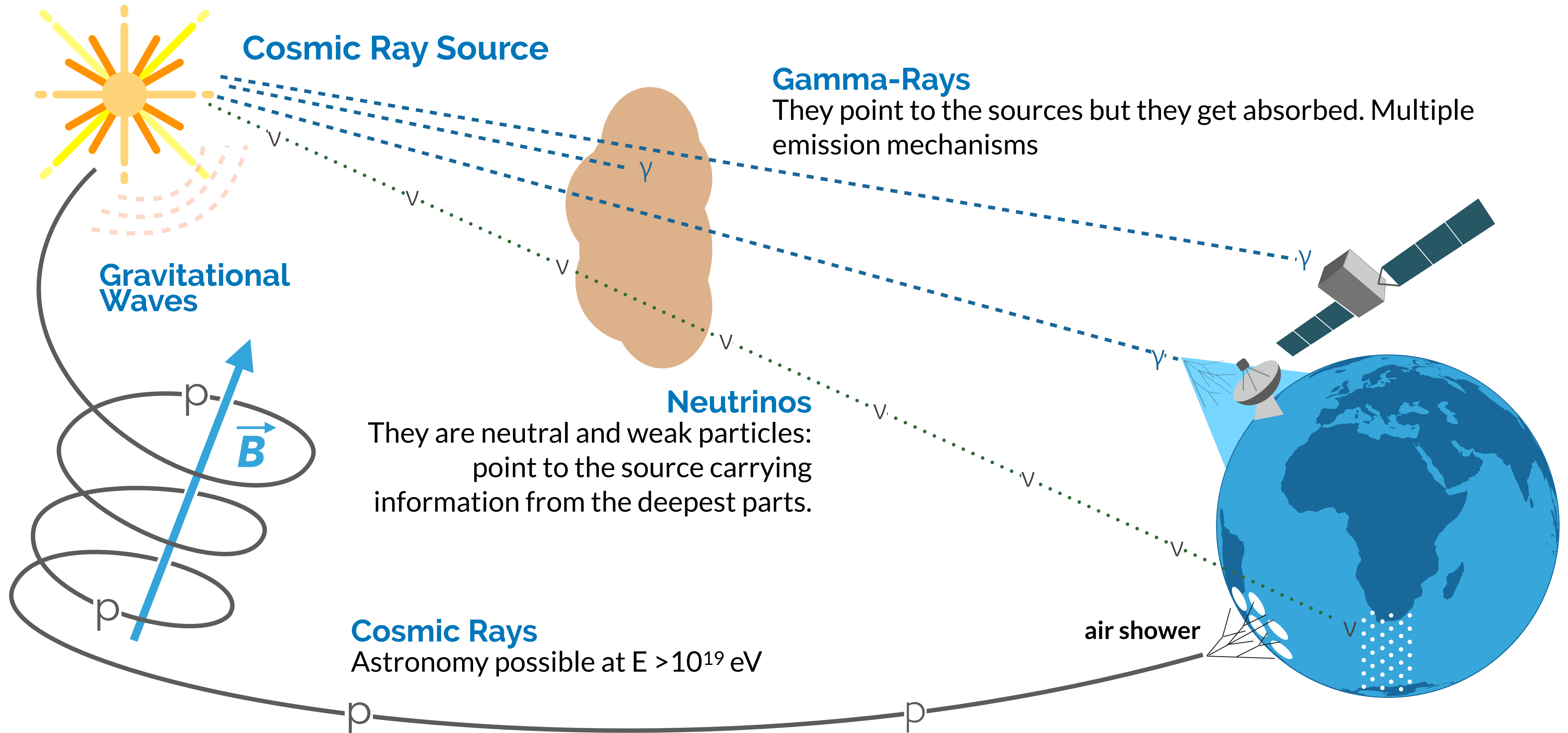
As Fundamental
Probes



As Cosmic
Messengers

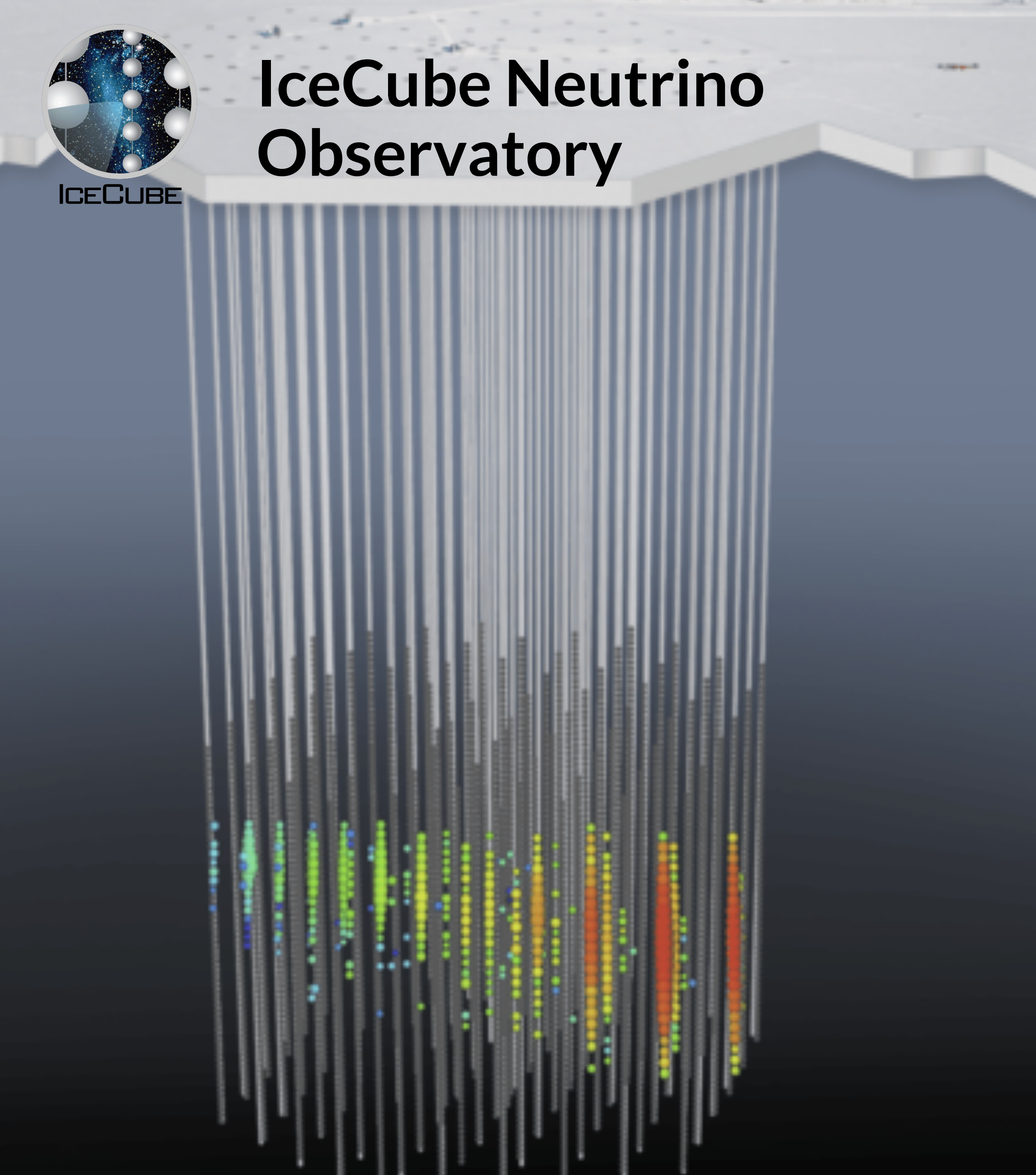
As Fundamental
Probes

Cosmic Messengers

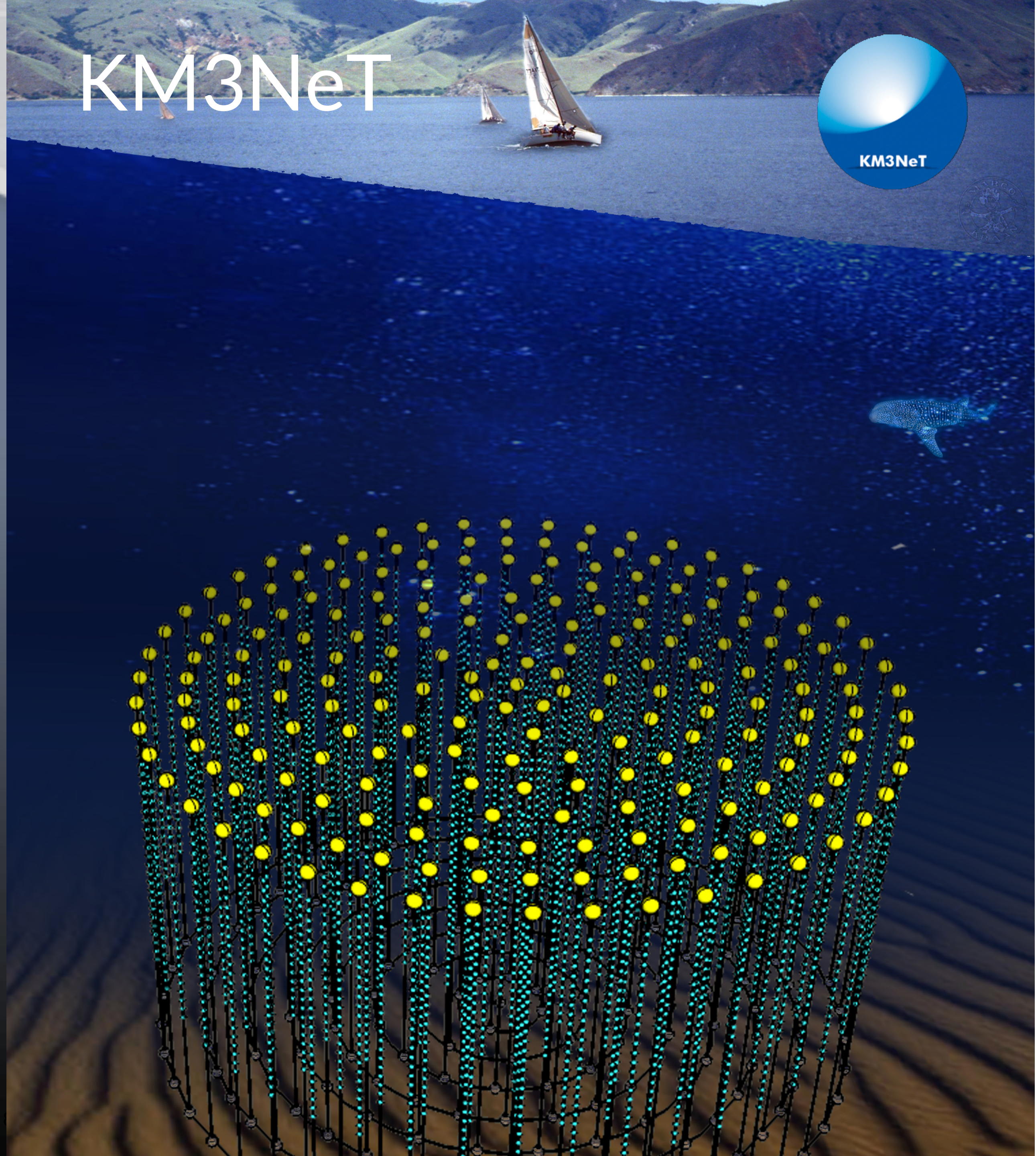




IceCube Neutrino Observatory



KM3NeT

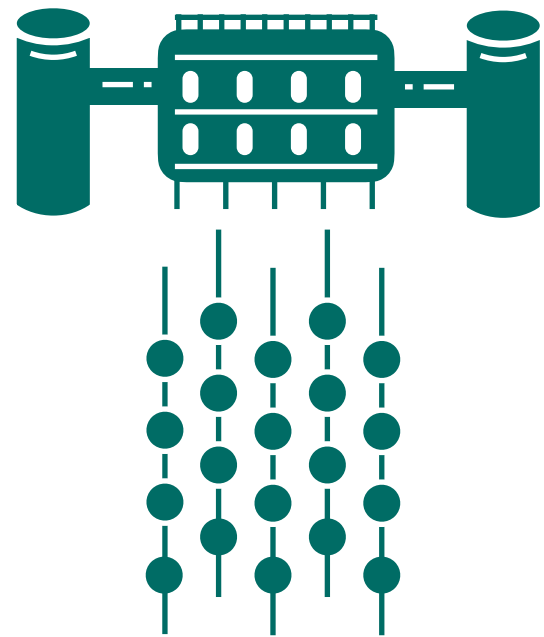




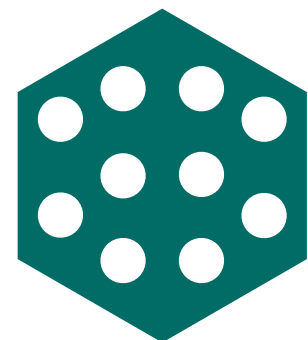
IceCube Neutrino Observatory



5,160 Digital Optical Modules (DOMs)



86 strings with 60 DOMs
DeepCore: 6 denser strings
93 strings in 2026 (Upgrade)

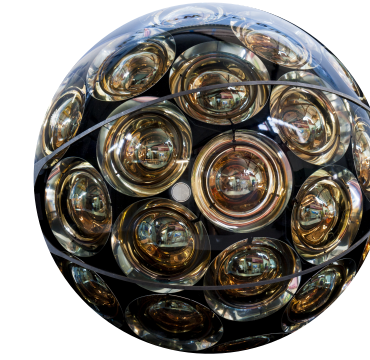


IceTop: 1 km² surface array with 324 DOMs



Completed in December 2010

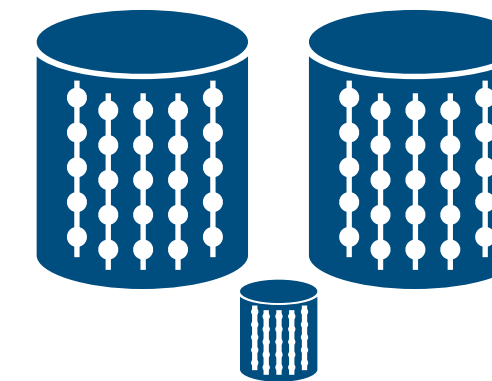
KM3NeT



6,310 multi-PMTs
Optical Modules with
192,510 PMTs



ARCA off shore Italy
ORCA off shore France



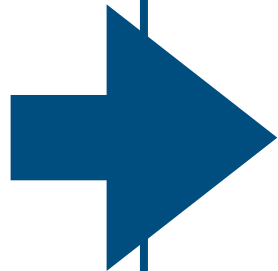
ARCA 2 block, 230 lines
ORCA 1 block, 115 lines



ARCA 51 lines deployed
ORCA 28 lines deployed

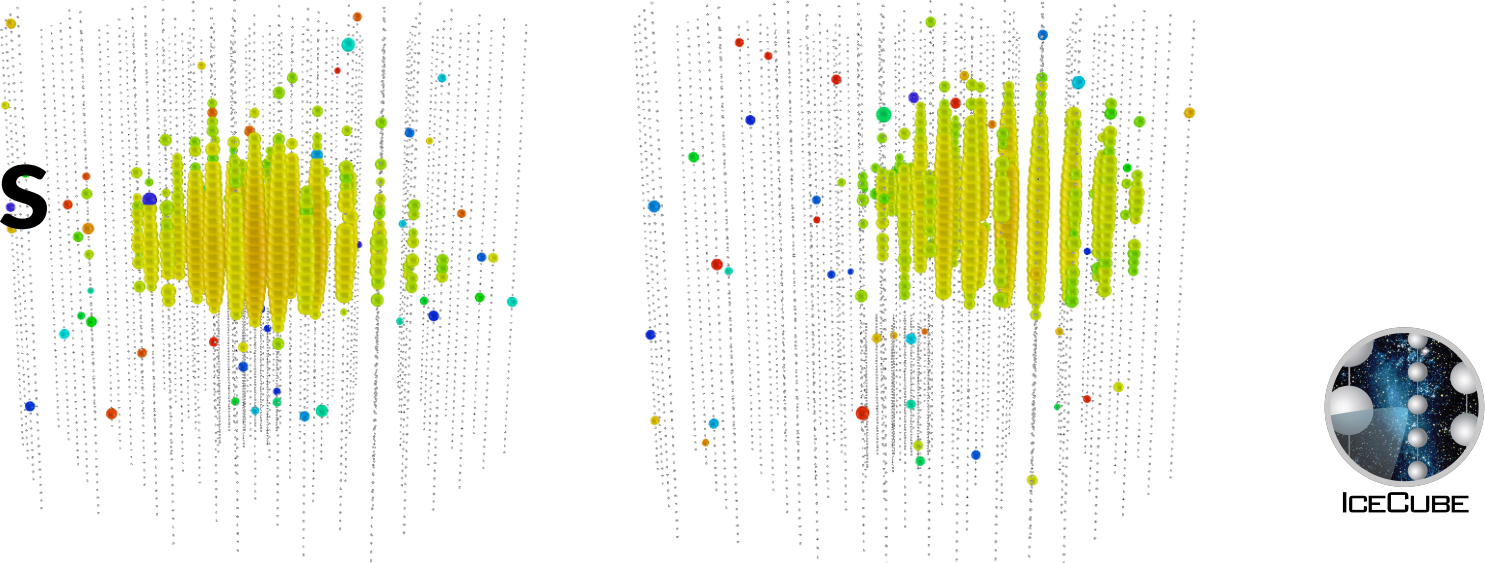
Neutrino Astronomy Timeline

A Decade of Discoveries



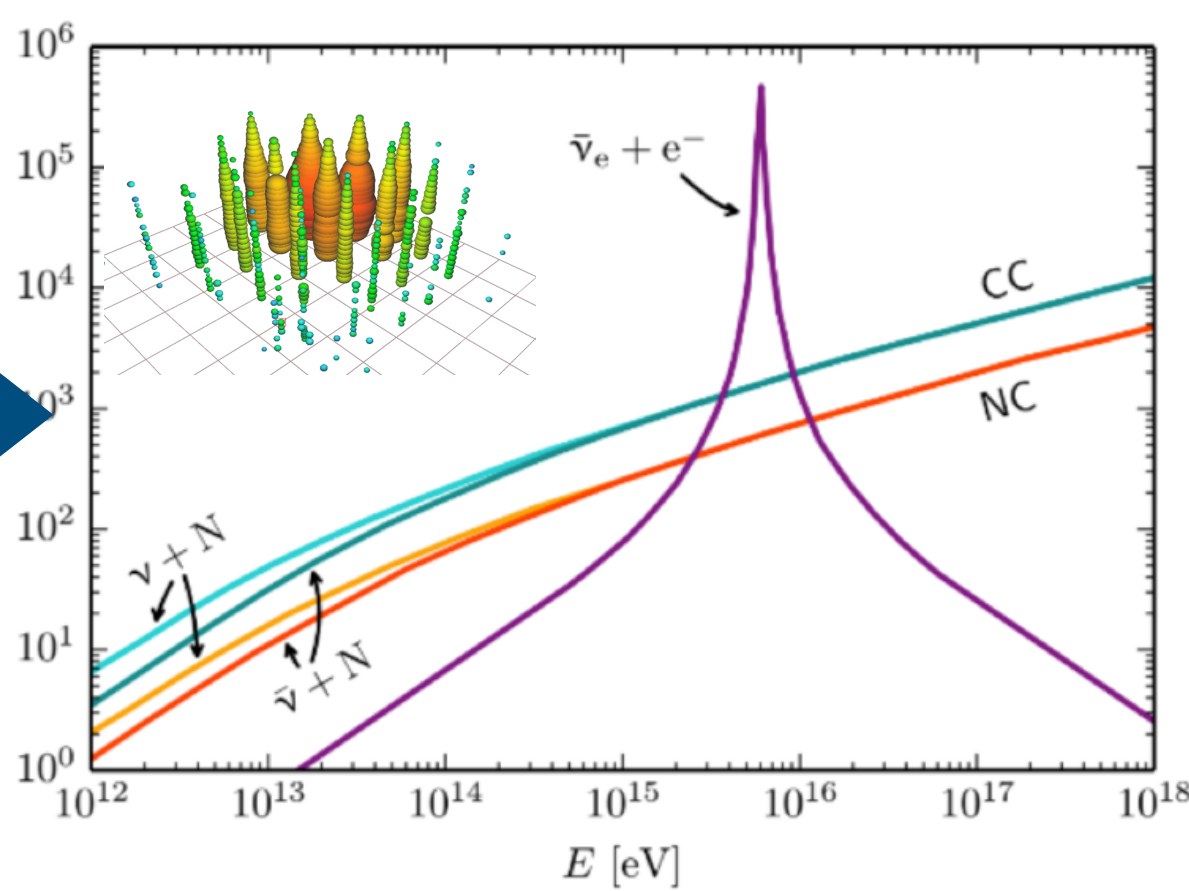
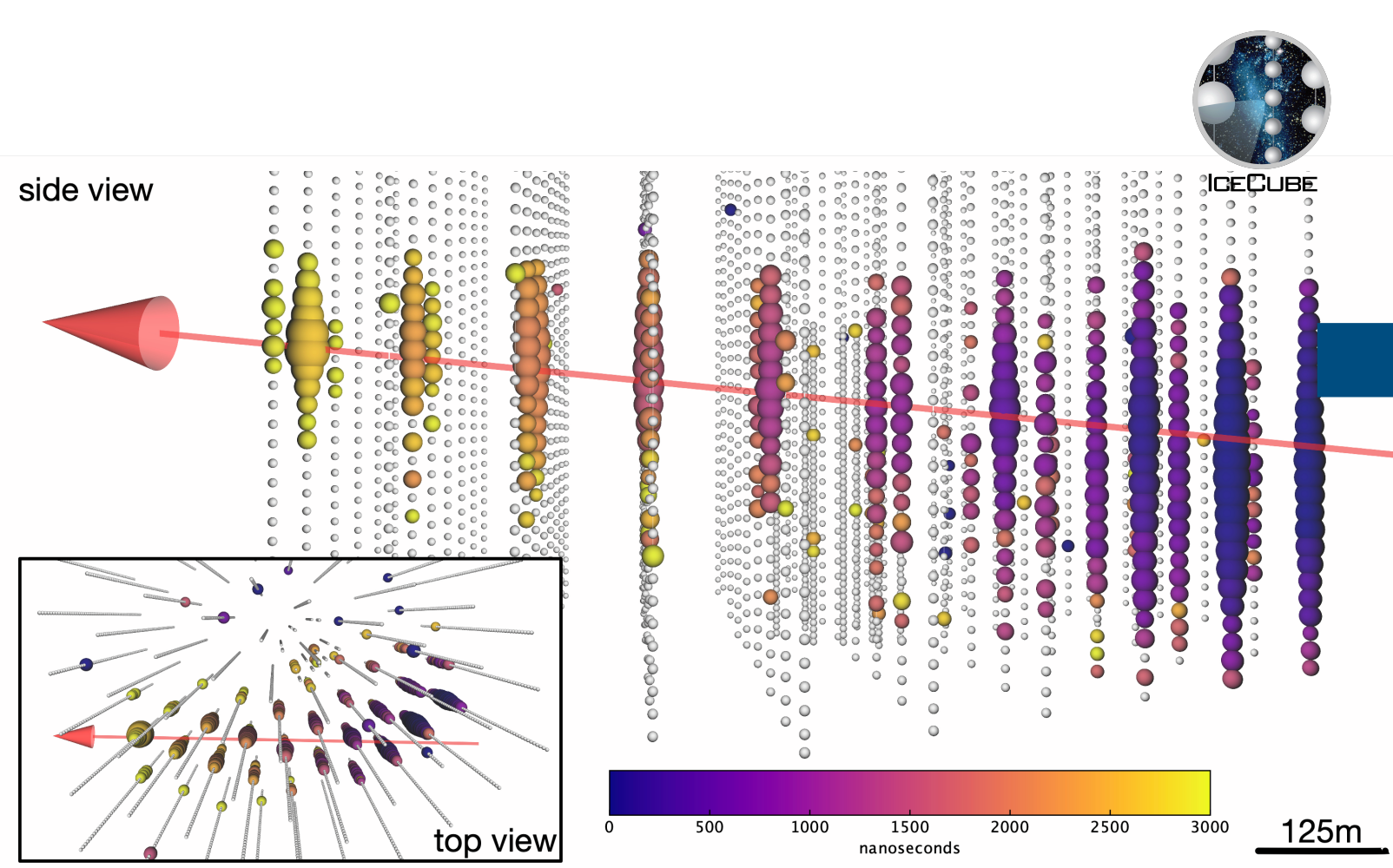
2013 Astrophysical Neutrinos

Detection of the first flux of astrophysical neutrinos by IceCube



2017 TXS 0506+056

Coincidence of an IceCube neutrino event with a flare of gamma-rays from a Blazar



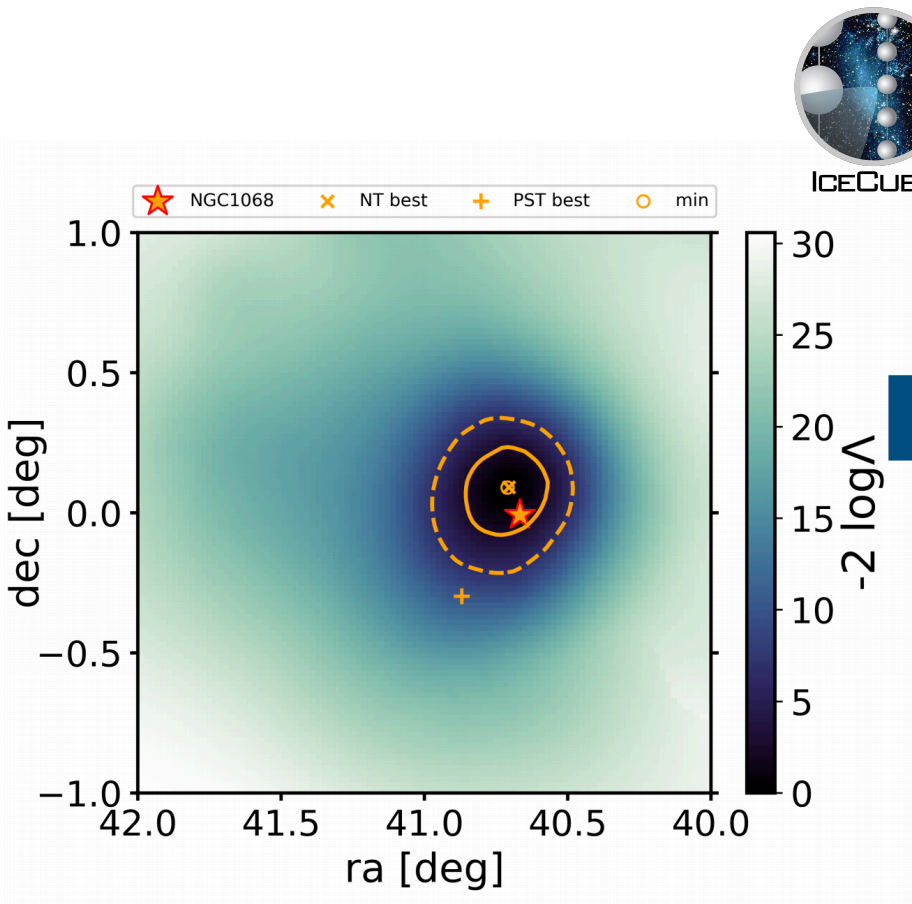
2021 Glashow Resonance Event

IceCube observation of neutrino event at the Glashow energies (first $\bar{\nu}_e$)



2022 NGC1068

First evidence of a neutrino source by IceCube



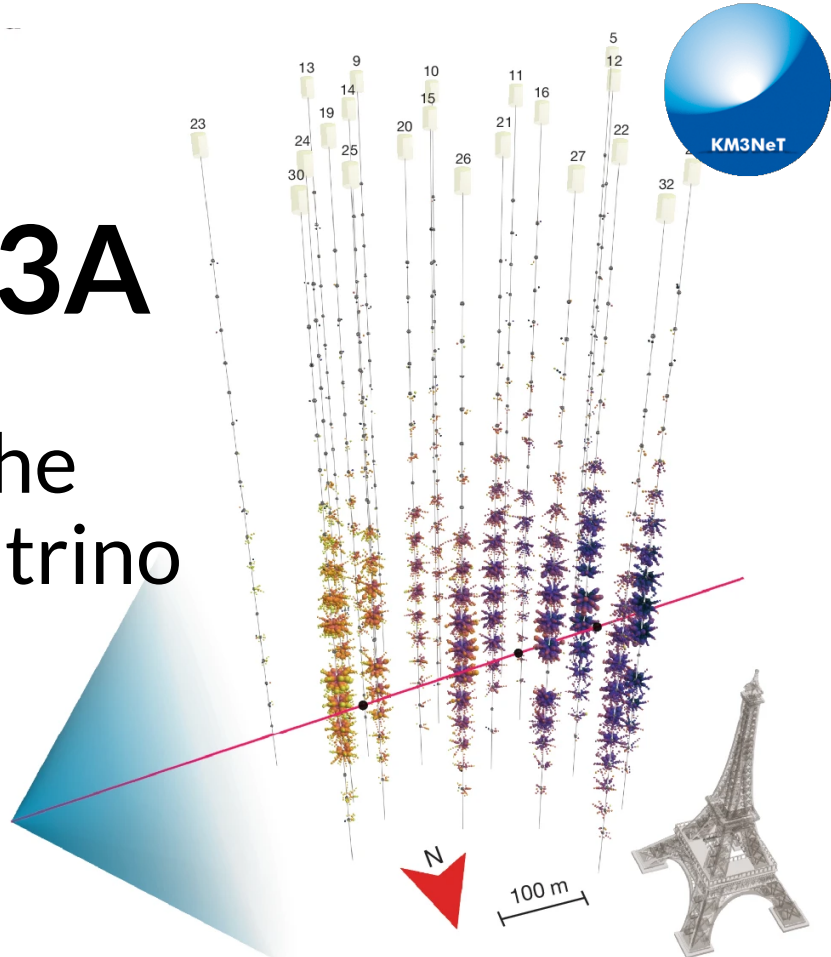
2023 Our Galaxy

IceCube observation of the galactic diffuse neutrino emission



2024 KM3-230213A

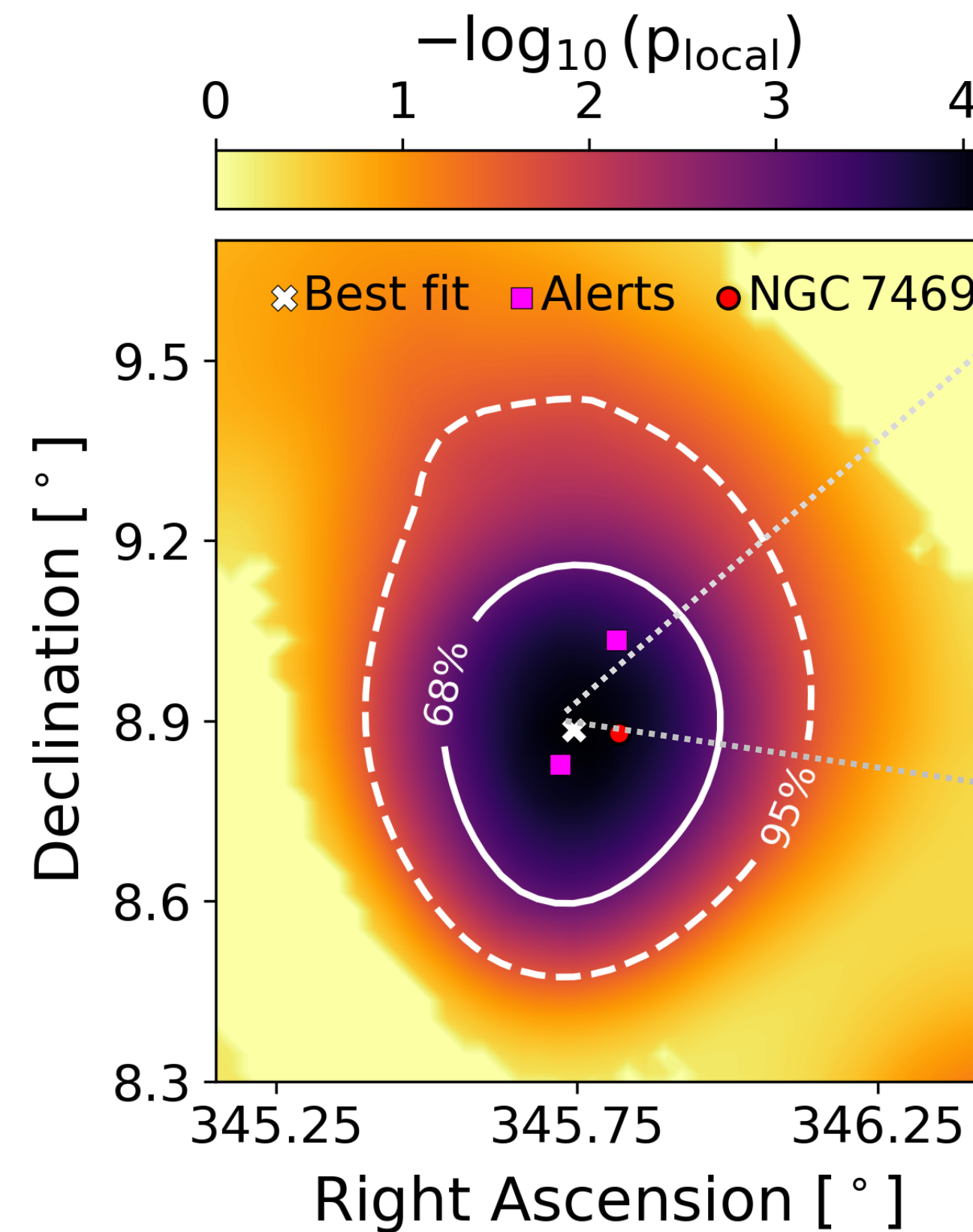
KM3NeT detects the highest energy neutrino ever observed



Neutrino Astronomy

Search for Steady Sources

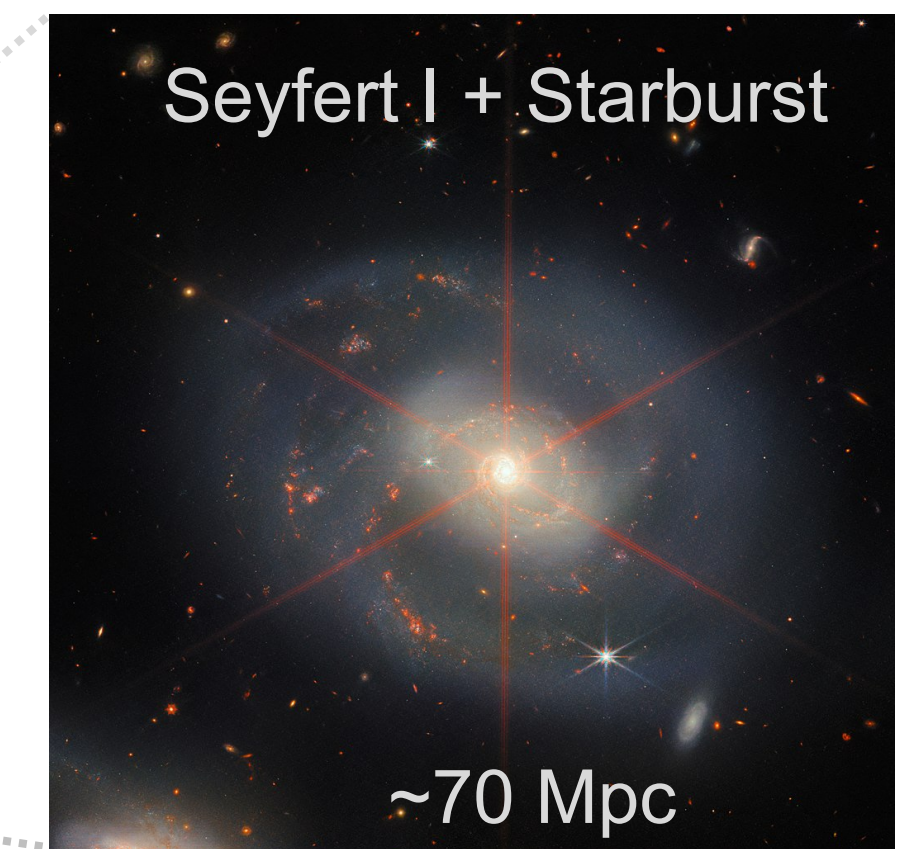
- Search for neutrinos from **Ultra Luminous Infrared Galaxies**
 - Dataset: Northern Hemisphere (13 yr)
- Catalog:
 - **113** northern U/LIRGs
 - Starburst (SB), Active Galactic Nuclei (AGNs) and hybrid (AGN+SB)
- Key Results
 - Most significant excess: **NGC 7469** (AGN+SB)
 - Excess only in **hybrid sources**: NGC 1068 & NGC 7469



Significance driven by **two ~100 TeV** IceCube alerts



NGC7469

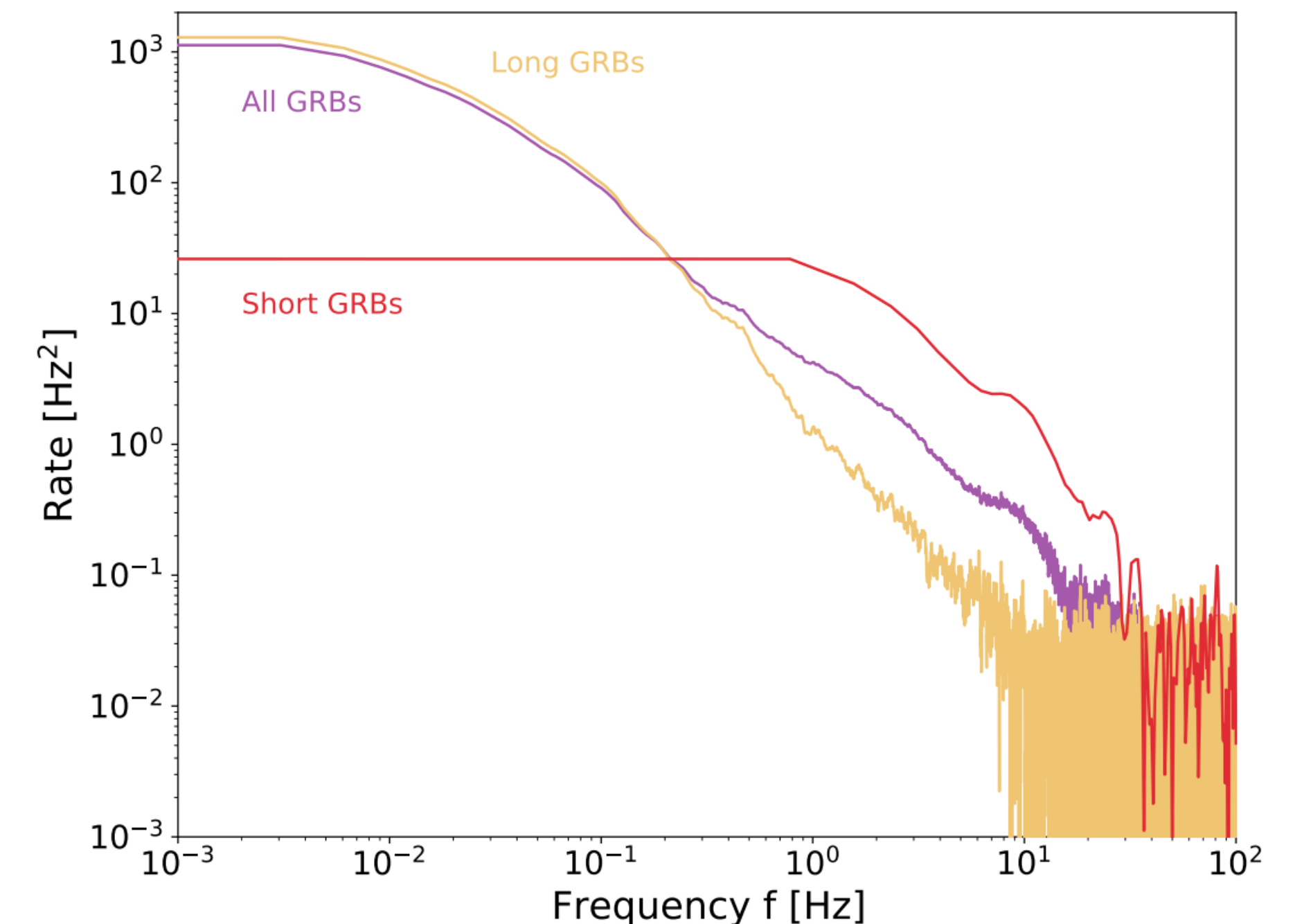
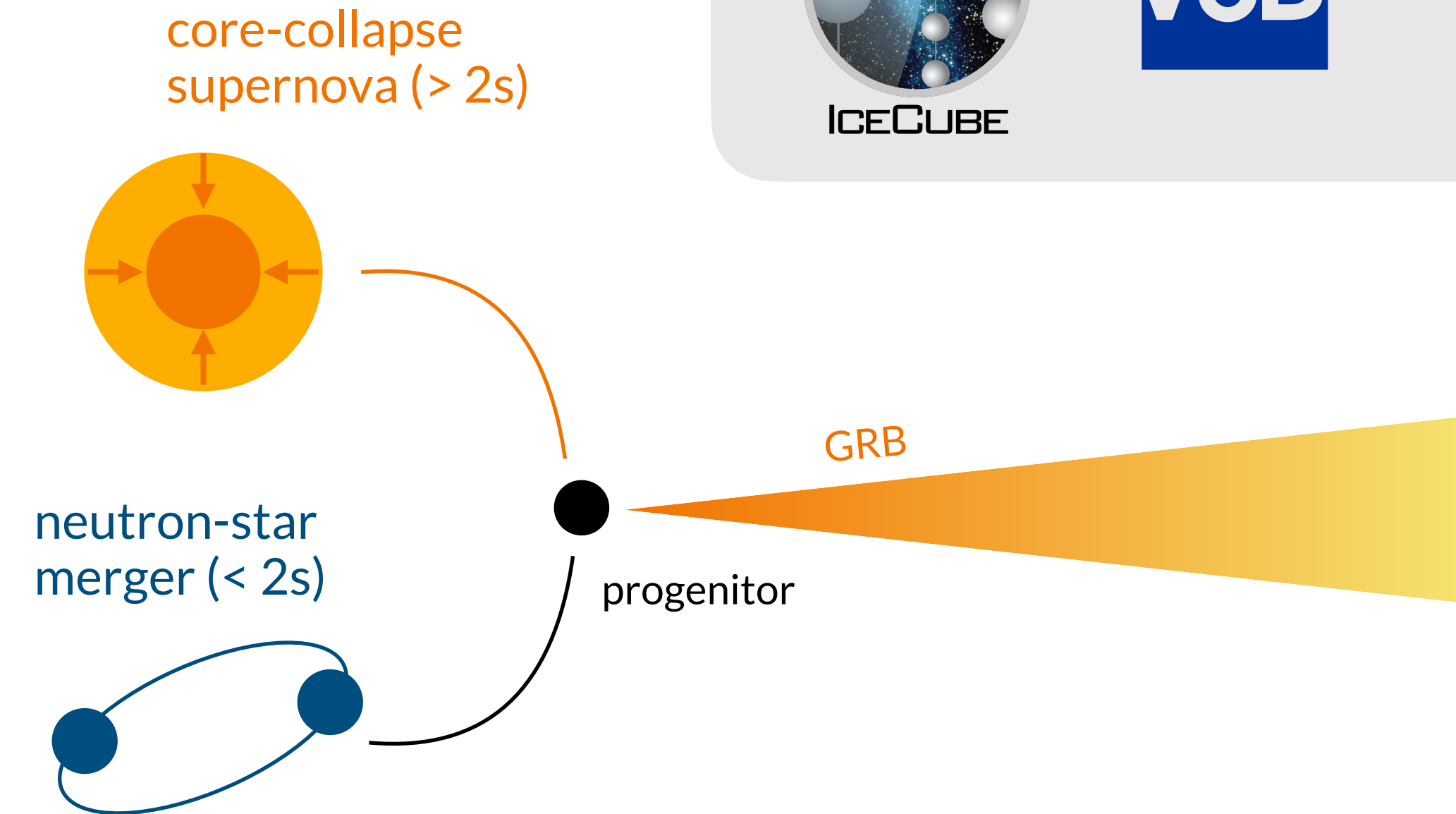


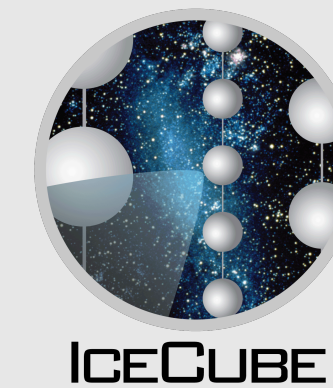
2.3 σ excess after
trial correction

Neutrino Astronomy

Search for Transients Sources

- **Gamma-Ray-Burts (GRBs):**
 - Very short pulses of gamma-rays
 - Still one of the main candidates for neutrinos
- Canonical classification:
 - Long GRBs ($> 2s$) \rightarrow Collapse of a massive star
 - Short GRBs ($< 2s$) \rightarrow Merger of compact objects
- New classification:
 - Look for traces of emission mechanisms in the time variability of the GRB light curves
 - Use a catalog for neutrino correlation studies

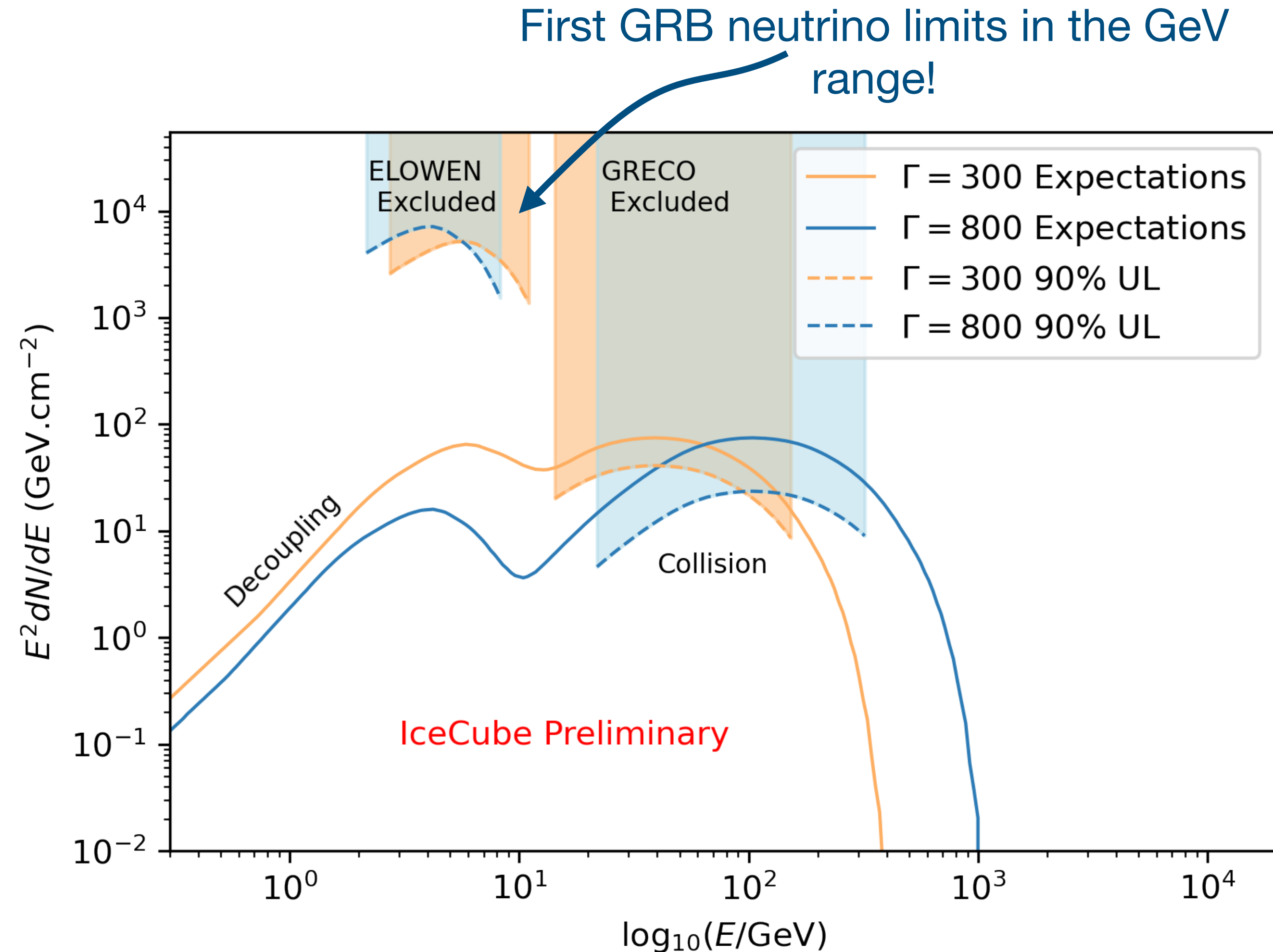




Neutrino Astronomy

Search for Transients Sources

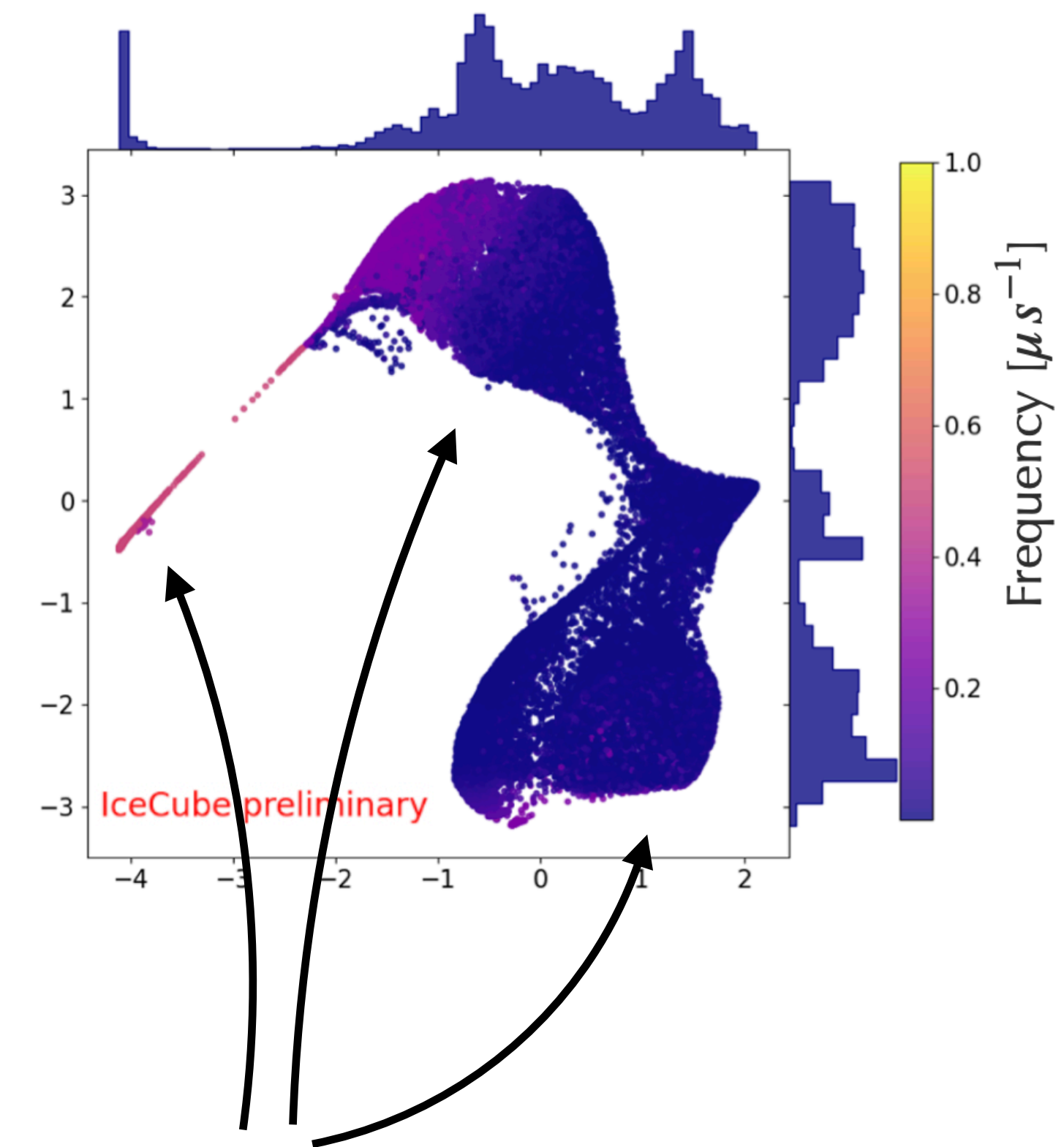
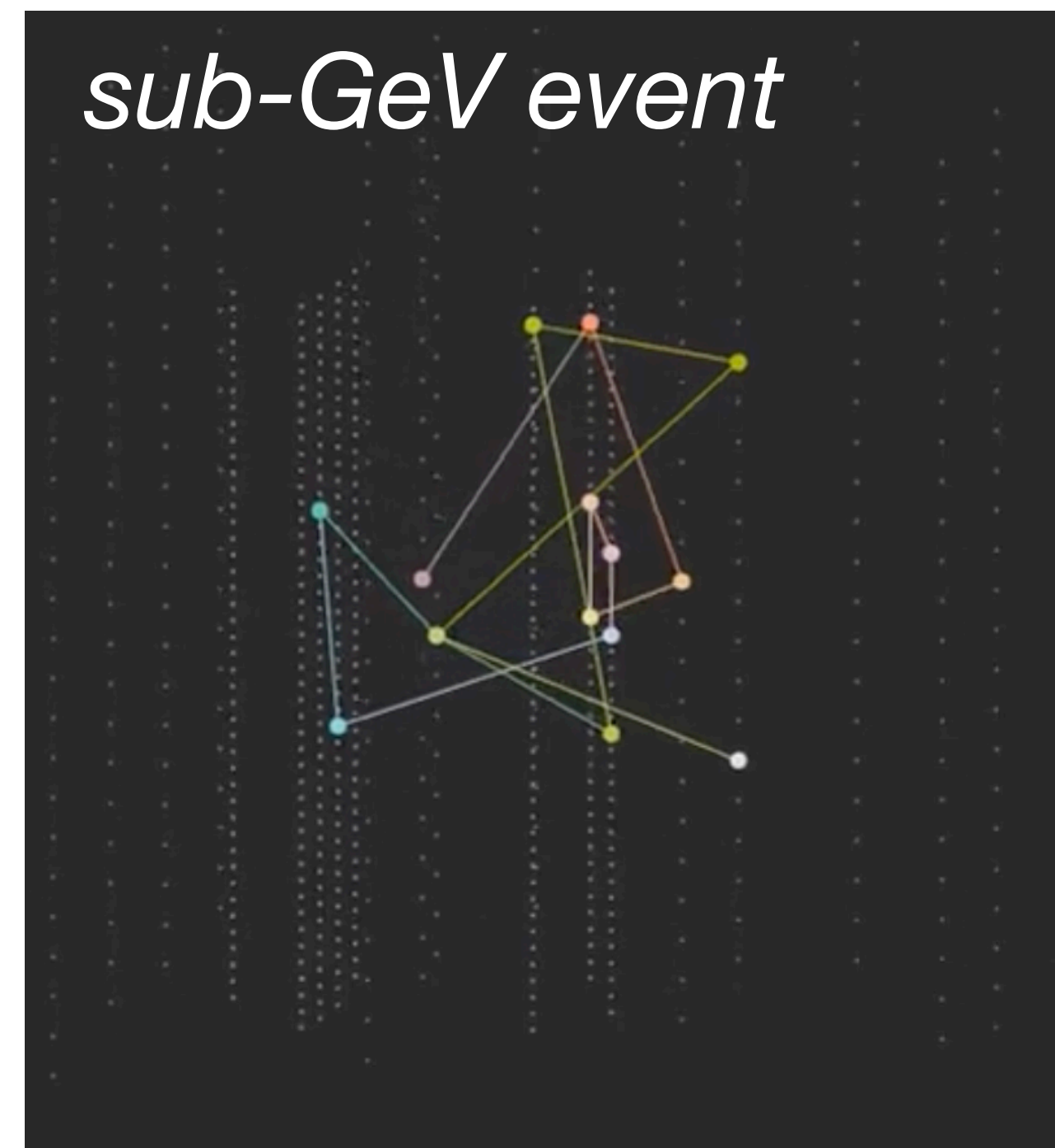
- **GRB 221009A**, the brightest GRB
 - Brightest Of All Time “BOAT”
- EM emission spanning 15 orders of magnitude
 - 18 TeV photons recorded!
- **ELOWEN**: lowest ν -energy sample
 - All flavors, $E_\nu = 0.5\text{-}5$ GeV.
- Search for neutrinos in the GRB time window $\Delta t = 1000$ s, $\Delta t = 2200$ s
- Publication:
 - **2024 ApJL 970 L43**



Neutrino Astronomy

(sub)GeV-astronomy

- Most astrophysical process follow a power-law spectrum:
 - Lower energy neutrinos are more abundant!
- Opening the window to GeV and sub-GeV astronomy
- Sub-GeV neutrinos in IceCube are buried in a large backgrounds:
 - Use dedicated DAQ: HitSpooling
 - Using unsupervised machine learning to search for *hit burst*



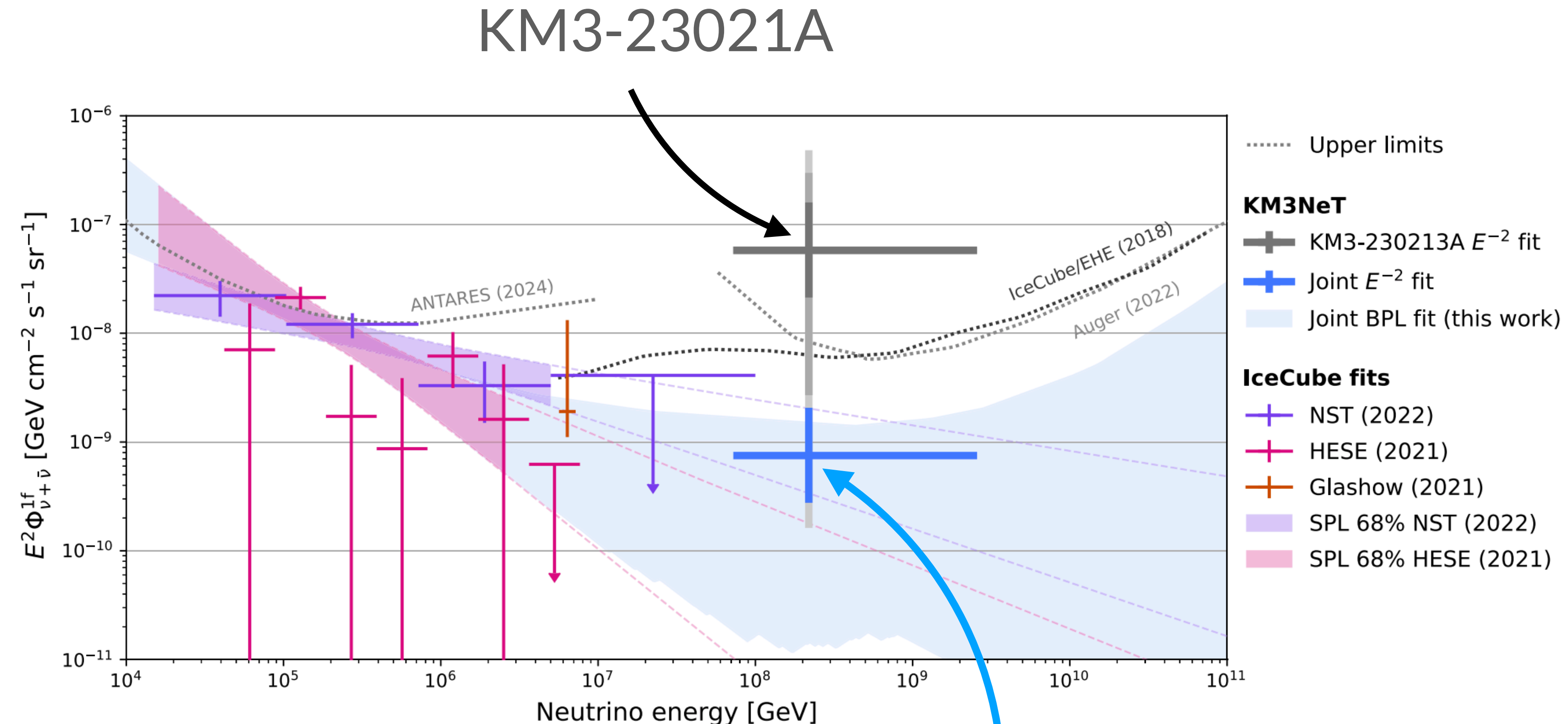
Different classes
of *hit bursts*

Extremely High Energies



KM3-23021A: A muon neutrino with record energy

- KM3NeT/ARCA: 21 Lines
- Estimated neutrino energy:
 - $E_\nu = 220^{+570}_{-110}$ PeV
- Is it consistent with IceCube and Auger limits?
 - Yes, at the level of 2.5σ
- More details:
 - **PRX 15, 031016, 2025**



KM3-23021A + null observations



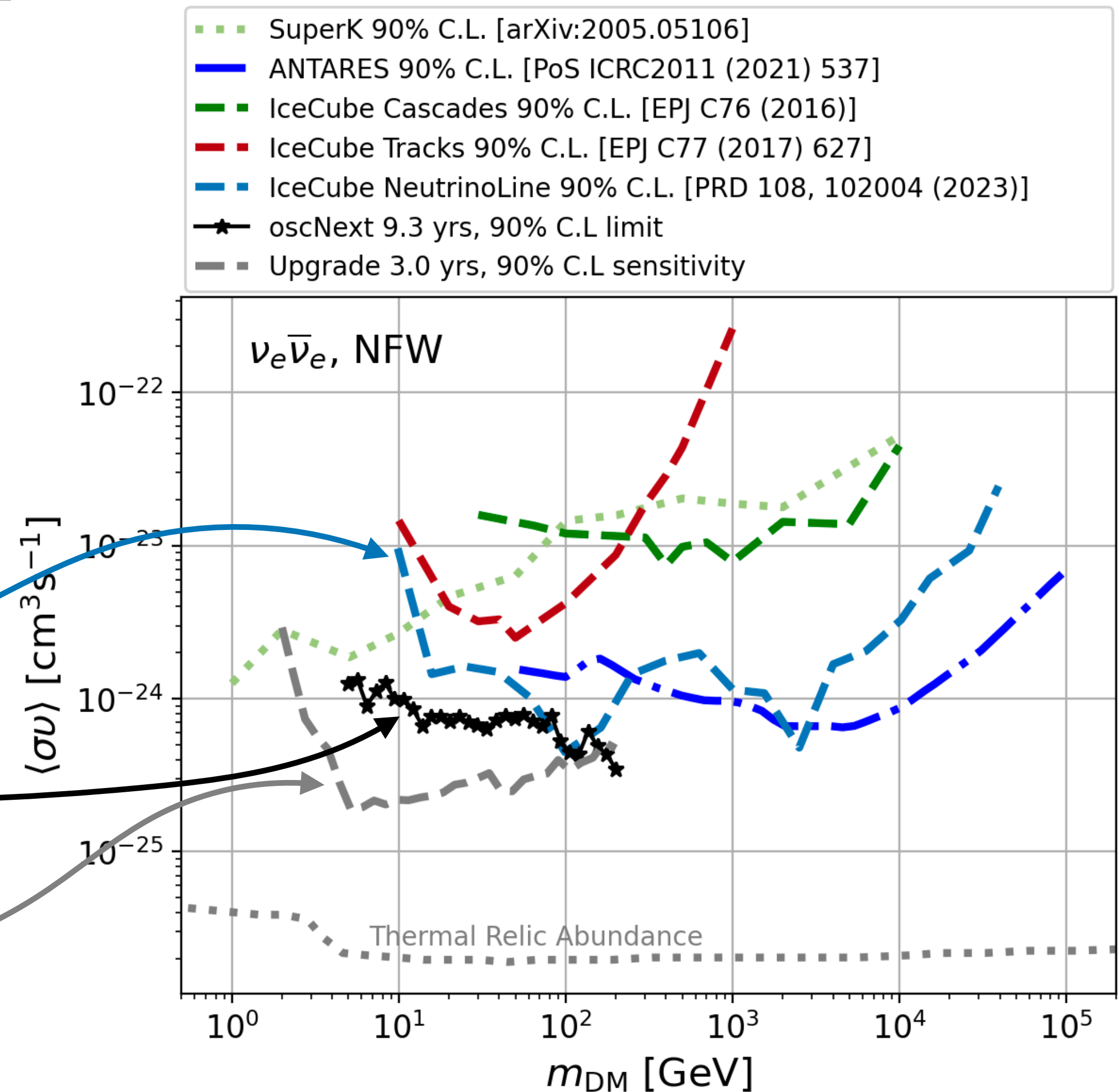
As Cosmic
Messengers

As Fundamental
Probes

Dark Matter

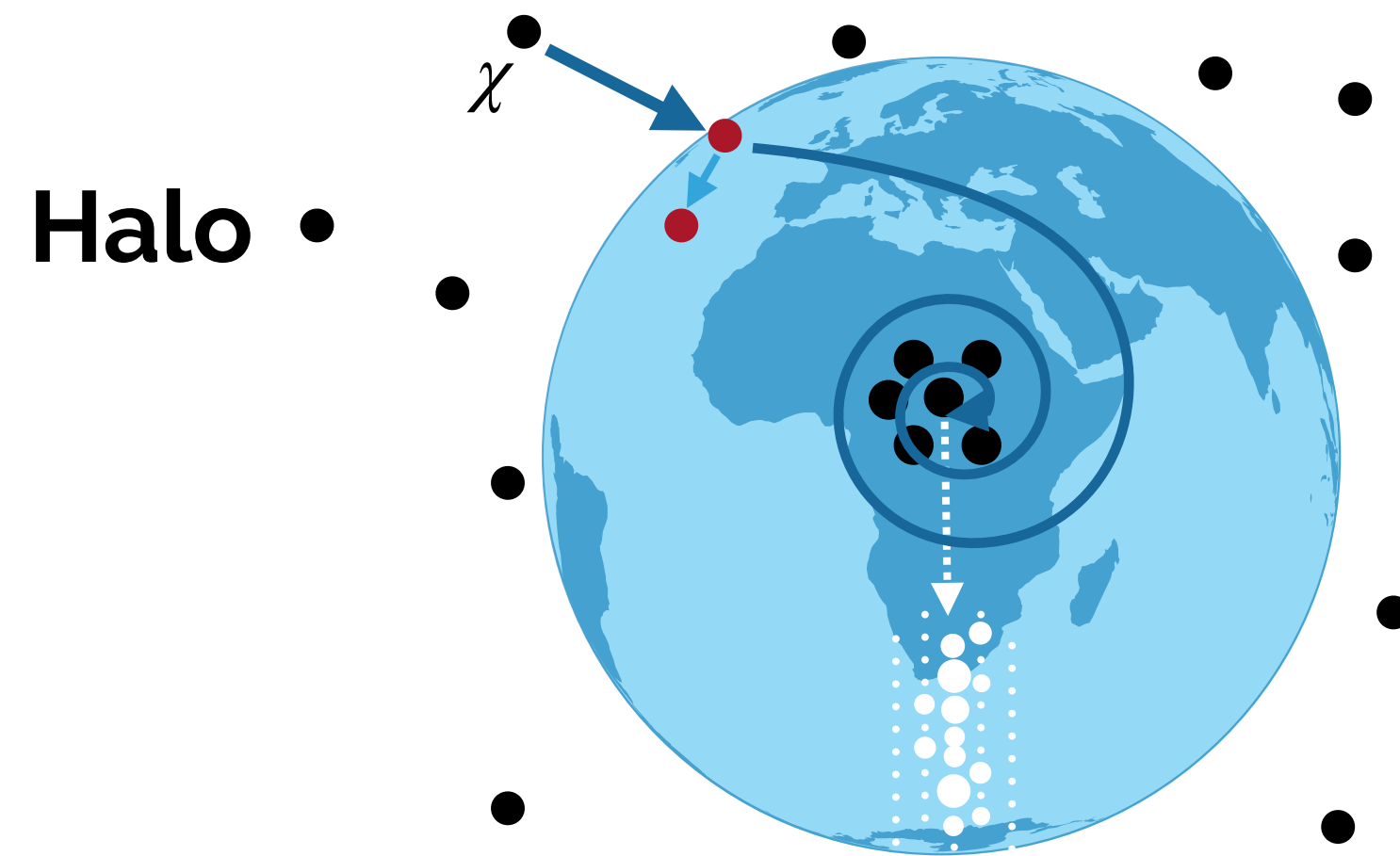
Searches from the Galactic Center

- Looking for a dark matter annihilation and decay from the center of the Galaxy
- Limits on a wide mass range
 - 30 GeV - 100 TeV
- Publications:
 - **Physical Review D 108 (2023) 10, 102004**
 - **DeepCore (pubcom working review)**
 - **Projected sensitivity IC-Upgrade (planned)**

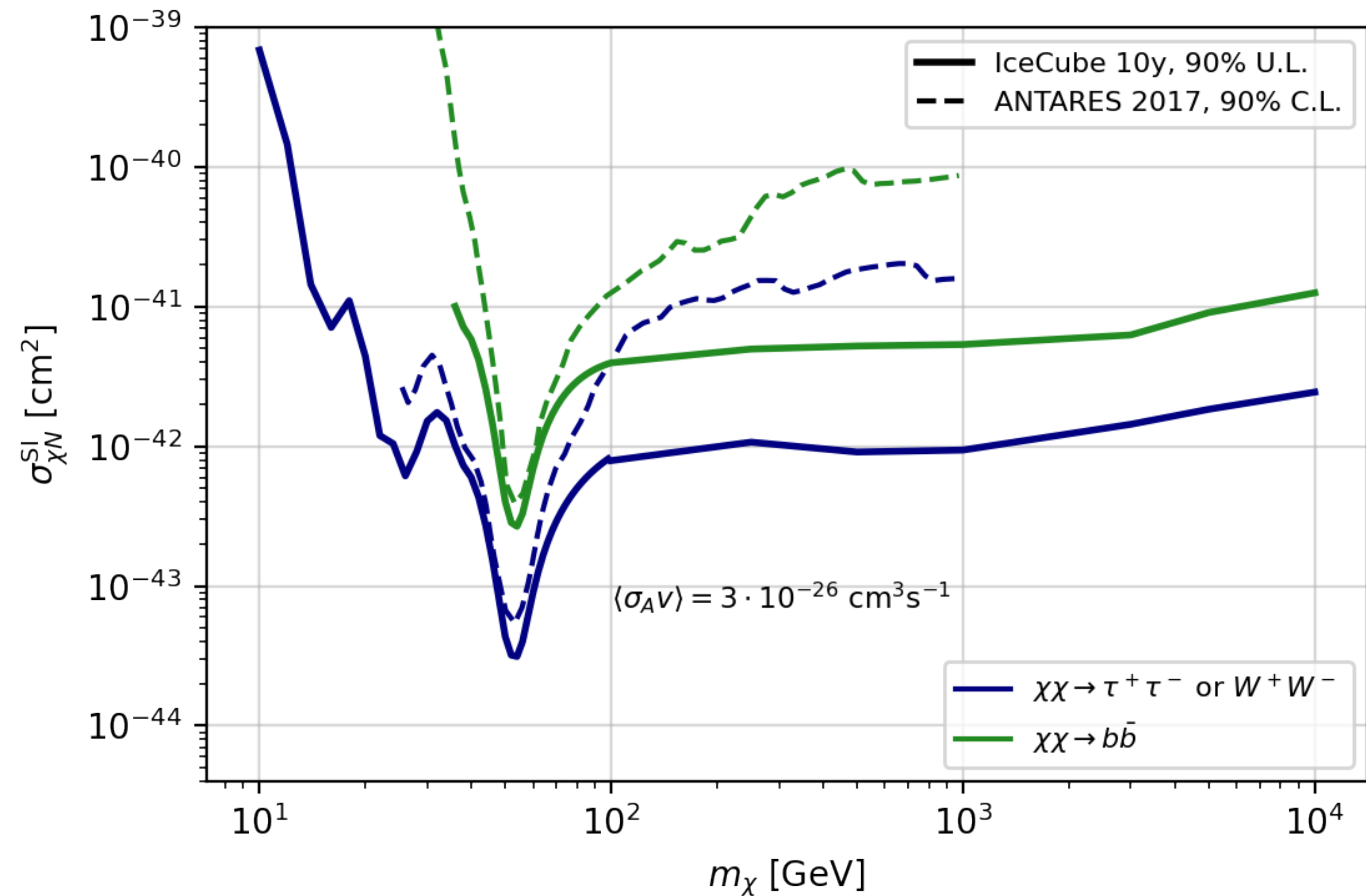


Dark Matter

Celestial Bodies

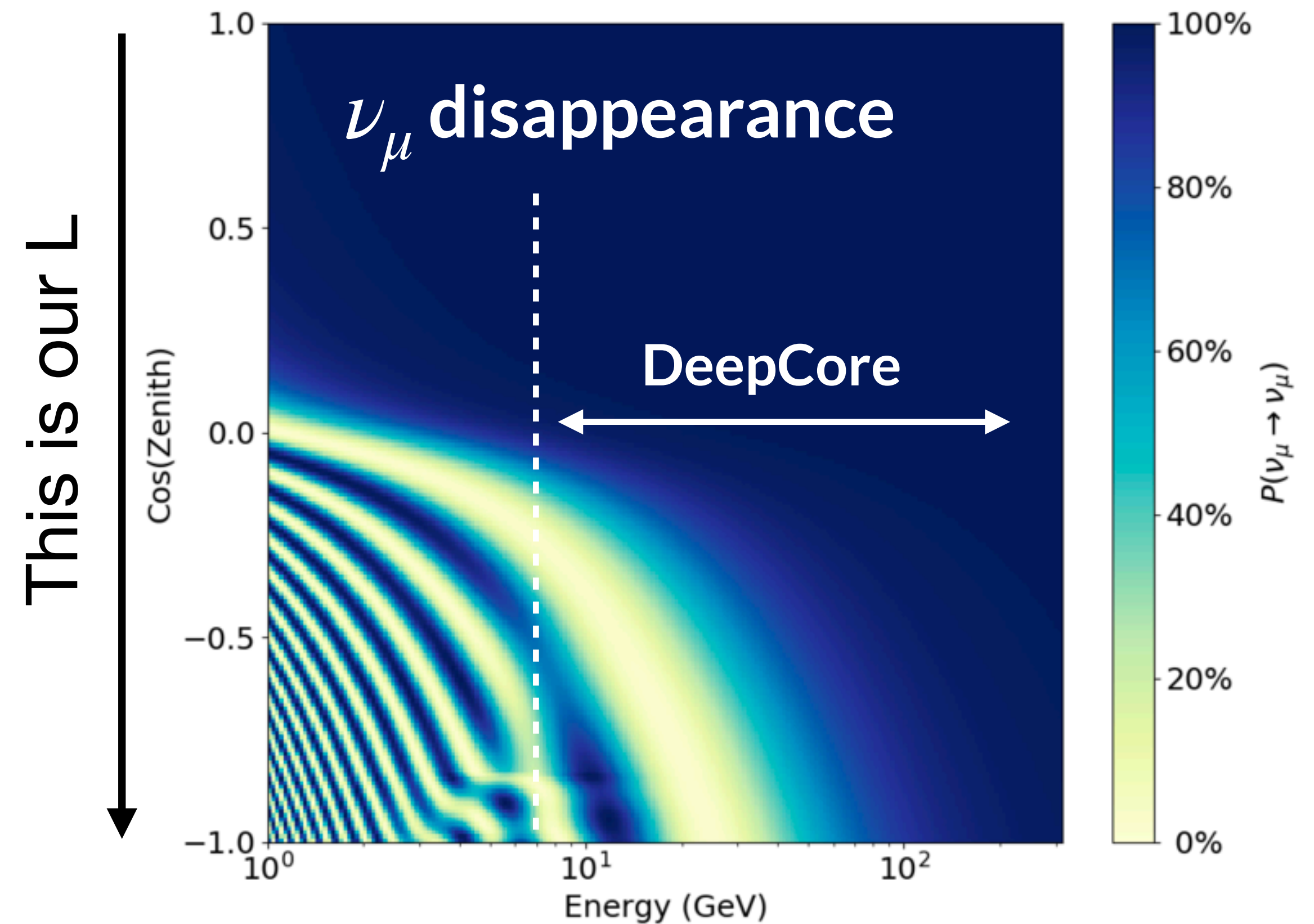
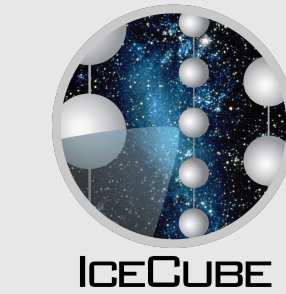


- Search for DM annihilation from the center of the Earth
- Challenging analysis:
 - Signal is in local coordinates
- Best published limits above 100 GeV
 - **EPJ C85 (2025) 490**



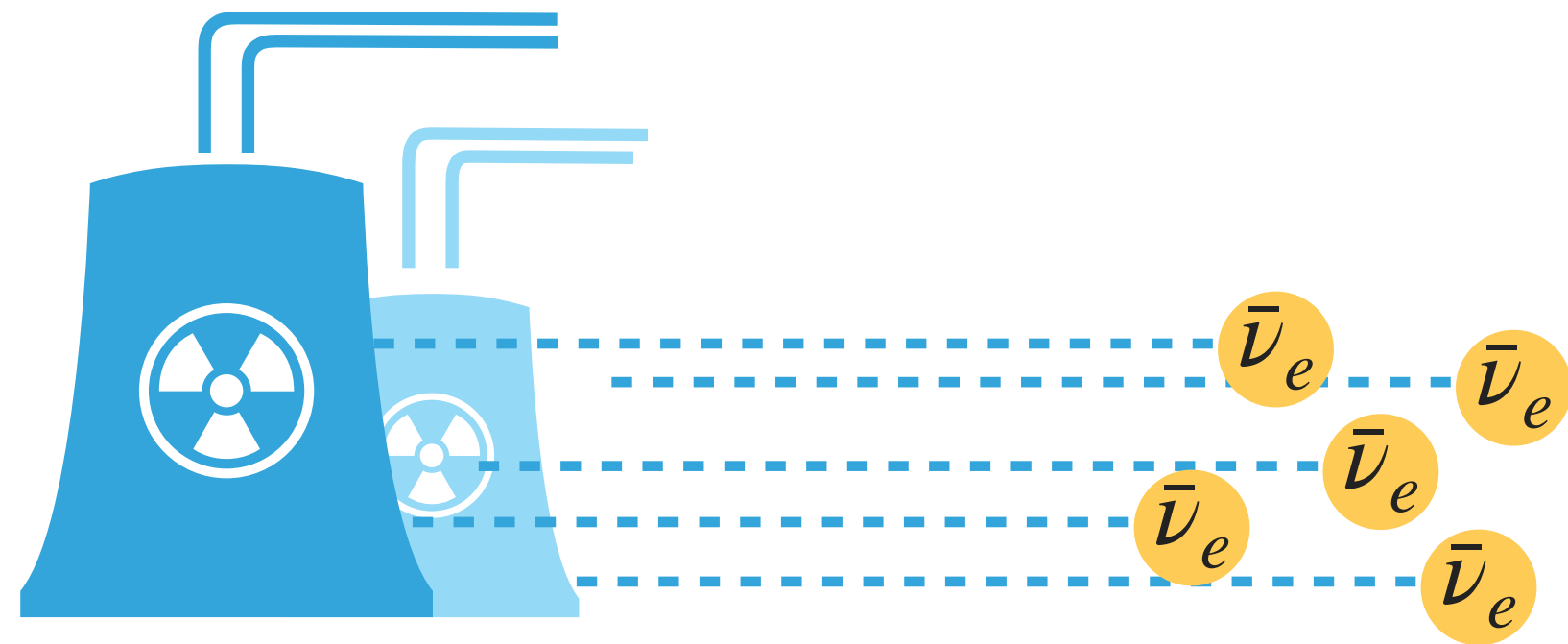
Neutrino Oscillations

- Neutrino telescopes:
 - Oscillation 'dip' give sensitivity to 23 sector
- Precision measurement using pure and large statistics atmospheric neutrinos:
 - **IceCube:** DeepCore - Upgrade
 - **KM3NeT:** ORCA
- Oscillations are also a gateway to BSM:
 - Sterile neutrinos
 - Non-standard interactions
 - Flavor violation

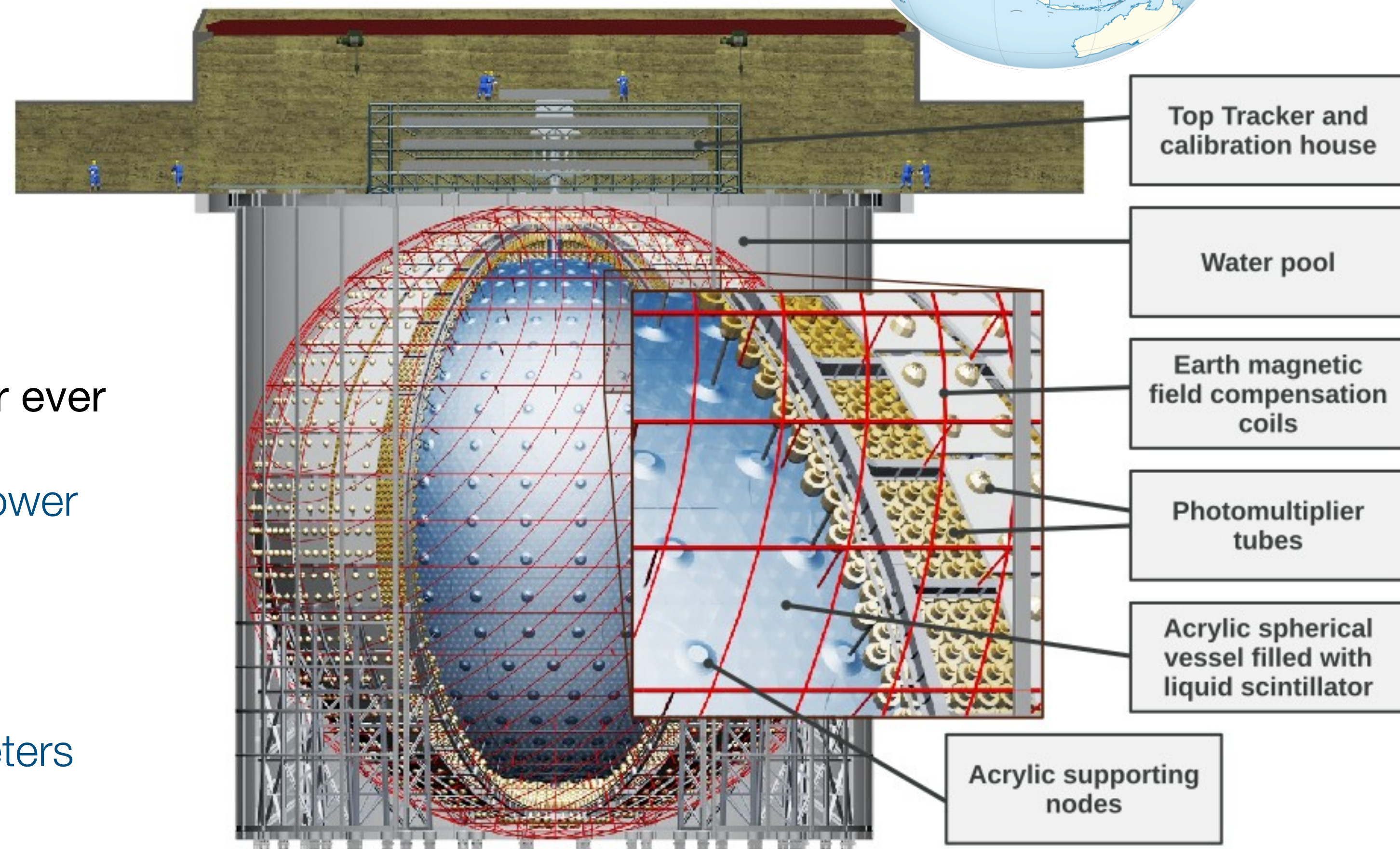


Reactor Neutrinos

Jiangmen Underground Neutrino Observatory

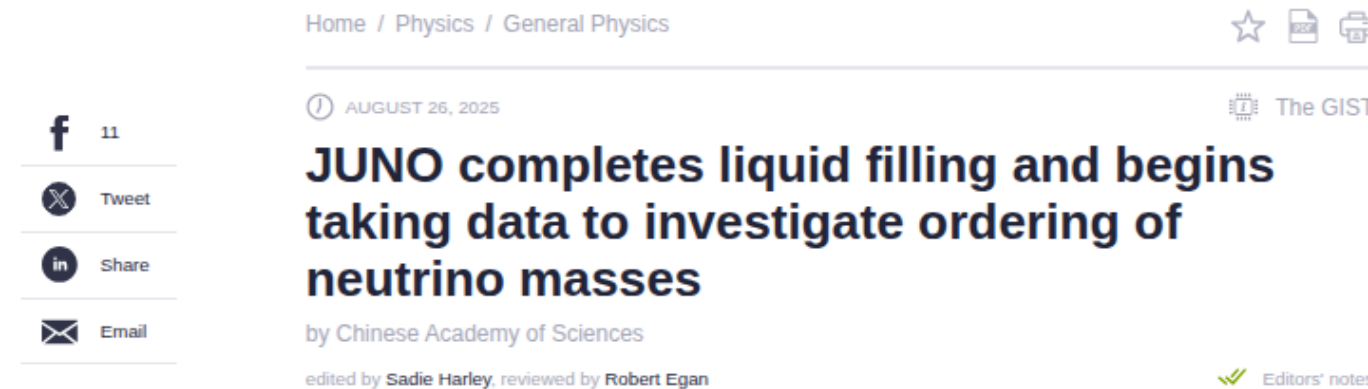
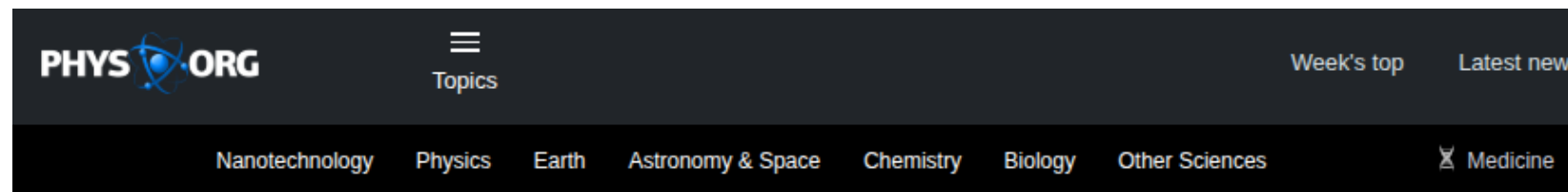


- The first **multi-kton liquid scintillator** detector ever built
 - 53 km from Taishan and Yangjiang nuclear power plant (China)
- Physics goal:
 - Neutrino Mass Ordering
 - Precision Measurement of Oscillation Parameters
- Civil construction ended in Dec. 2021



JUNO Status

Taking data!

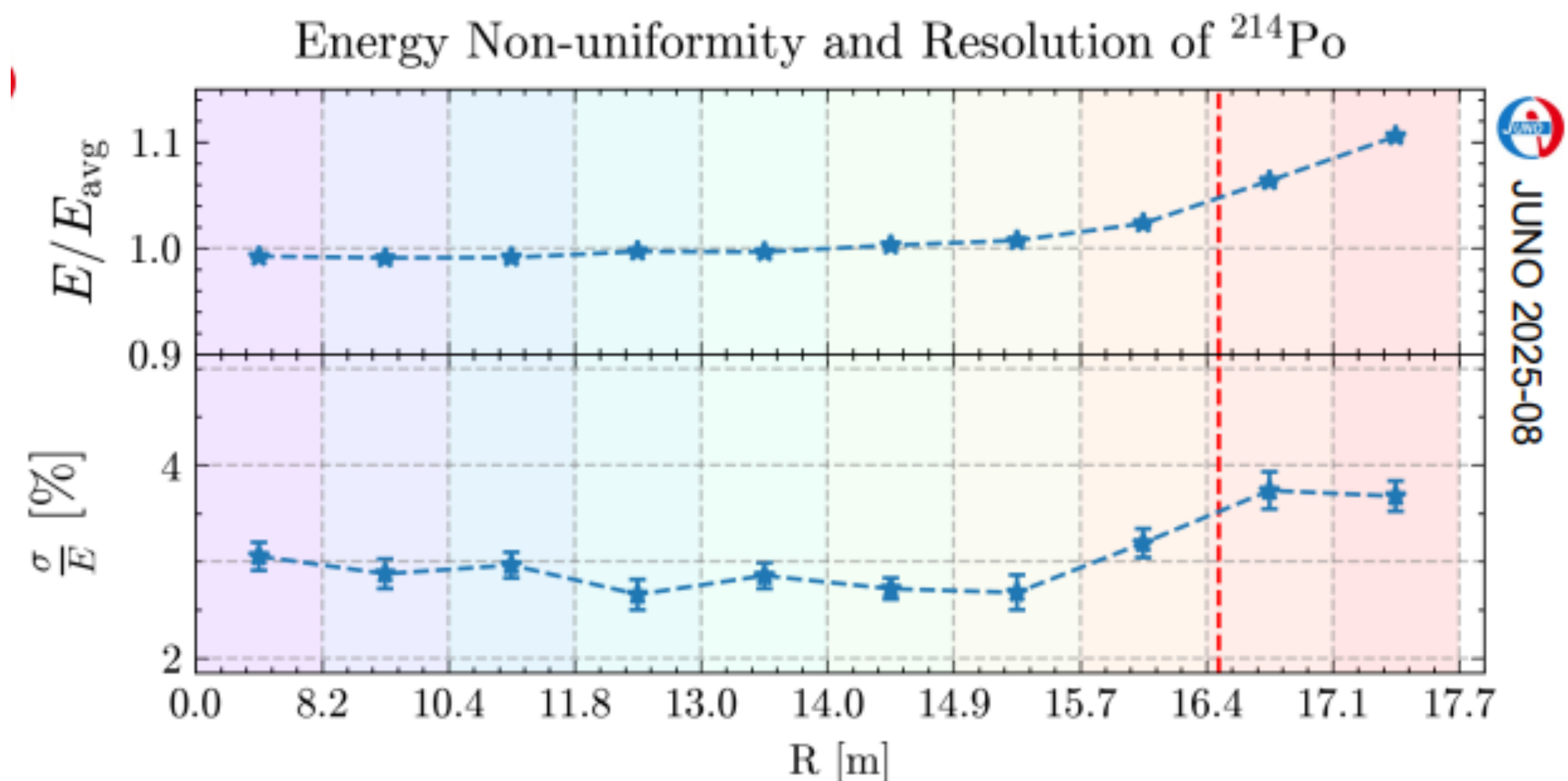


The central acrylic sphere and PMTs. Credit: JUNO Collaboration

The Jiangmen Underground Neutrino Observatory (JUNO) has successfully completed filling its 20,000-tons liquid scintillator detector and began taking data on Aug. 26.

After more than a decade of preparation and construction, JUNO is the first of a new generation of very large neutrino experiments to reach this stage. Initial trial operations and data taking show that key performance indicators met or exceeded design expectations, enabling JUNO to tackle one of this decade's major open questions in particle physics: the ordering of neutrino masses—whether the third mass state (ν_3) is heavier than the second (ν_2).

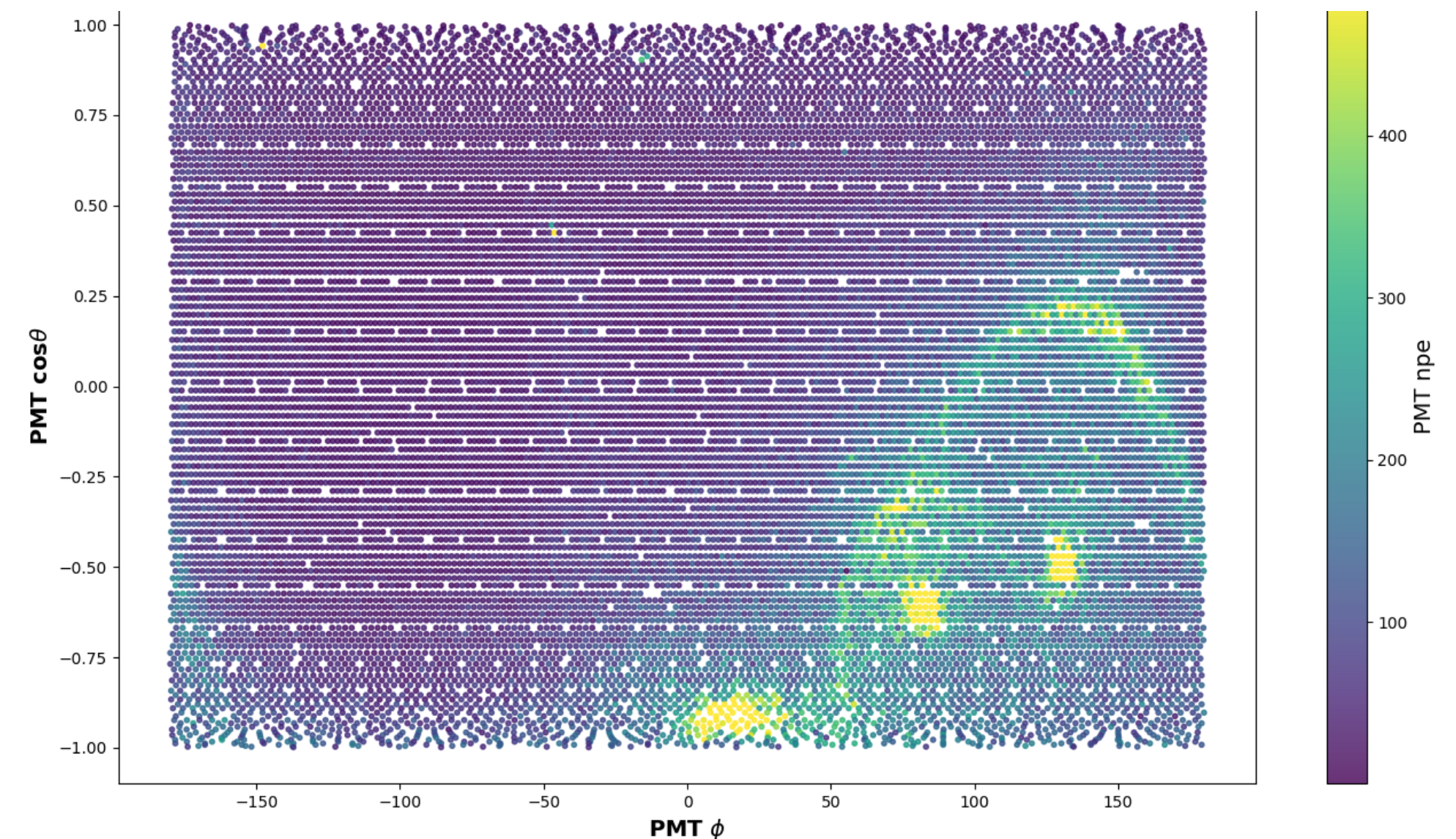
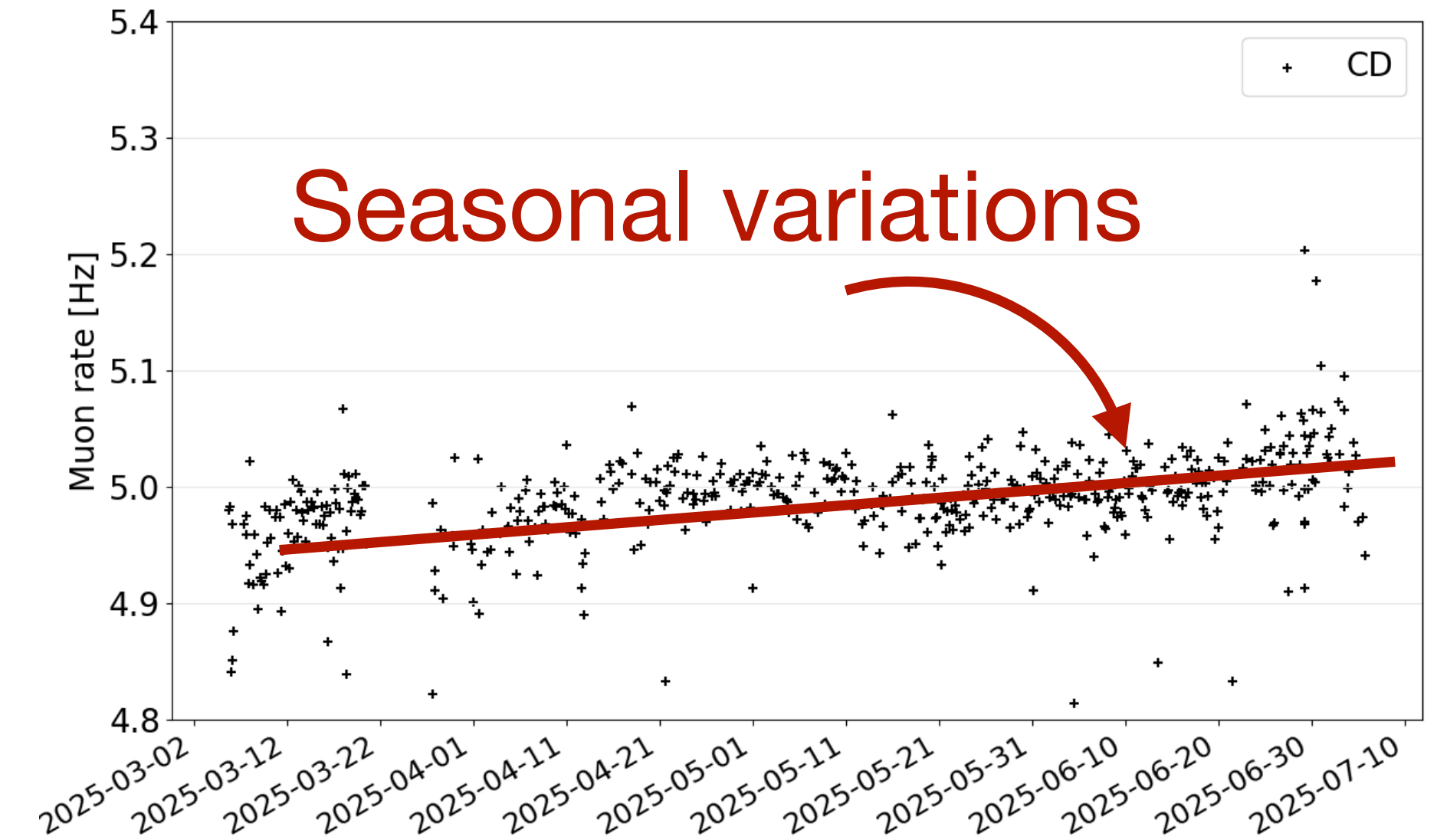
- 10 years of construction
 - Taking data since 26/08/2025!
- Liquid Scintillator cleanliness close to other solar neutrino experiments
- Energy resolution 3%



Commissioning Data



- Muon tagging and monitoring:
 - Stability over ~5 months of commissioning data
 - Hint at seasonal variations
- First atmospheric neutrino candidates:
 - Multi-ring DIS interaction
- Other activities:
 - Hardware: 180 Back-End Cards
 - Supernova neutrino monitoring
 - Calibration: energy non-uniformity

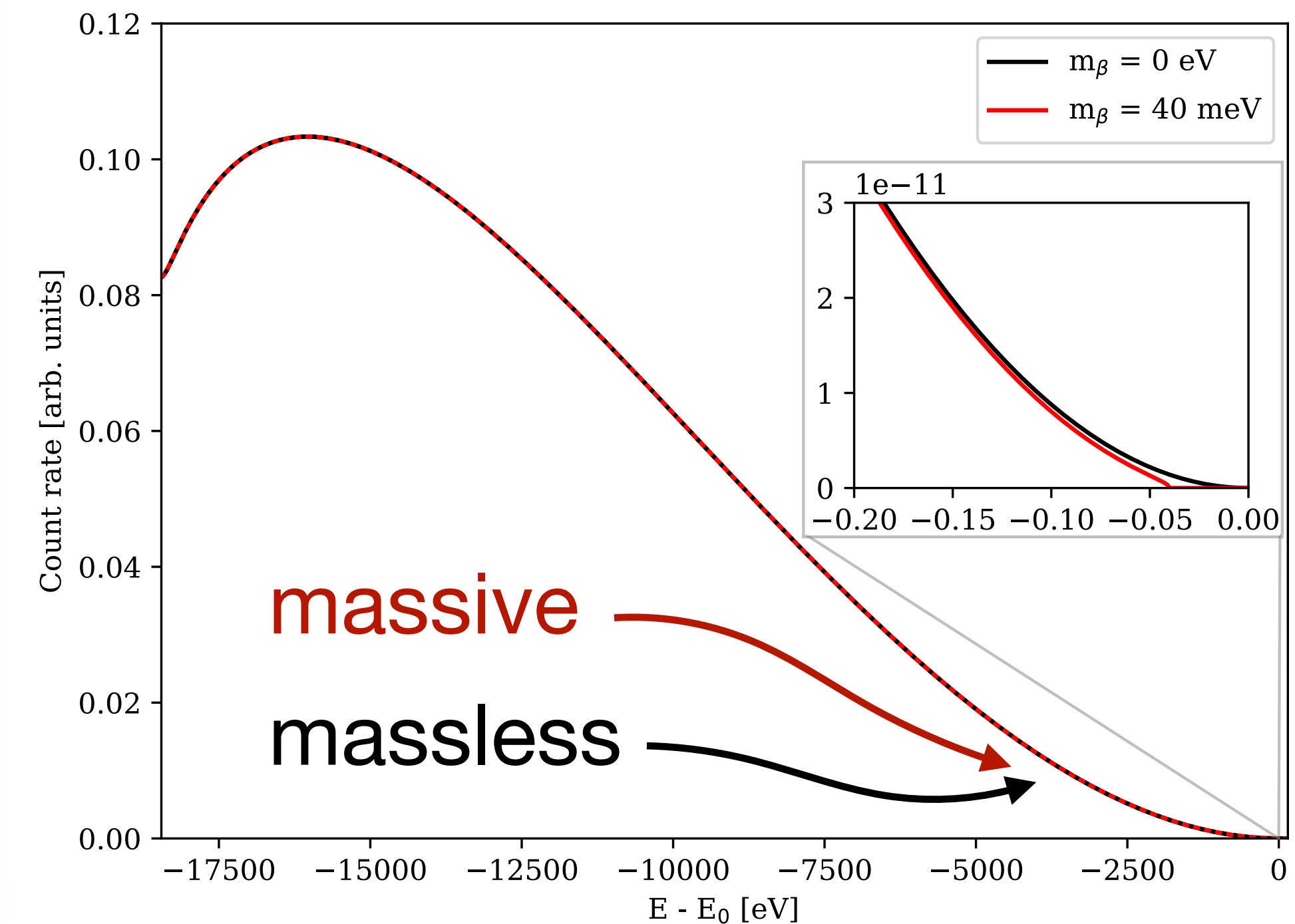
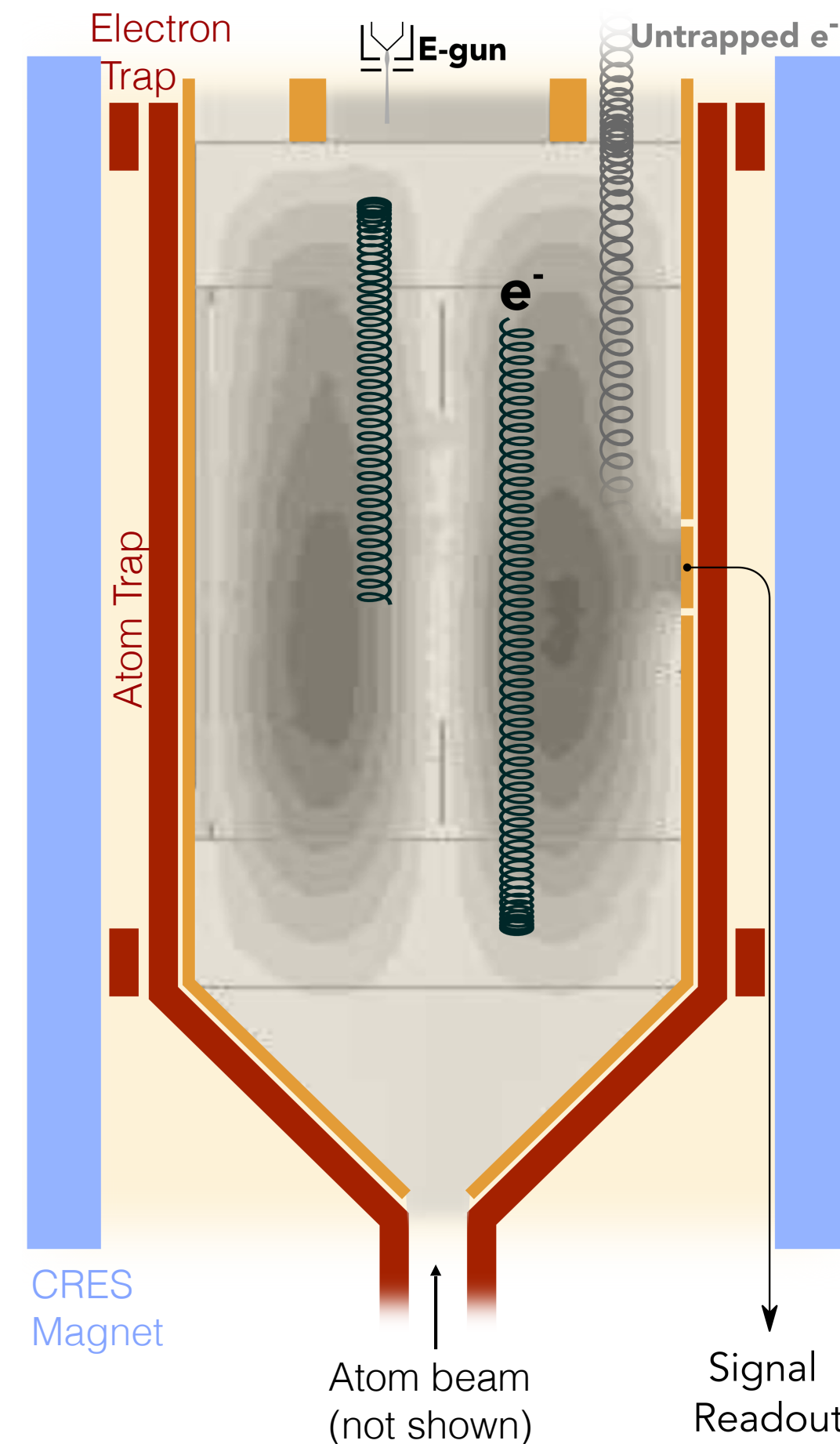


Searching for the Neutrino Mass

Project 8

PROJECT 8

- **Goal:** Measure the mass of the neutrino
- Tritium as a beta-decay source
 - Measurement of the electron spectrum
- Cyclotron motion:
 - Use cyclotron radiation to measure the electron's kinetic energy.
- Sensitive to electron-weighted neutrino mass:
 - $m_{\beta}^2 = \sum |U_{ei}|^2 m_i^2$
- New funding ERC starting-Grant



And many other activities...



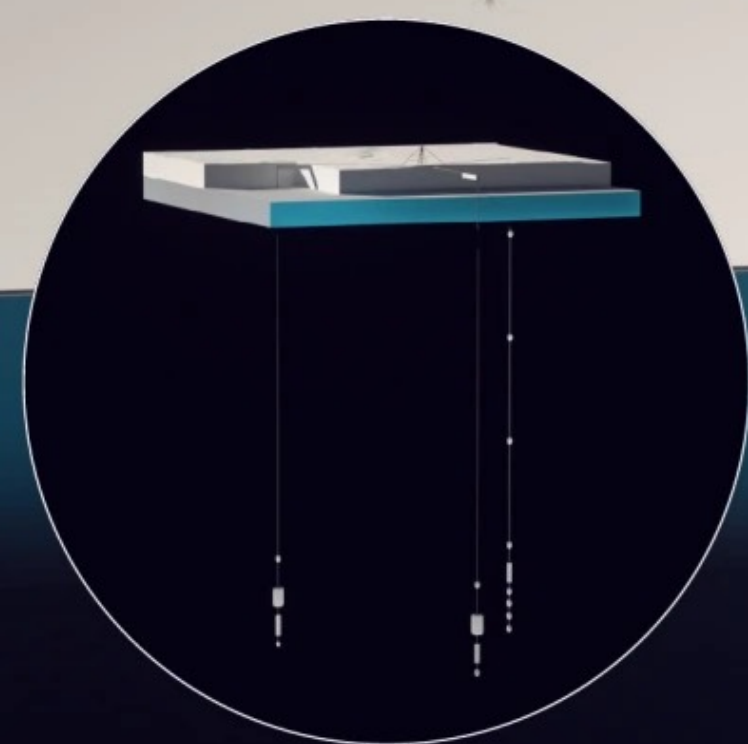
Activities:

- Search for milli-Charge Particles / [IceCube ULB](#)
- Search for D-muons / [KM3NeT ULB](#)
- Search for neutrino-lines in KM3NeT / [KM3NeT ULB](#)
- EHE neutrino discrimination / [IceCube ULB](#)
- Follow-up of Gravitational Events / [IceCube UCLouvain](#)
- Marine Biology / [KM3NeT UCLouvain](#)
- Direct detection of Boosted DM / [IceCube UCLouvain](#)
- TeV search of messenger / [IceCube UCLouvain](#)
- Tau neutrino identification / [IceCube UGent](#)
- ***R&D for future Neutrino Telescopes (next slide)***

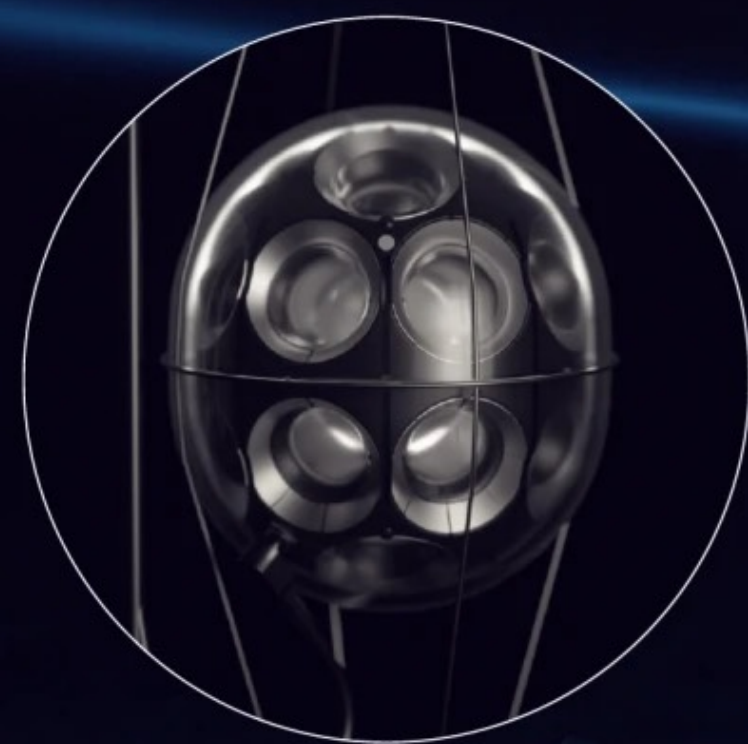


Key roles:

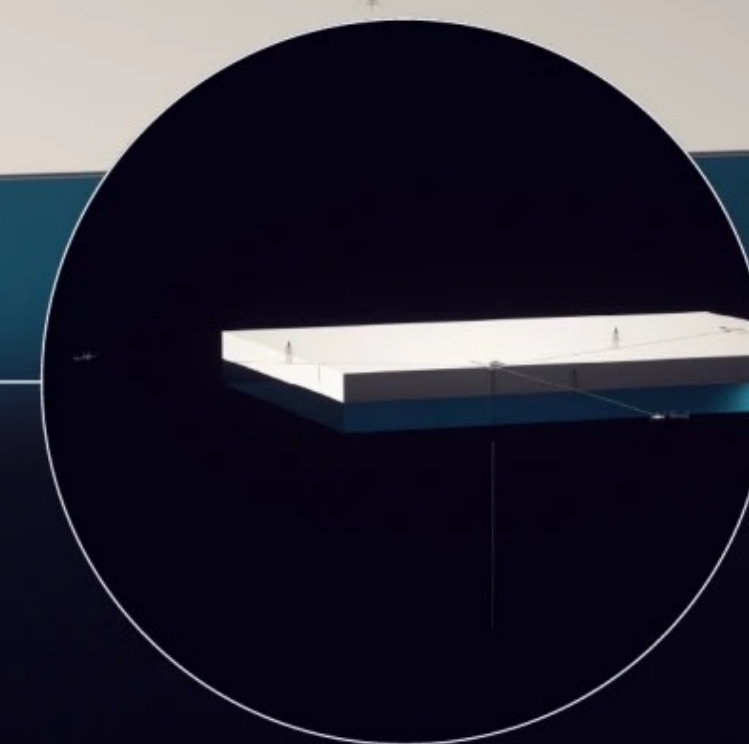
- **Y. Yang (ULB)** - Convenor of the electronics data link group JUNO
- **M. Colomer (ULB)** - Convenor of the ν -atm group of JUNO and ECR
- **B. Clerbaux (ULB)** - Member of the JUNO Publication Committee.
- **J. A. Aguilar (ULB)** - Member of Executive Committee IceCube / Publication Committee Chair IceCube / Analysis Coordinator IceCube (22-24)
- **G. W. Dewasseige (UCLouvain)** - Convenor Supernova group IceCube.
- **S. Toscano (ULB)** - L3 manager Radio-Detection Production for IceCube-Gen2
- **M. Lamoureux (UCLouvain)** - Astro convener KM3NeT
- **UCLouvain:** ACME center of expertise and WP7 leader
- **K. Kruiskwijk (UCLouvain)** - SN Technical lead IceCube
- **J. Lazar (UCLouvain)** - BSM Technical lead IceCube



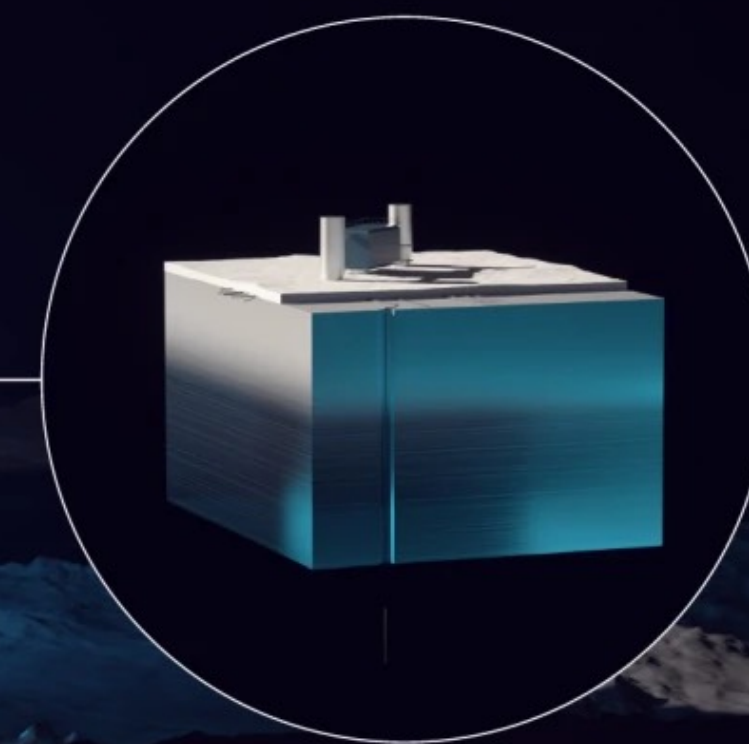
Radio Array | Station



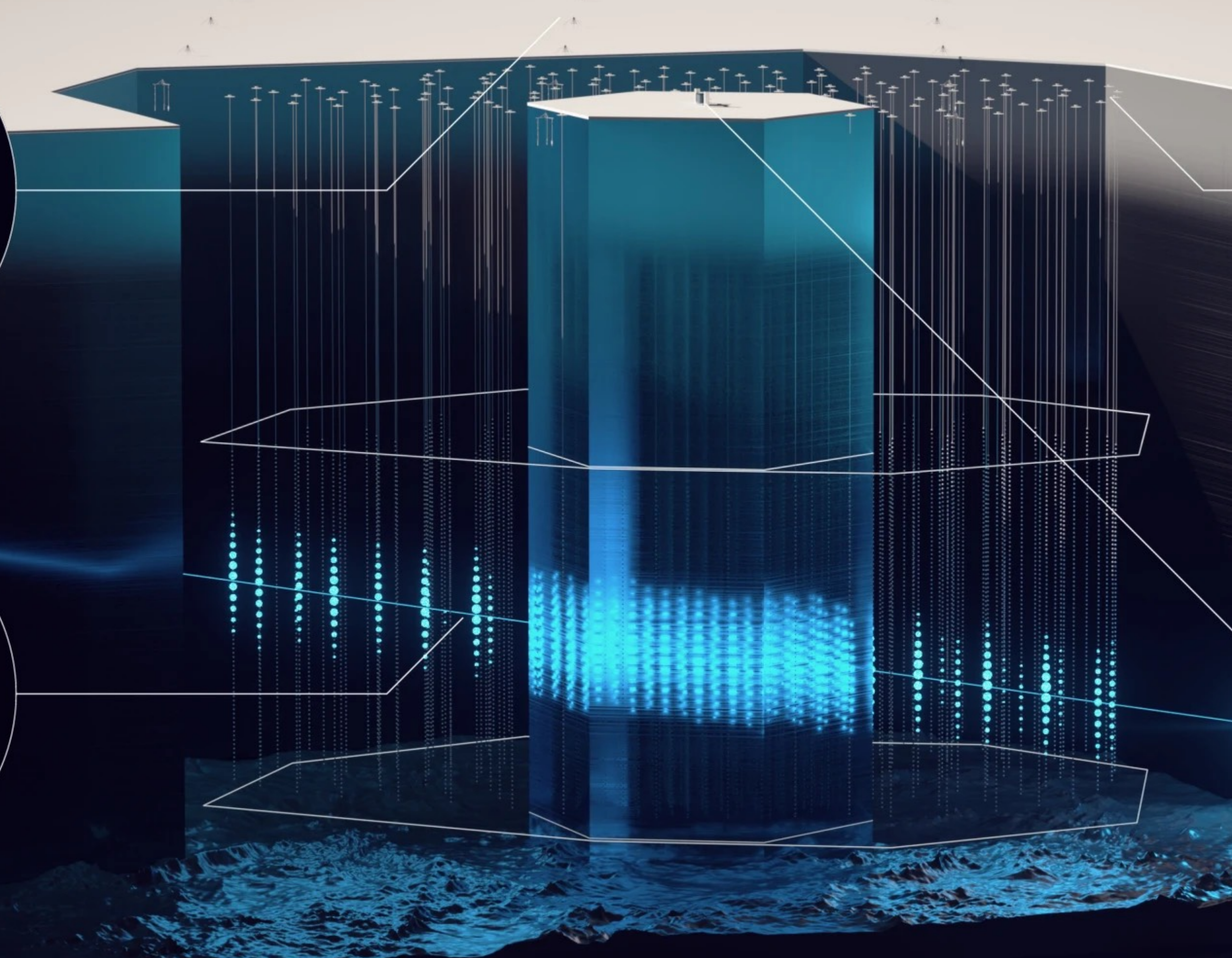
Optical Array | Sensor



Surface Array | Station



IceCube | Laboratory



ICECUBE
GEN2

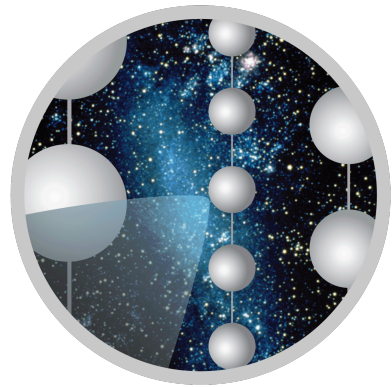
<https://icecube-gen2.wisc.edu/>

White paper: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2008.04323>

Conclusions

- Belgium has a broad and extensive neutrino research program.
- IceCube has pioneered neutrino astronomy, delivering groundbreaking results.
- Neutrino telescopes (IceCube, KM3NeT) are powerful tools for both neutrino physics and BSM studies.
- Upcoming experiments, such as JUNO, already taking data, and Project 8, will deepen our understanding of neutrinos.
- Future large-scale observatories, including IceCube-Gen2, will provide new insights into the high-energy Universe.

Many Thanks



ICECUBE

ULB: J. A. Aguilar (IL), S. Toscano, I. Mariş / Postdocs: N. Chau, F. Schlütter, A. Parenti

VUB: N. Van Eijndhoven (IL), K. De Vries

UCLouvain: G. W. Dewasseige (IL) / Postdocs: K. Jansson, J. Lazar

UGent: J. Stachurska (IL)



UCLouvain: G. W. Dewasseige (IL), V. Lemaître / Postdocs: M. Lamoureux, R. Clark.

ULB (Observer Institution): J. A. Aguilar



ULB: B. Clerbaux (IL), Y. Yang / Postdocs: A. Khatun, F. Gao, M. Colomer

PROJECT 8

UGent: J. Stachurska (IL)

Backup

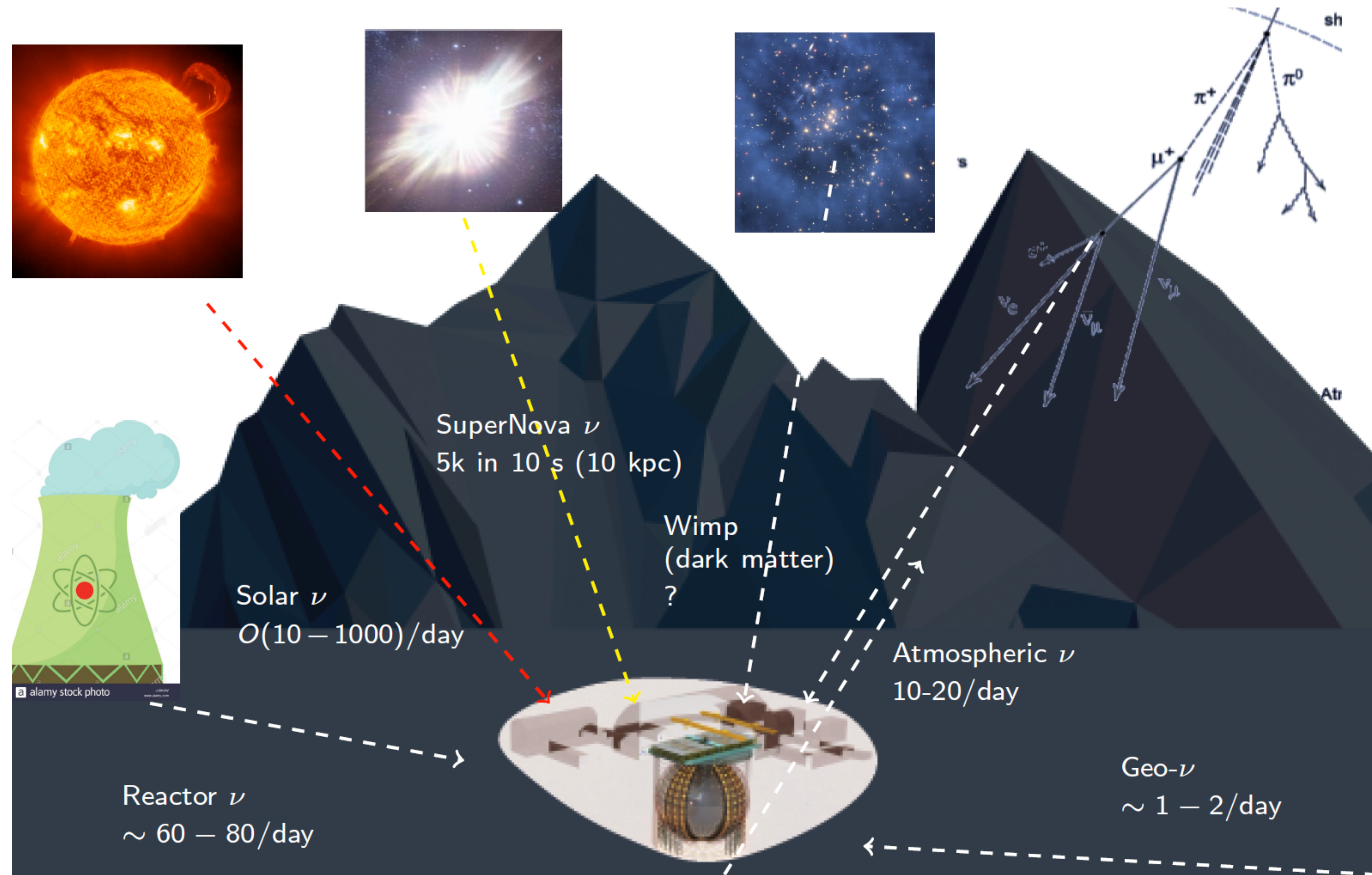
JUNO physics program

- **Main Goals:**

- Neutrino mass ordering
- Precision Measurement of Oscillation Parameters

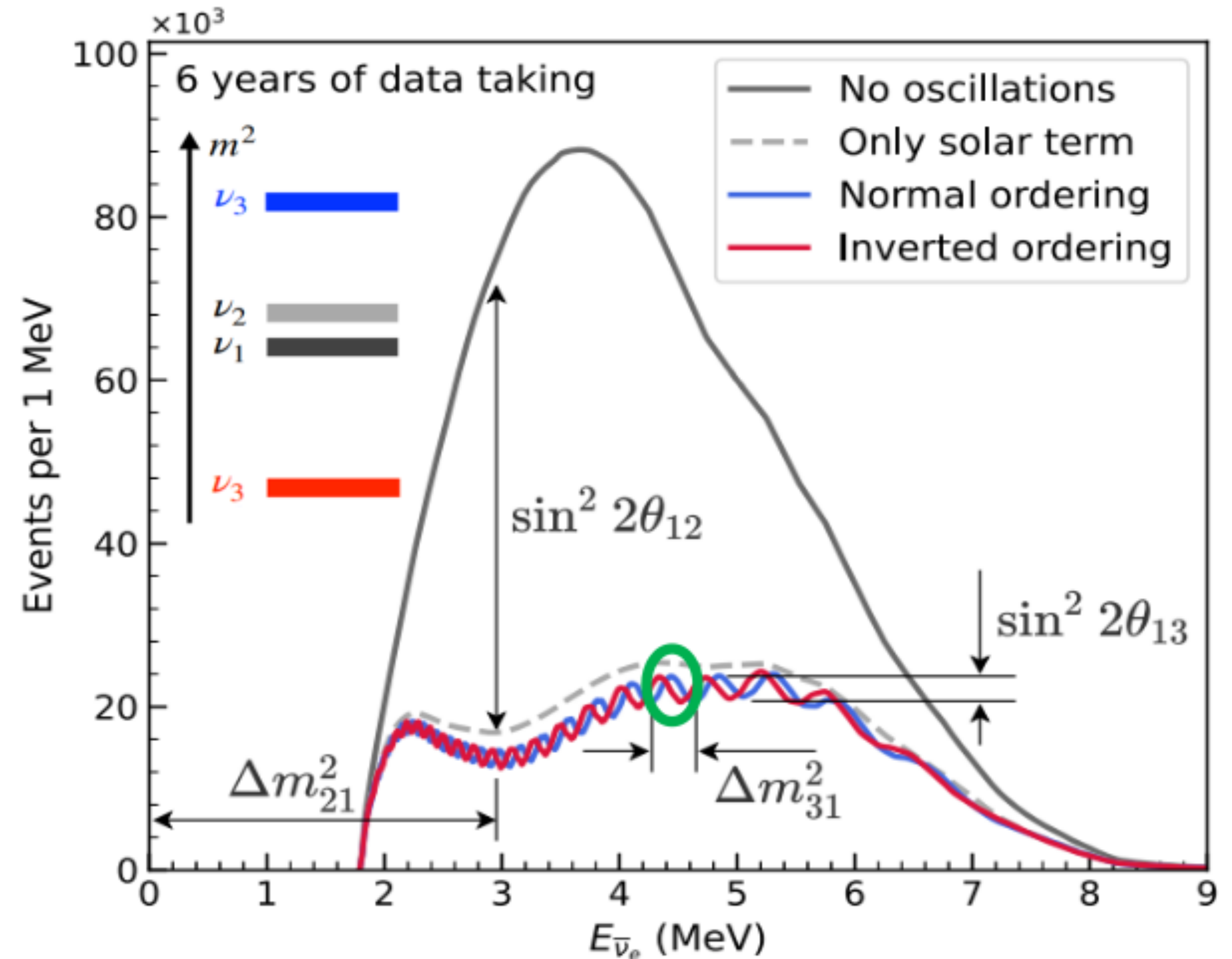
- **But also...**

- Supernova neutrinos
- Dark Matter...



JUNO Physics Goal

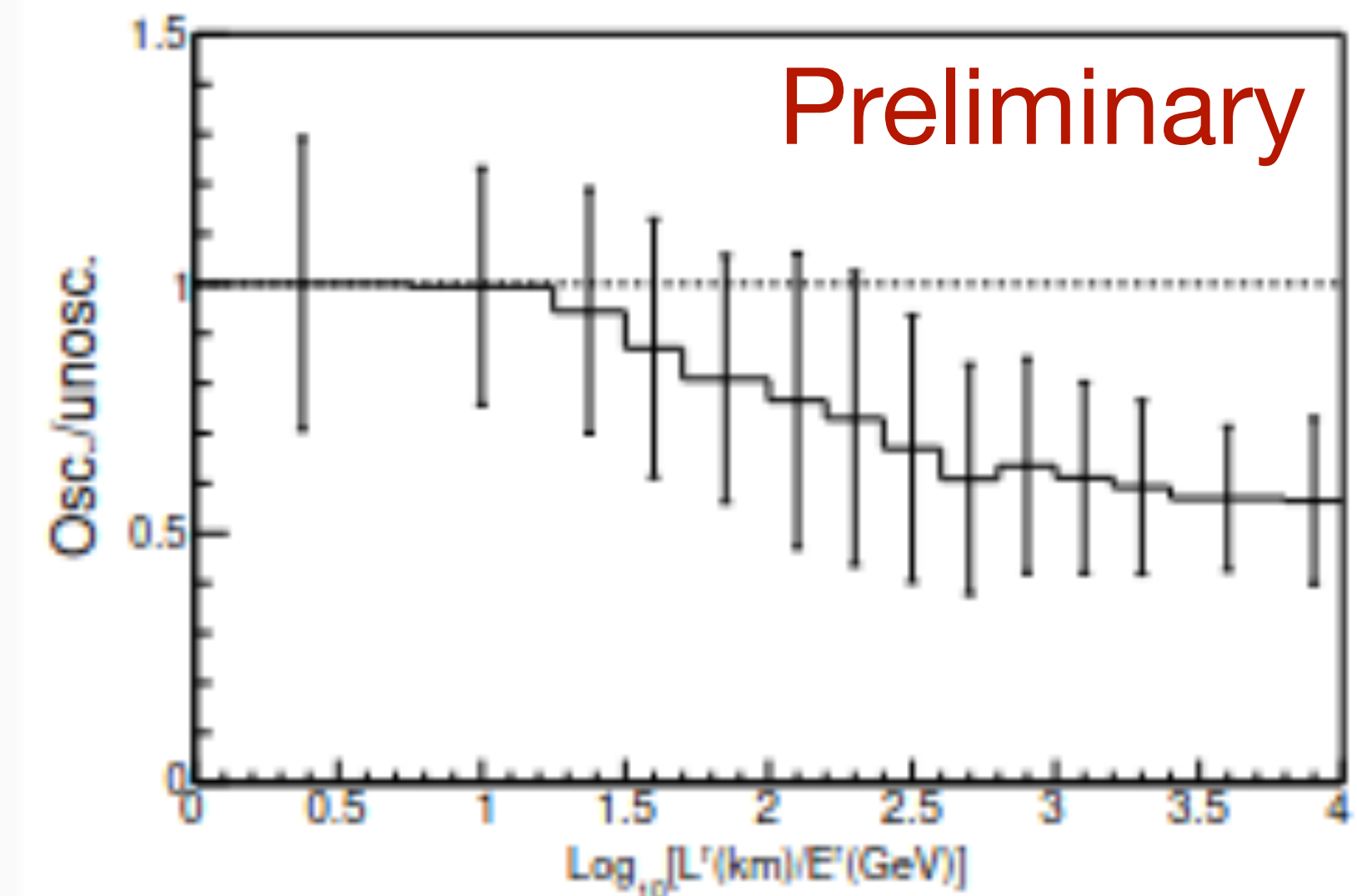
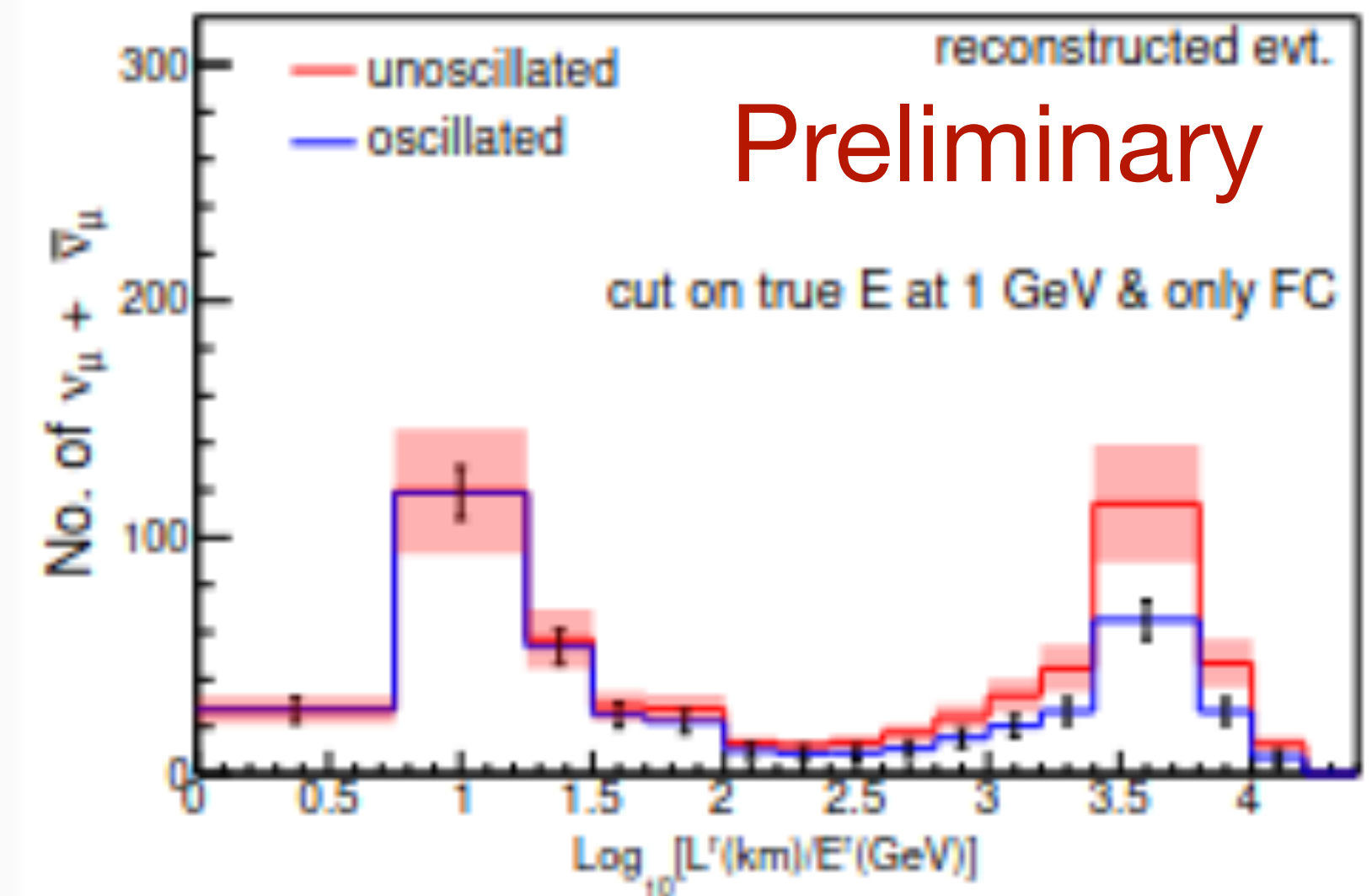
- Main Goals:
 - Neutrino mass ordering
 - Precision Measurement of Oscillation Parameters
- But also astrophysics
 - Supernova neutrinos



Physics Sensitivities

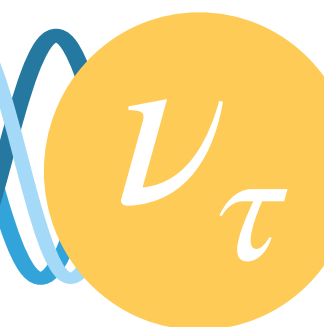
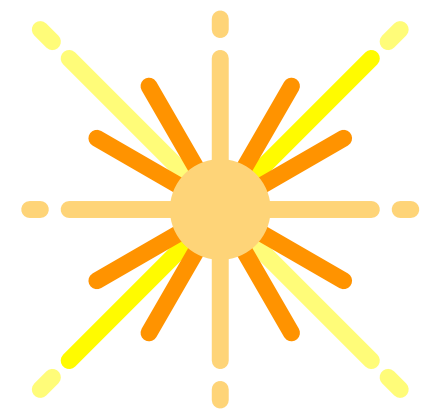


- Neutrino oscillations with atmospheric neutrinos:
 - Observation of the GeV dip with 1 year of data
- Confirm the oscillation of GeV neutrino with **LS detector for the first time**
- Atmospheric neutrino will also help in the neutrino mass hierarchy by combining with reactor neutrinos.

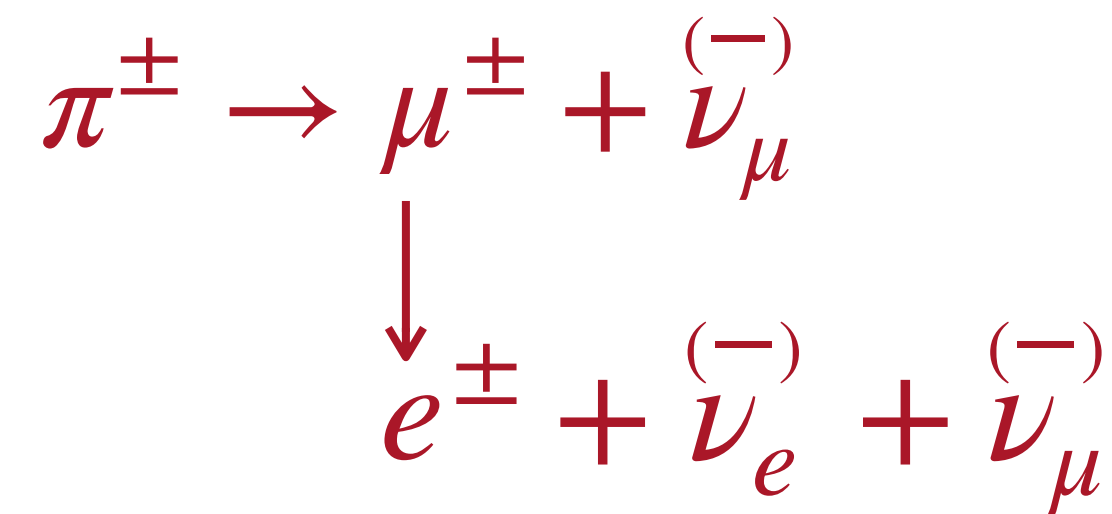


Astrophysical Neutrinos

Flavor Ratio

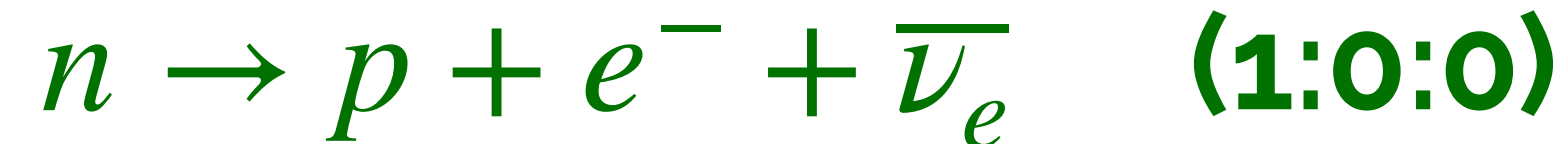


pion production



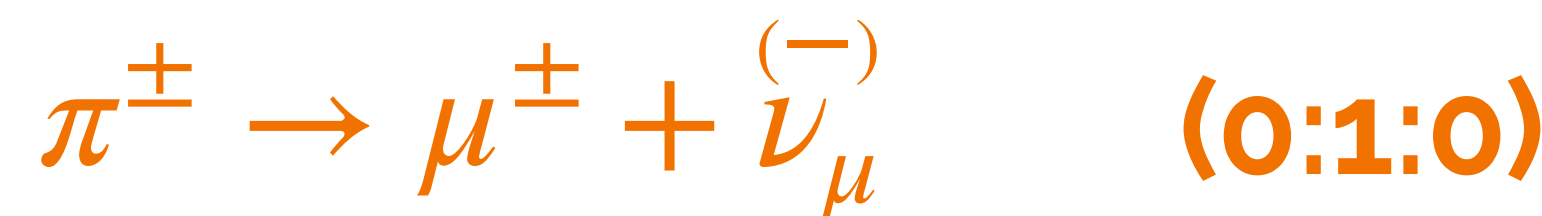
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neutron decay



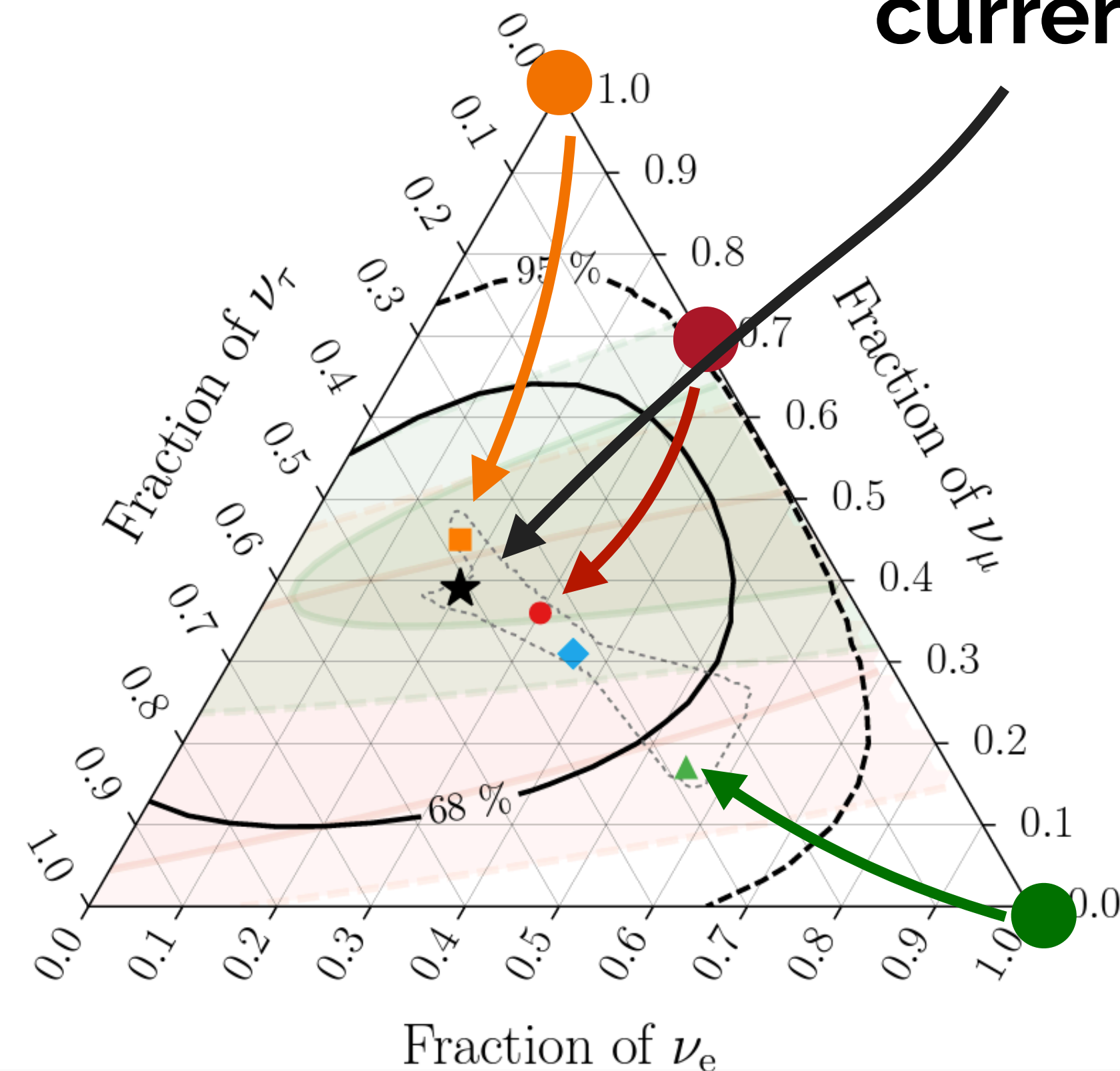
(1:0:0)

muon dumped



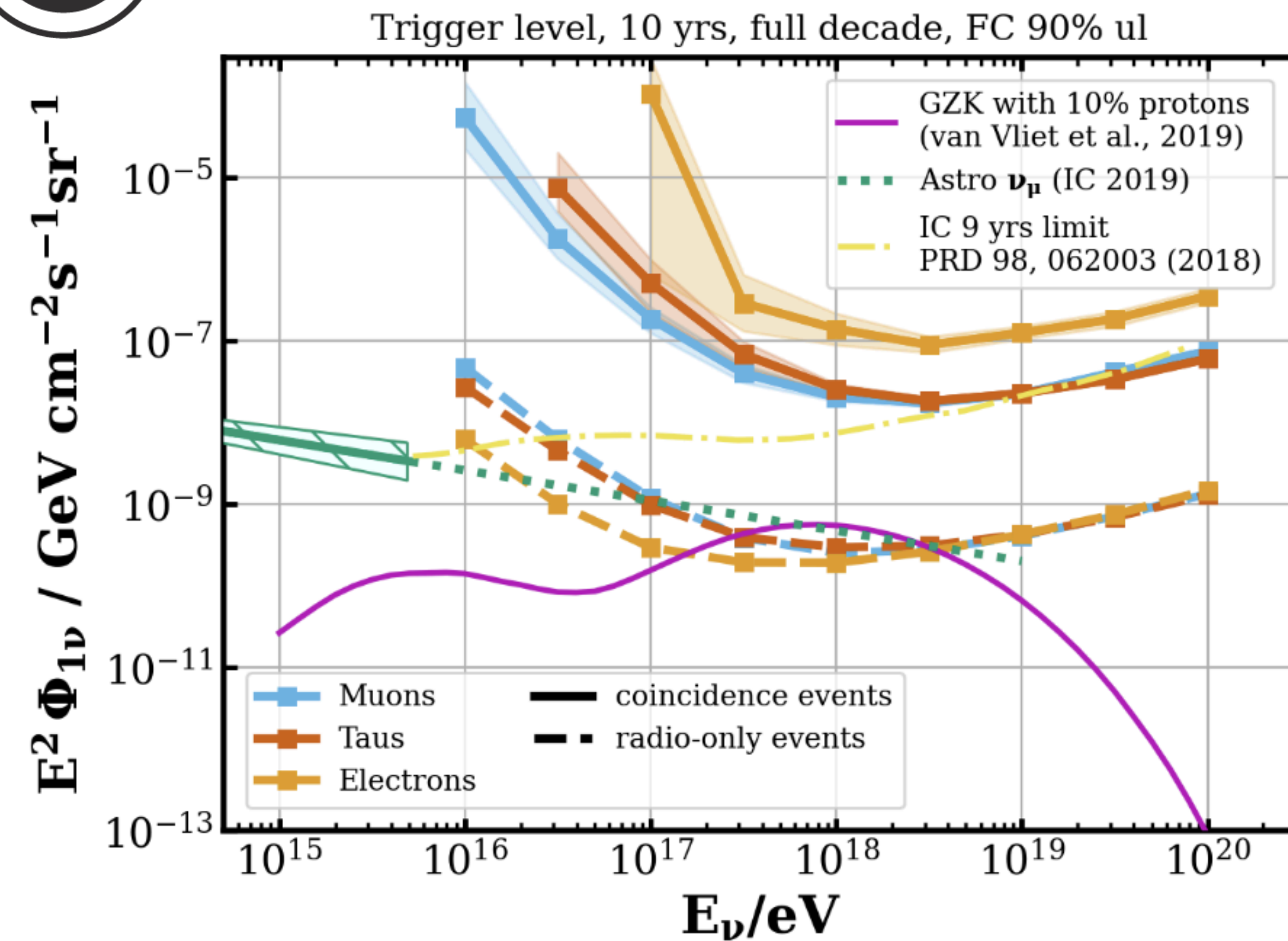
(0:1:0)

current results





R&D for Gen2



- Study of hybrid (optical/radio) events in Gen2
- Rate estimated too low for current layout
 - 0.2 events in 10 year
- Results in **PoS(ICRC2023)1022.**

Plans for IceCube Gen2

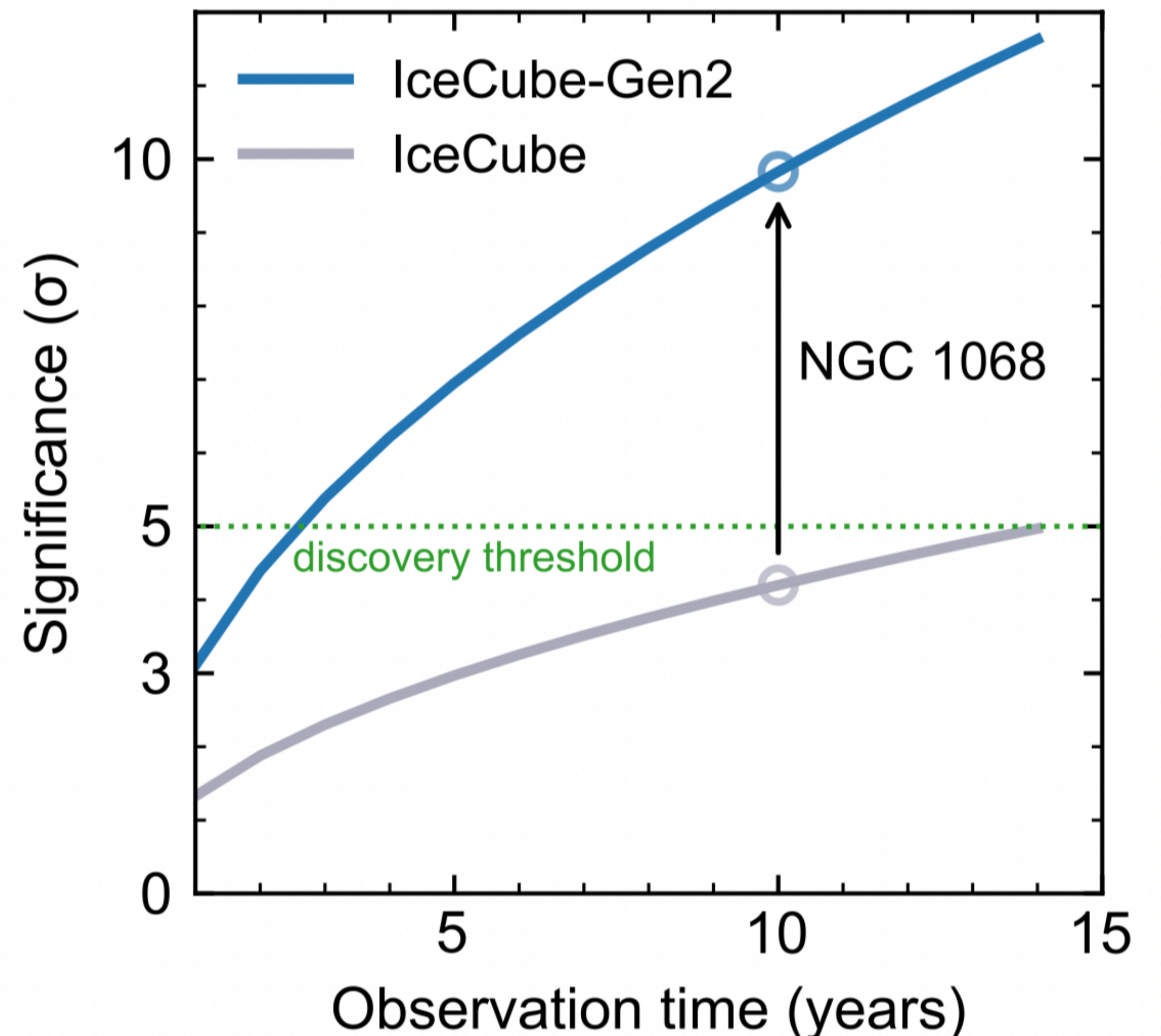
- Scale of funding for full IceCube-Gen2 is ~\$500M from *National Science Foundation (NSF)*, ~\$74M (in kind) from international partners.
- This scale of funding from NSF must go through the **MREFC** (Major Research Equipment and Facilities Construction) funding line and be approved by the National Science Board.
- Meanwhile, IceCube as been encouraged by NSF to submit a proposal for MSRI-I Design and Development (capped at \$20M over 5 years)

IceCube-Gen2

Point Sources

- $5 \times$ improvement in effective area
- $2 \times$ improvement in angular resolution
- **IceCube-Gen2** will allow to firmly discover the brightest AGNs on the neutrino sky
- NGC1068: 10σ after 10 years
 - Precise measurement of the spectral shape of the neutrino emission

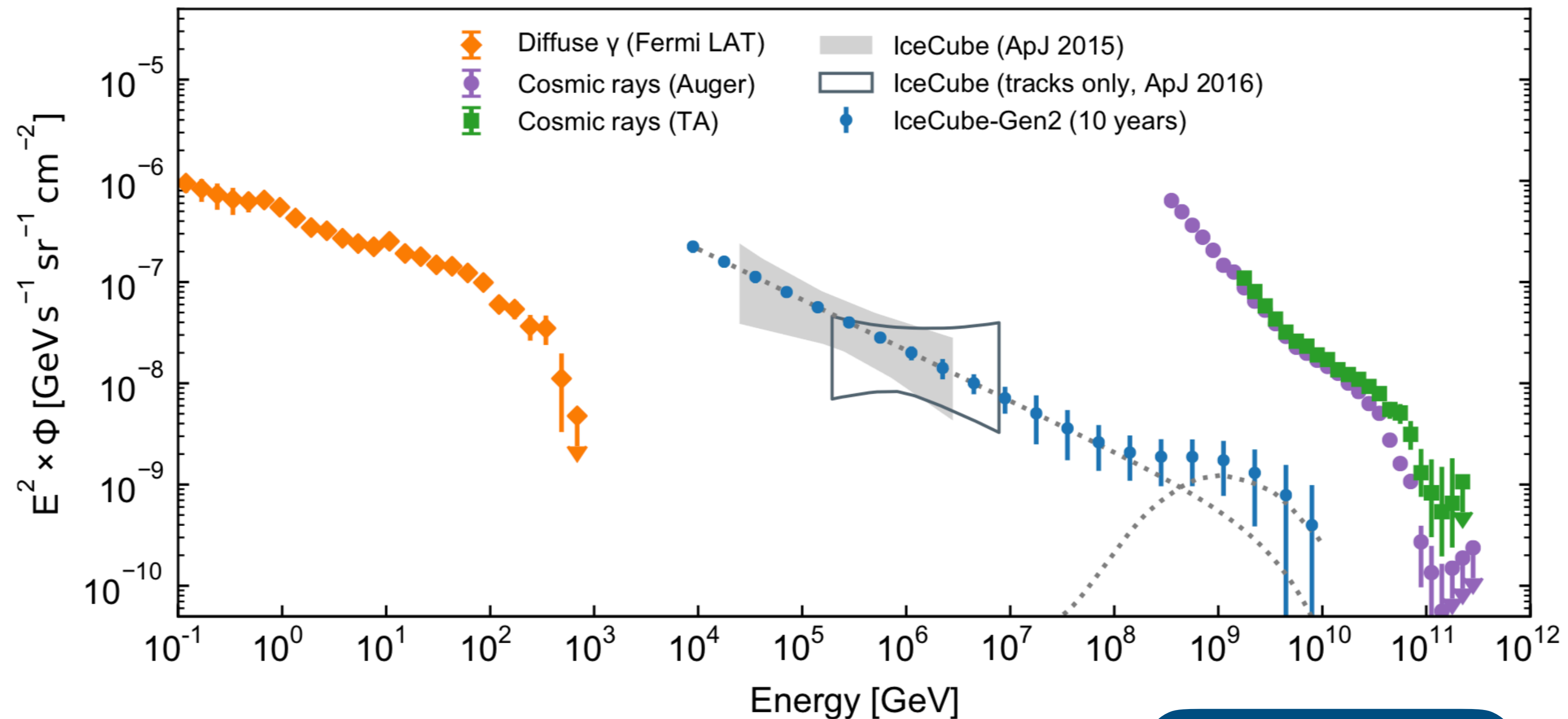
<https://icecube-gen2.wisc.edu/science/publications/tdr/>



IceCube-Gen2

Multimessenger spectroscopy

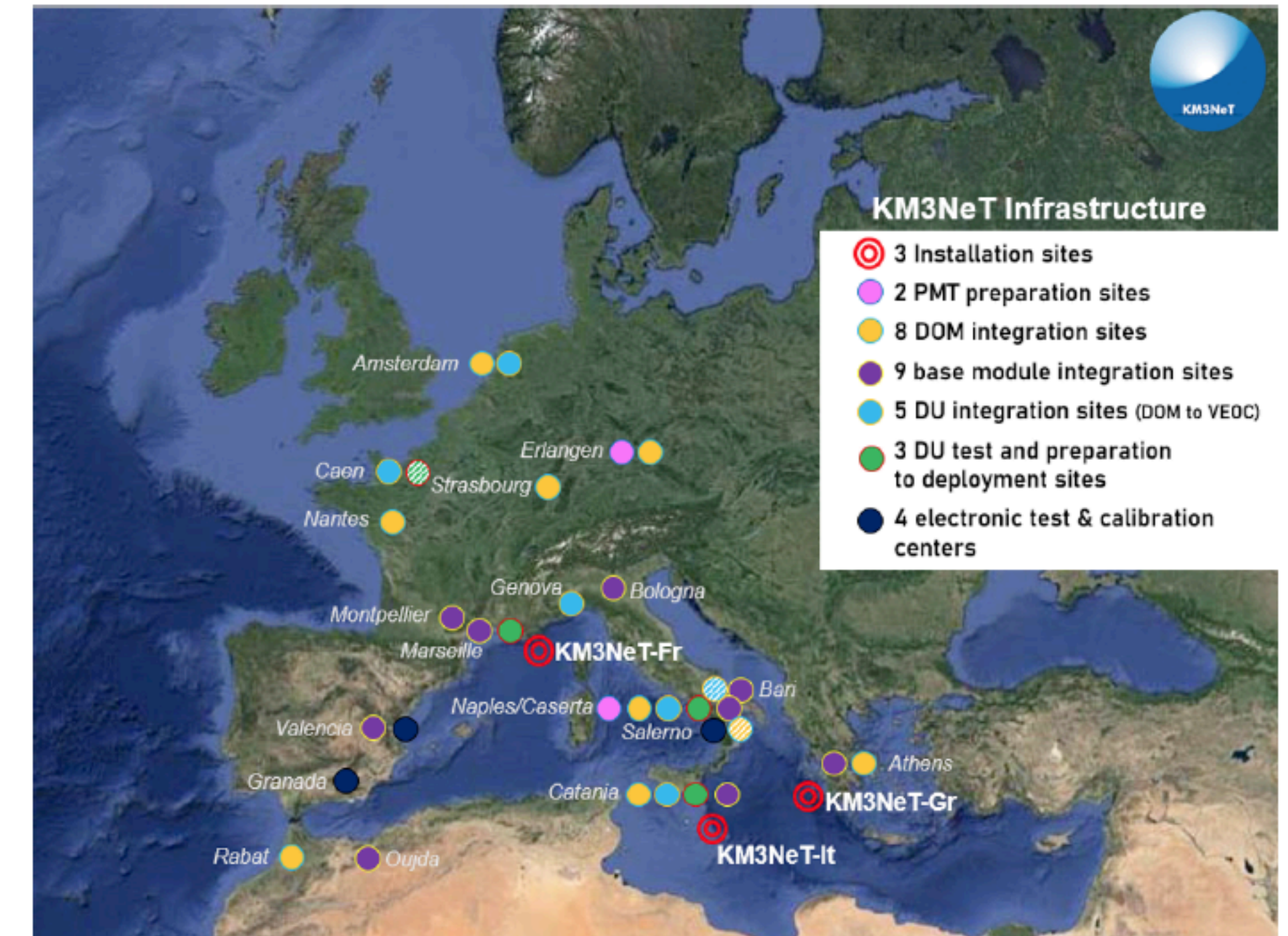
- 5x improvement in effective area
- 2x improvement in angular resolution
 - *Is there a change in the spectrum?*
 - *Is there a cut-off?*
 - *Are there cosmogenic neutrinos there?*



TDR, in preparation

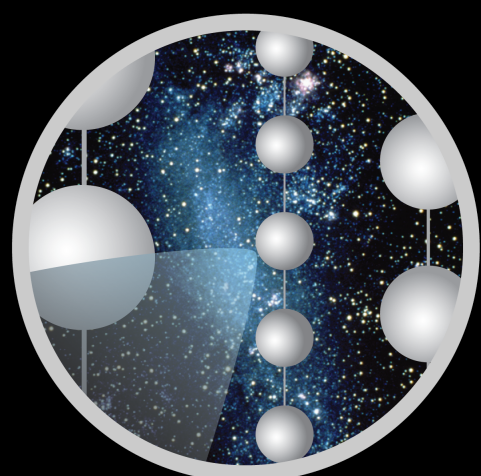
Status of the construction

- Parallel construction of ORCA and ARCA
- Multiple integration sites across the world
- **~2000 optical modules built**
- **~100 detection units integrated**
- **End of the construction 2030 for both detectors**



	ARCA		ORCA	
	quantity	% completed out of total	quantity	% completed out of total
Optical Modules	1116	28%	828	40%
Base Modules	59	26%	44	38%
Detection Units	58	26%	33	29%

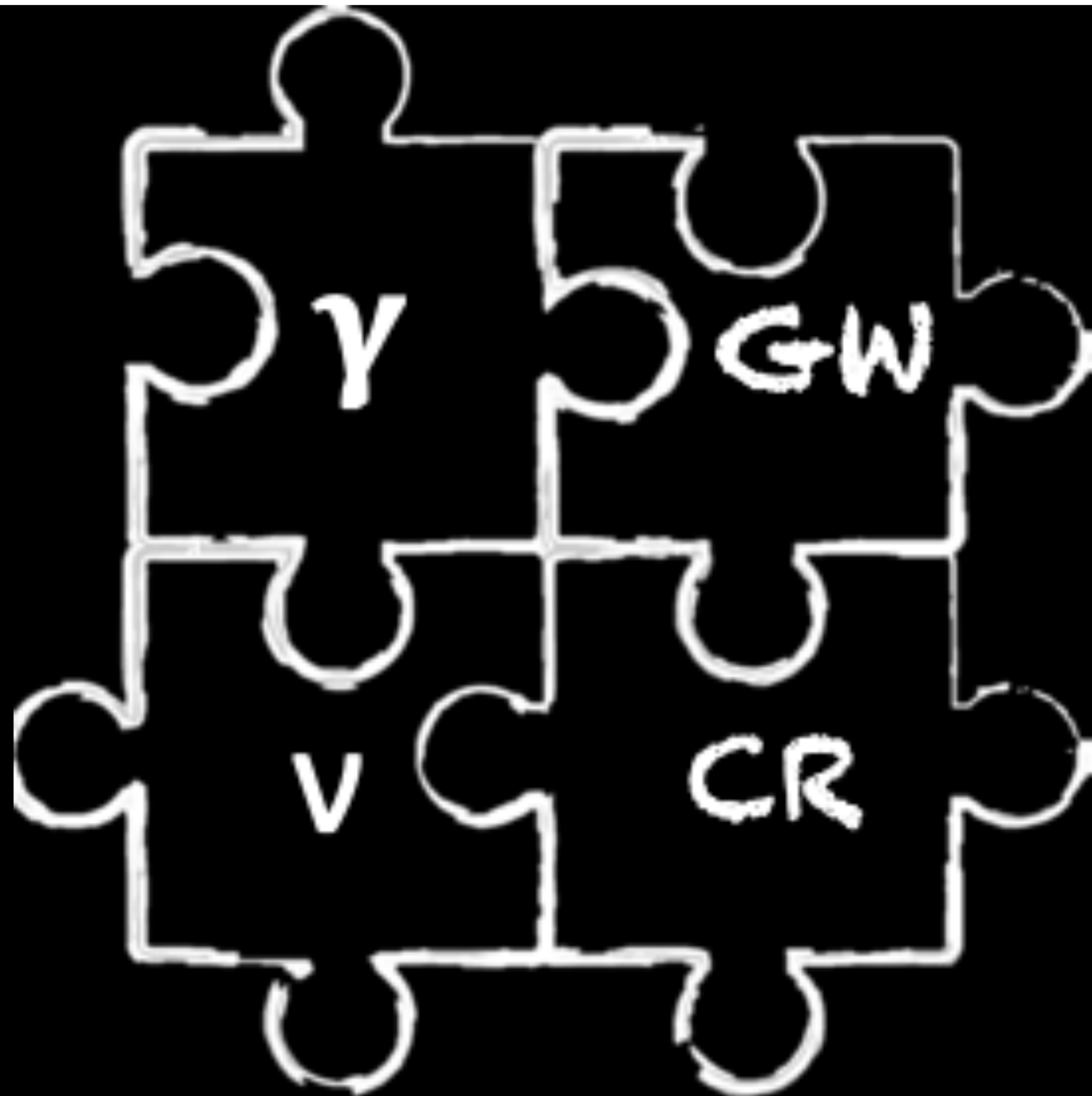
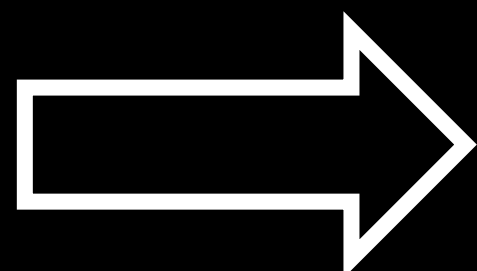
Multi-energy, multi-detector, and multi-messenger searches



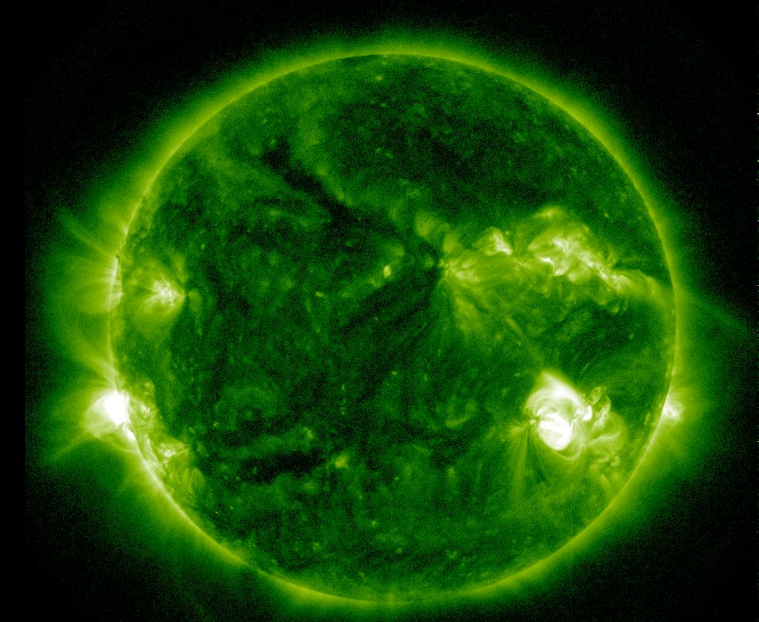
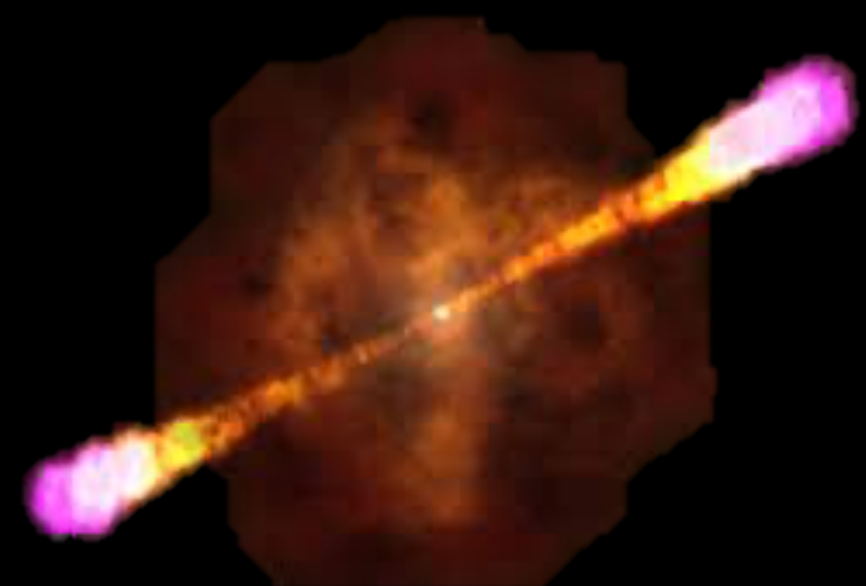
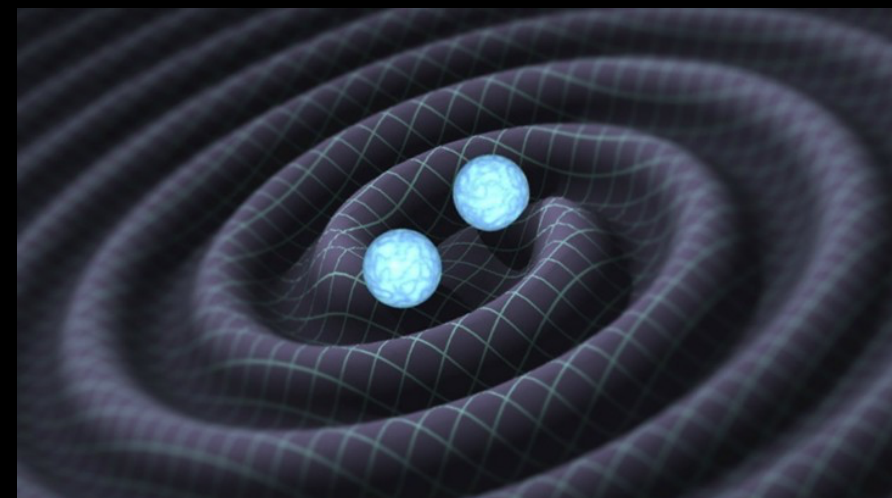
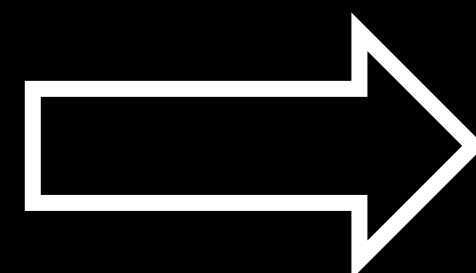
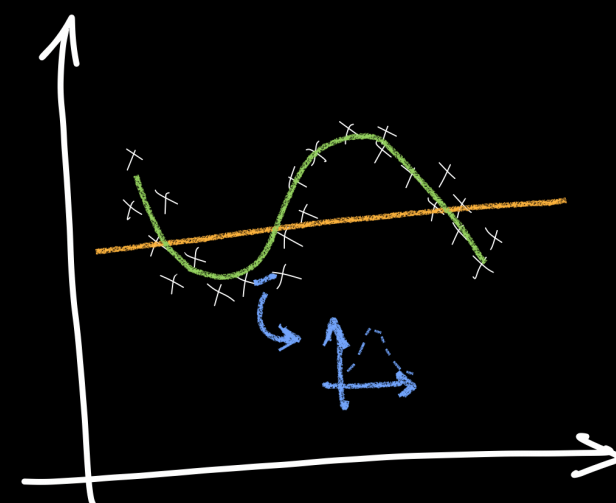
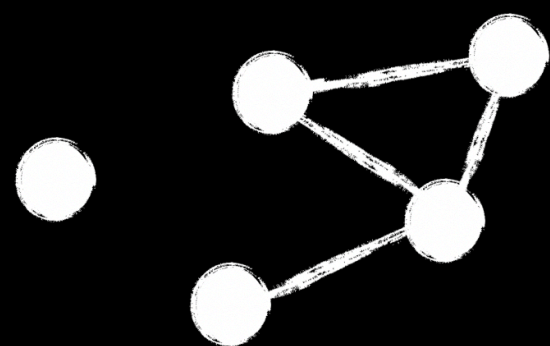
ICECUBE



KM3NeT



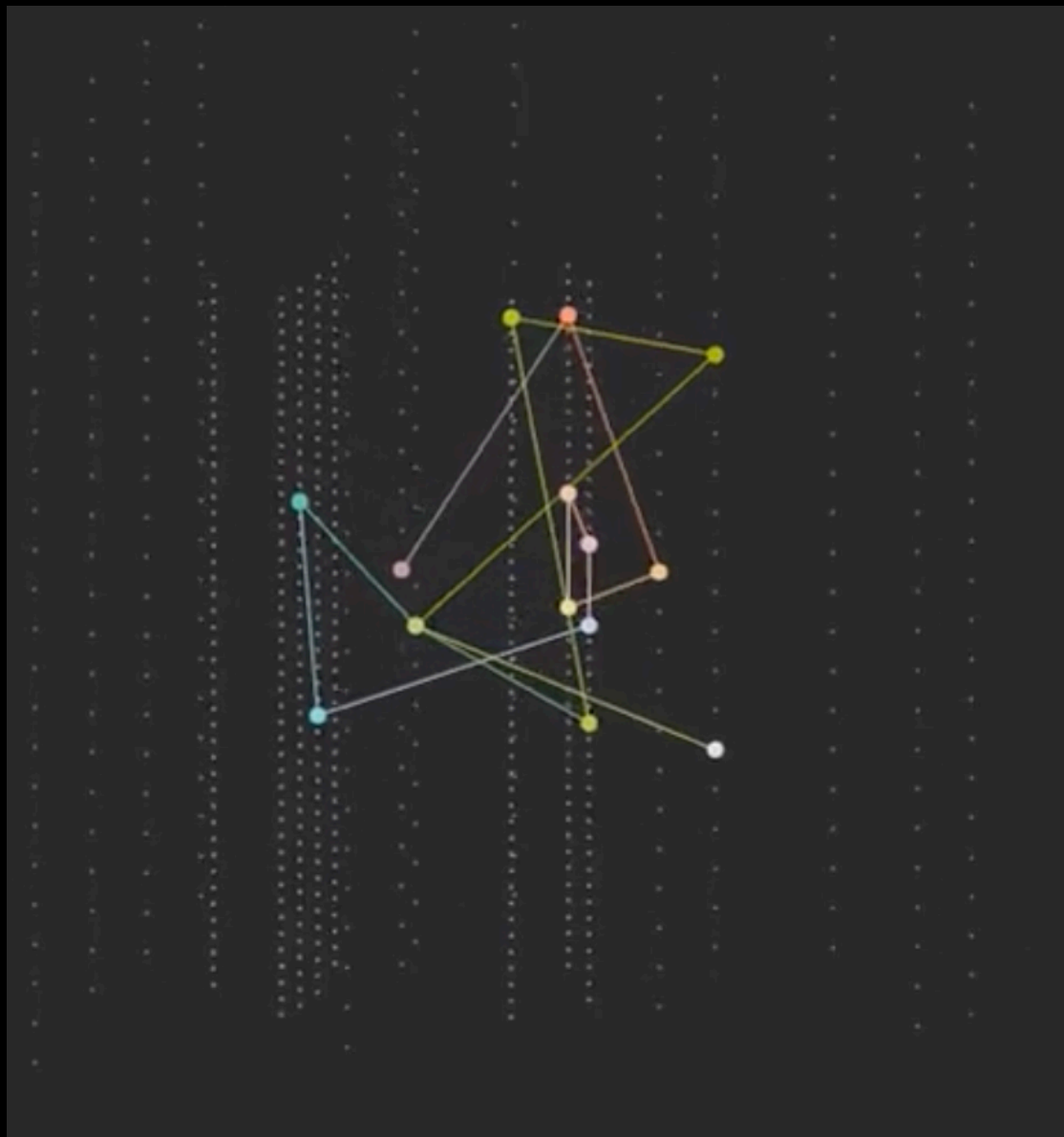
Data science
tools



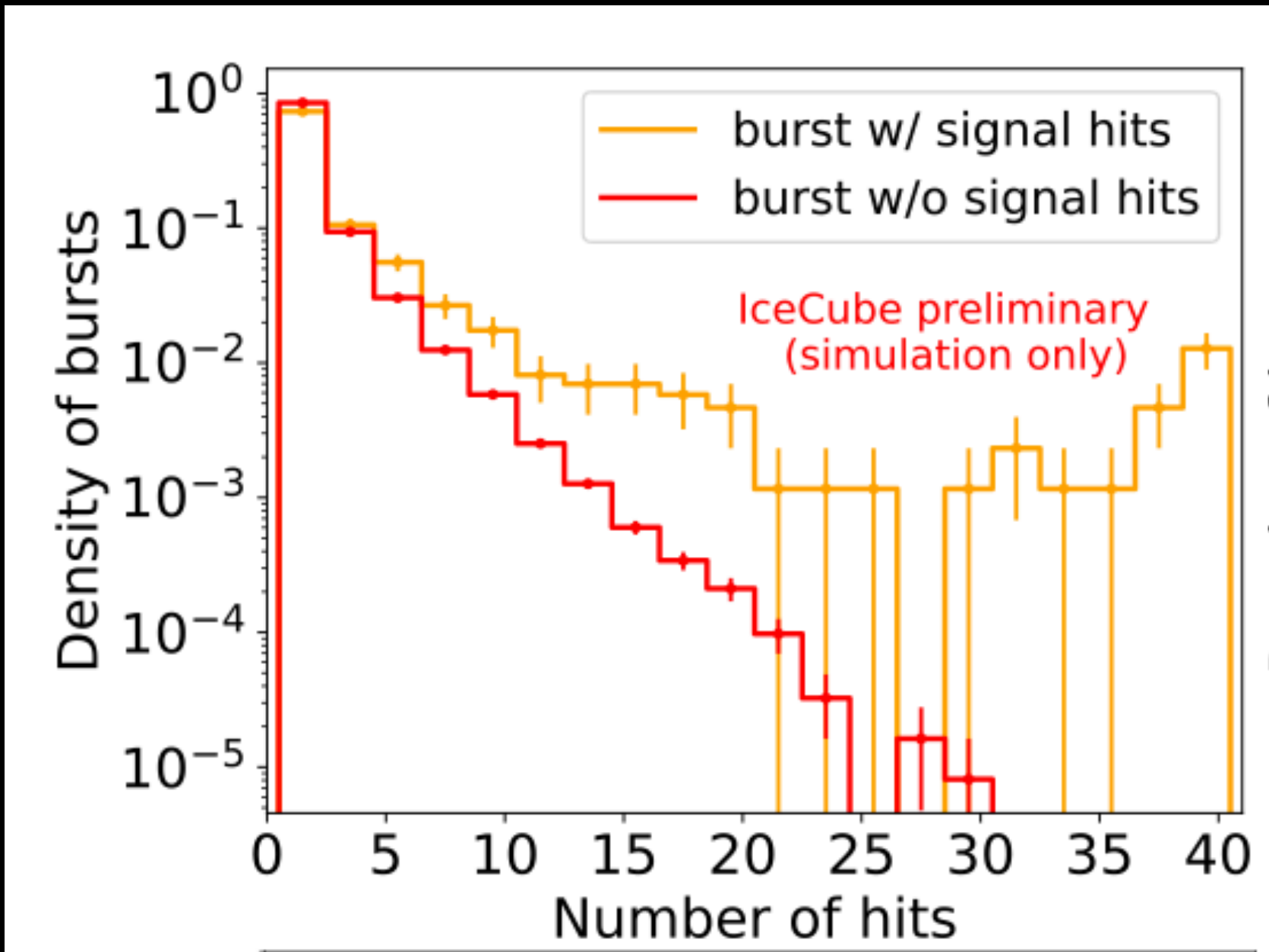
Astrophysical
transients

- Enhanced reconstruction tools
- Home-made:
 - event selections
 - source selections
 - Bayesian framework
- Innovative data analyses
- Alert systems
- Science communication

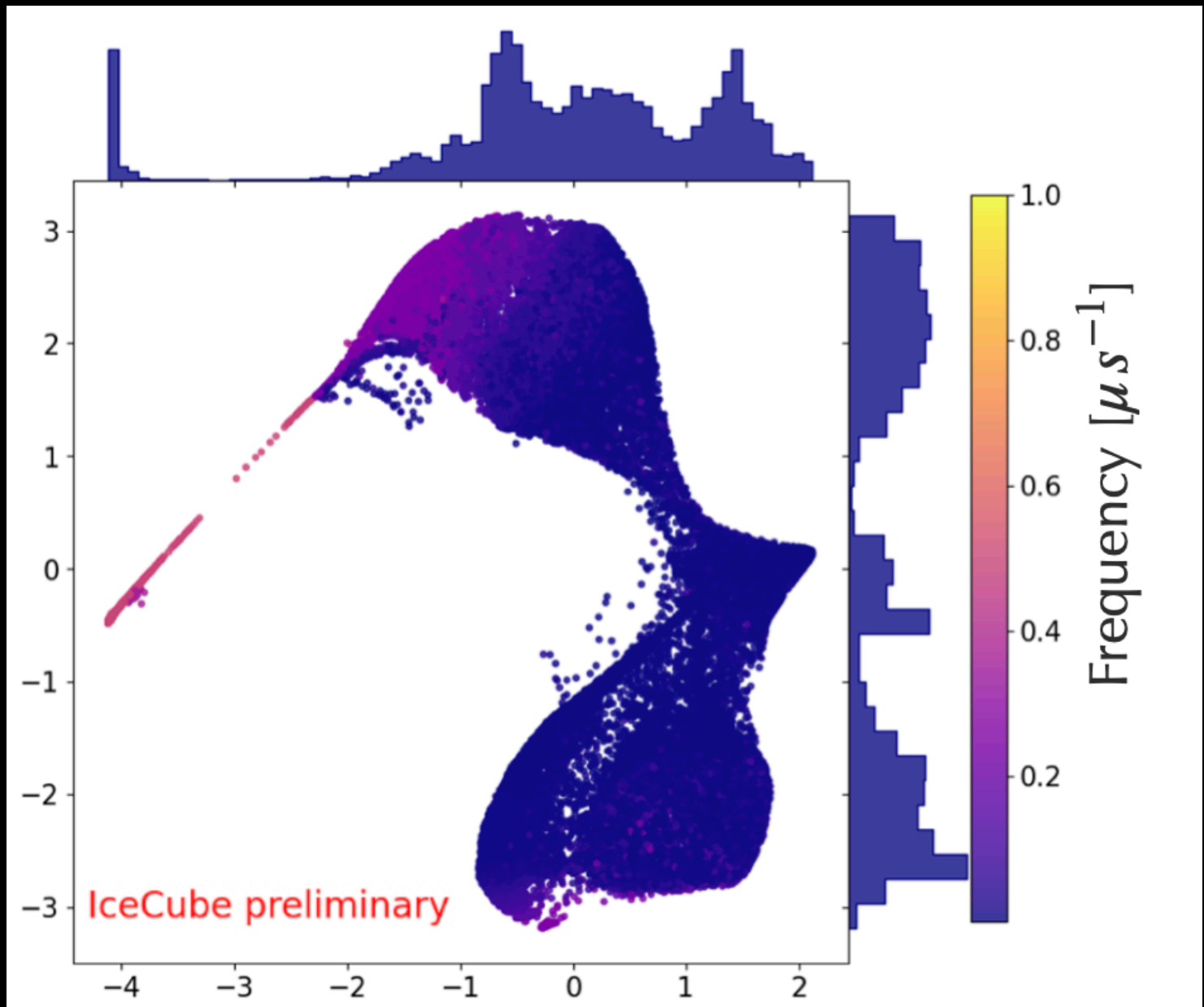
Sub-threshold events



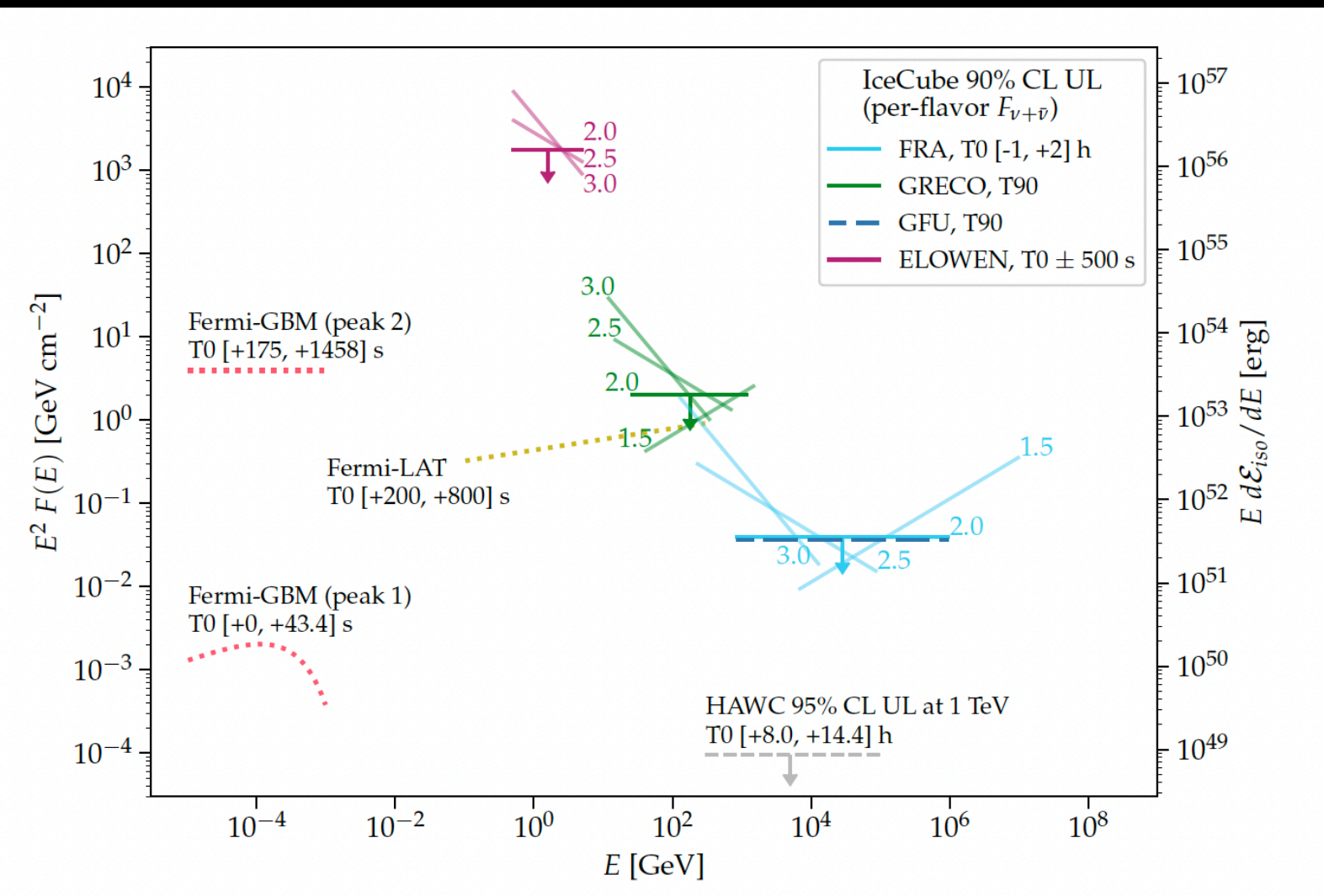
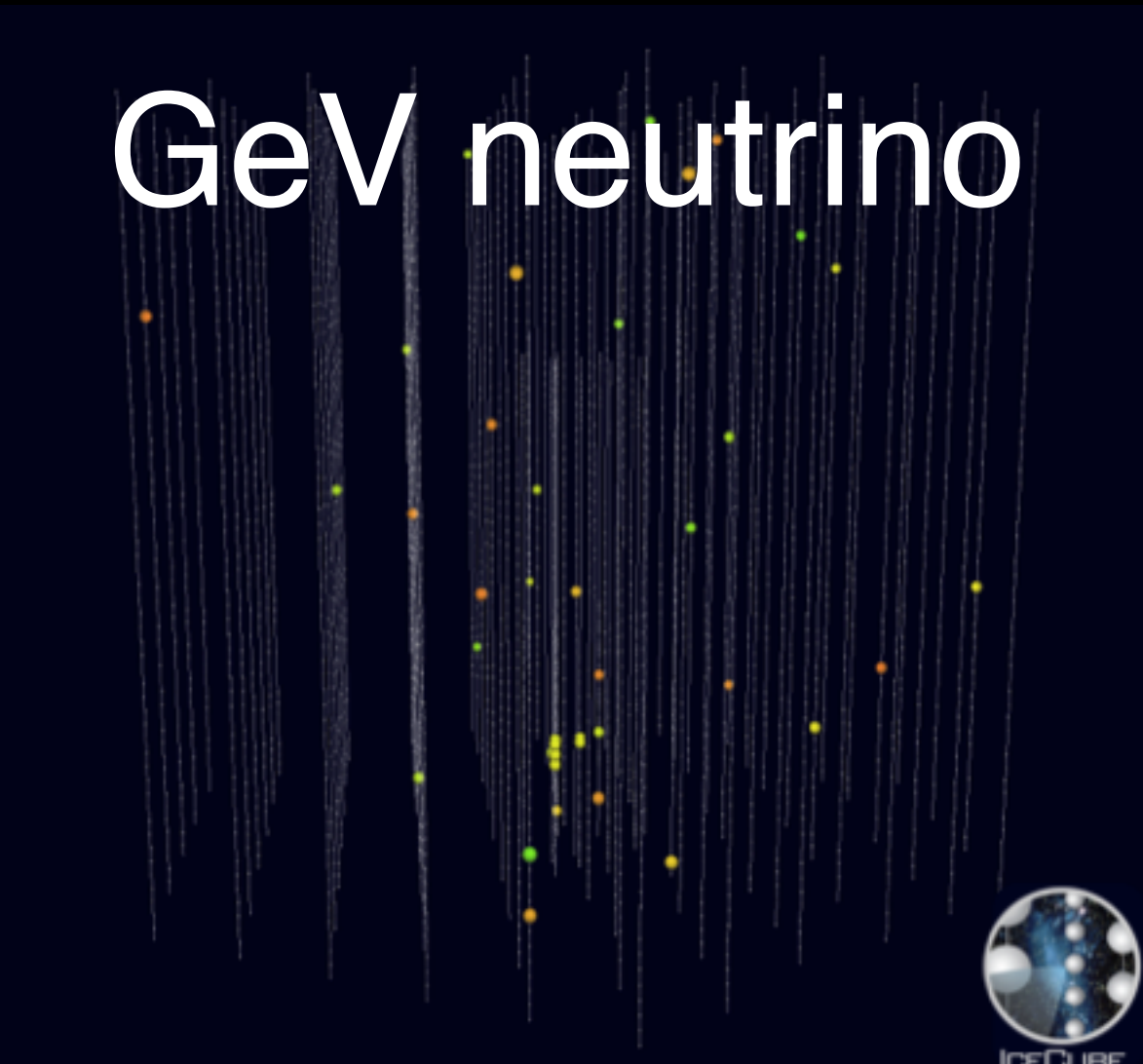
Burst search



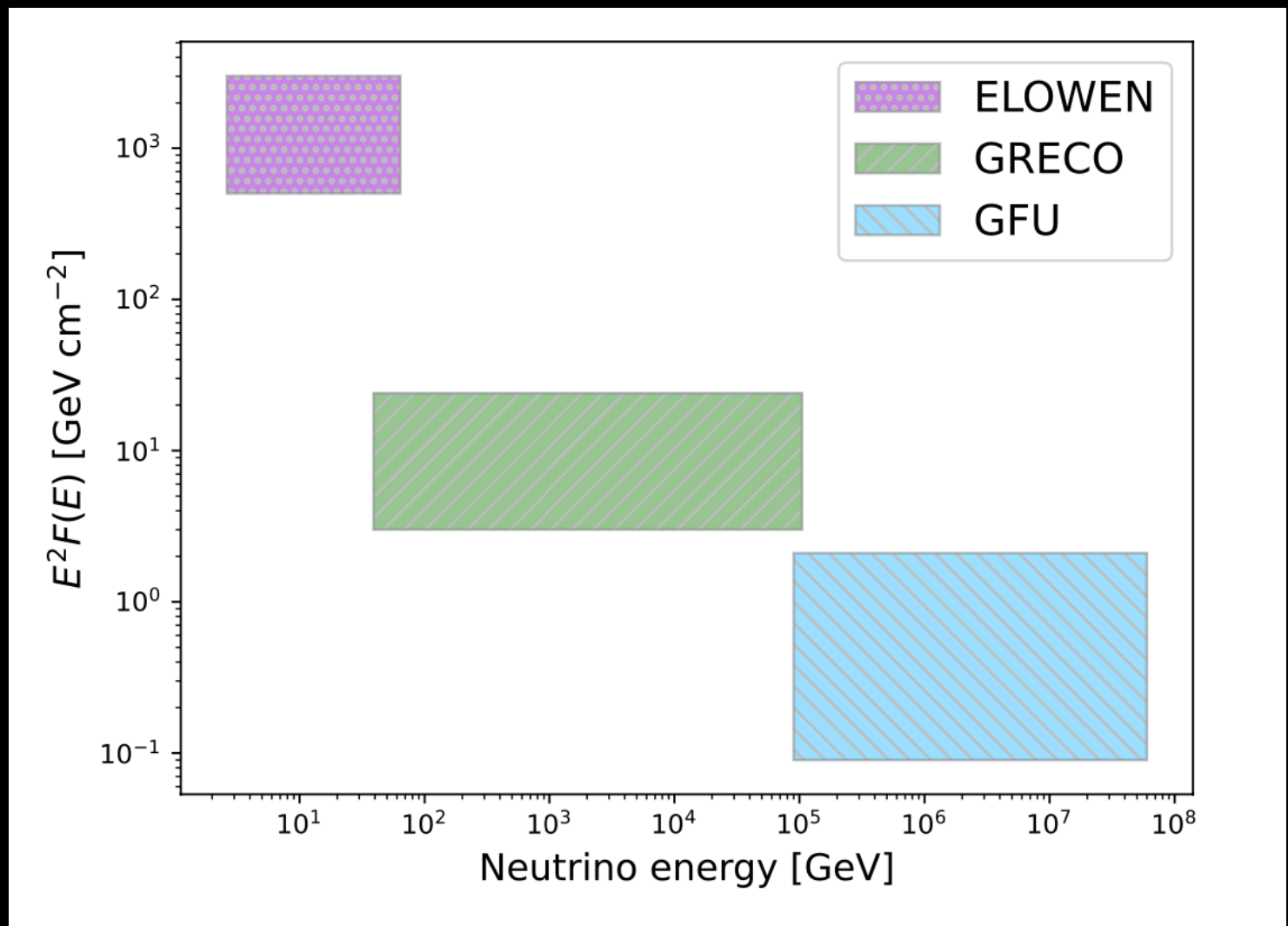
Sub-population identification



GeV neutrino

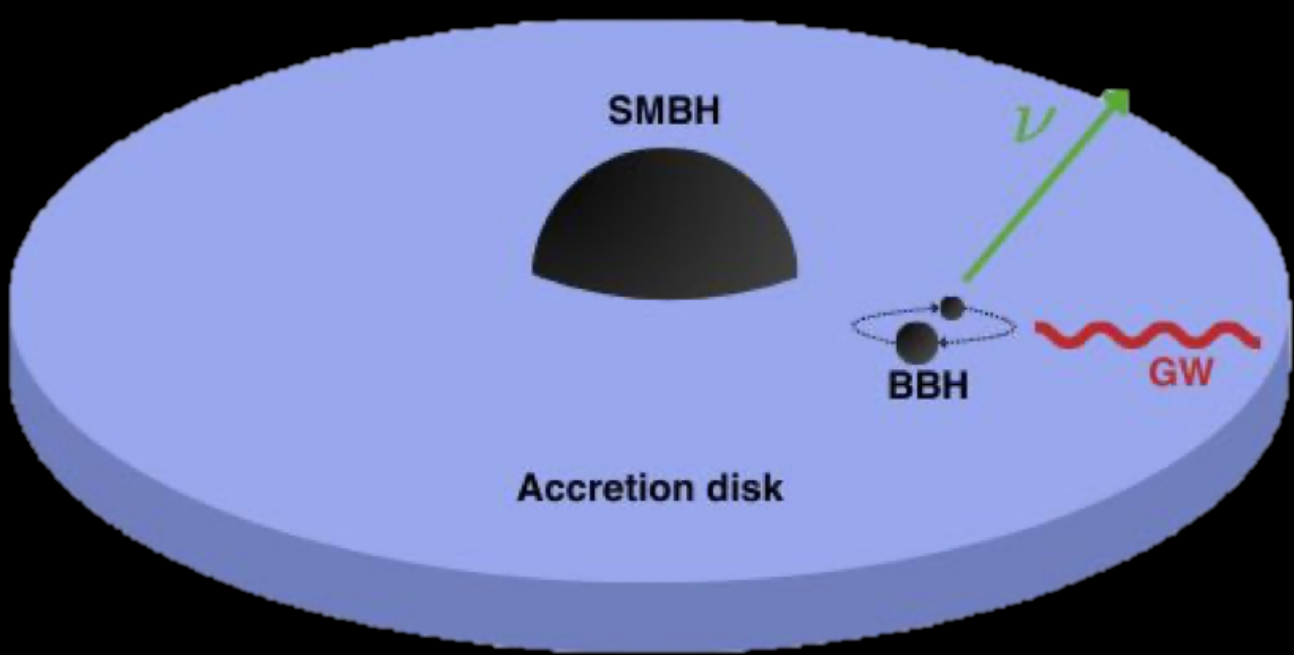


GRB221009A - the BOAT

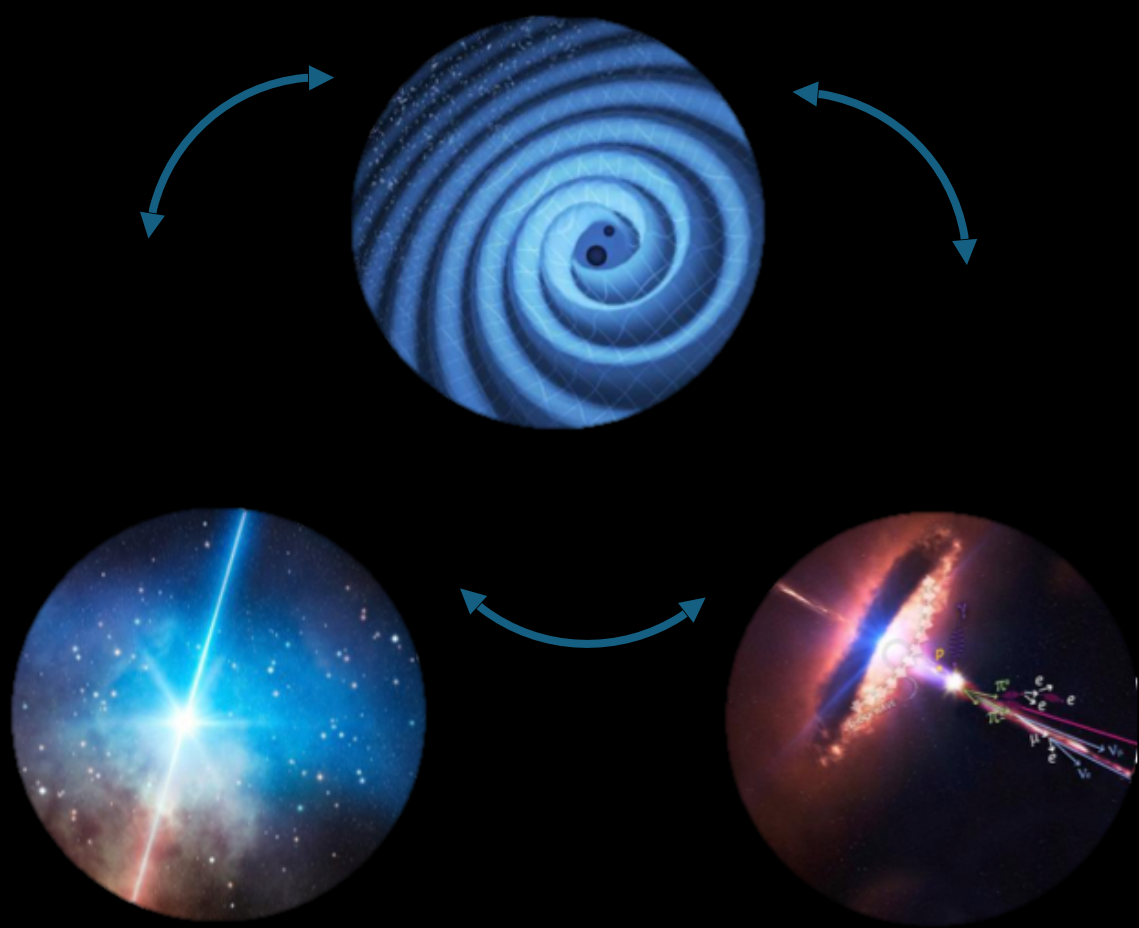


GW follow-ups O1-O4

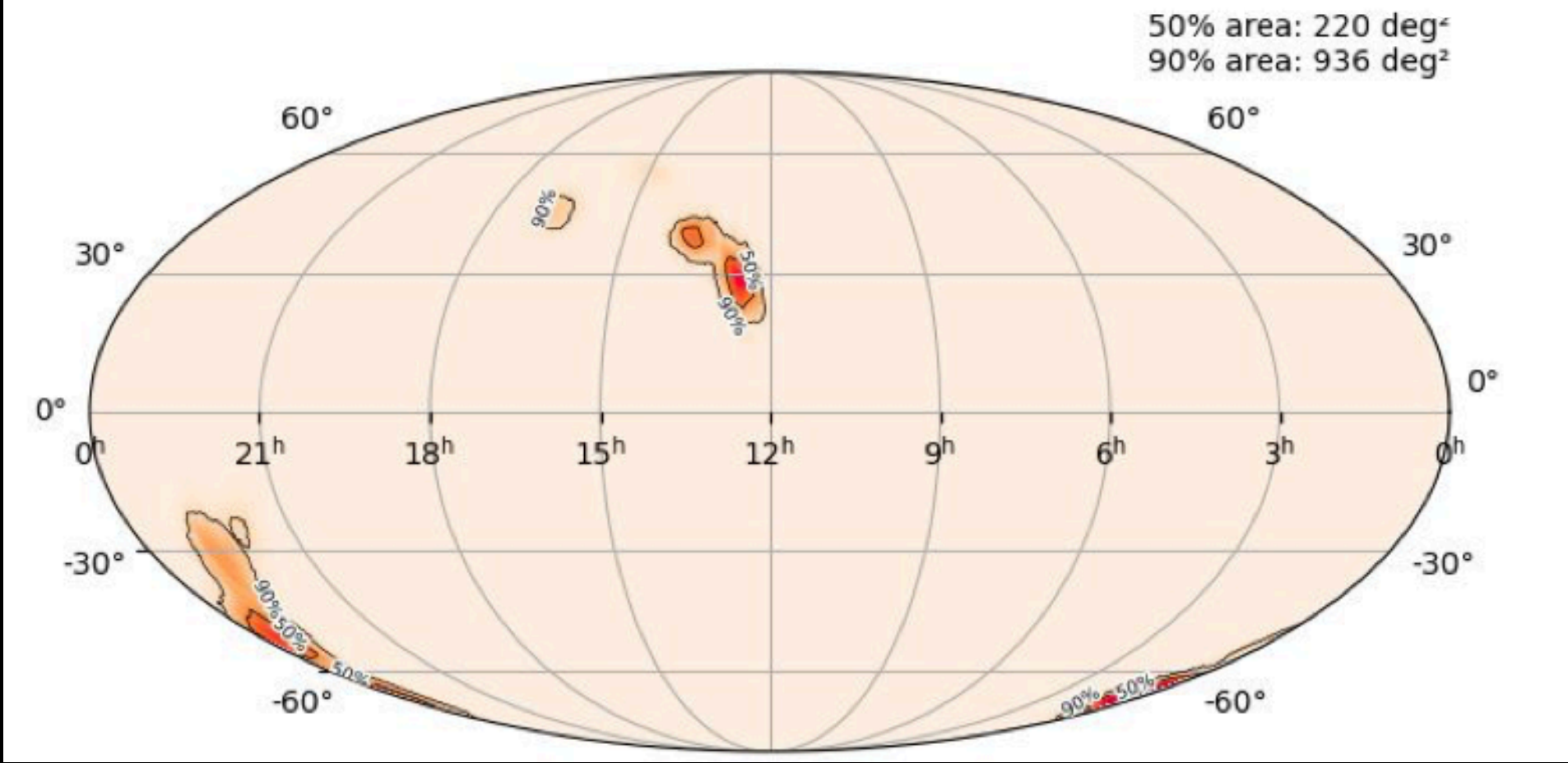
TeV neutrino



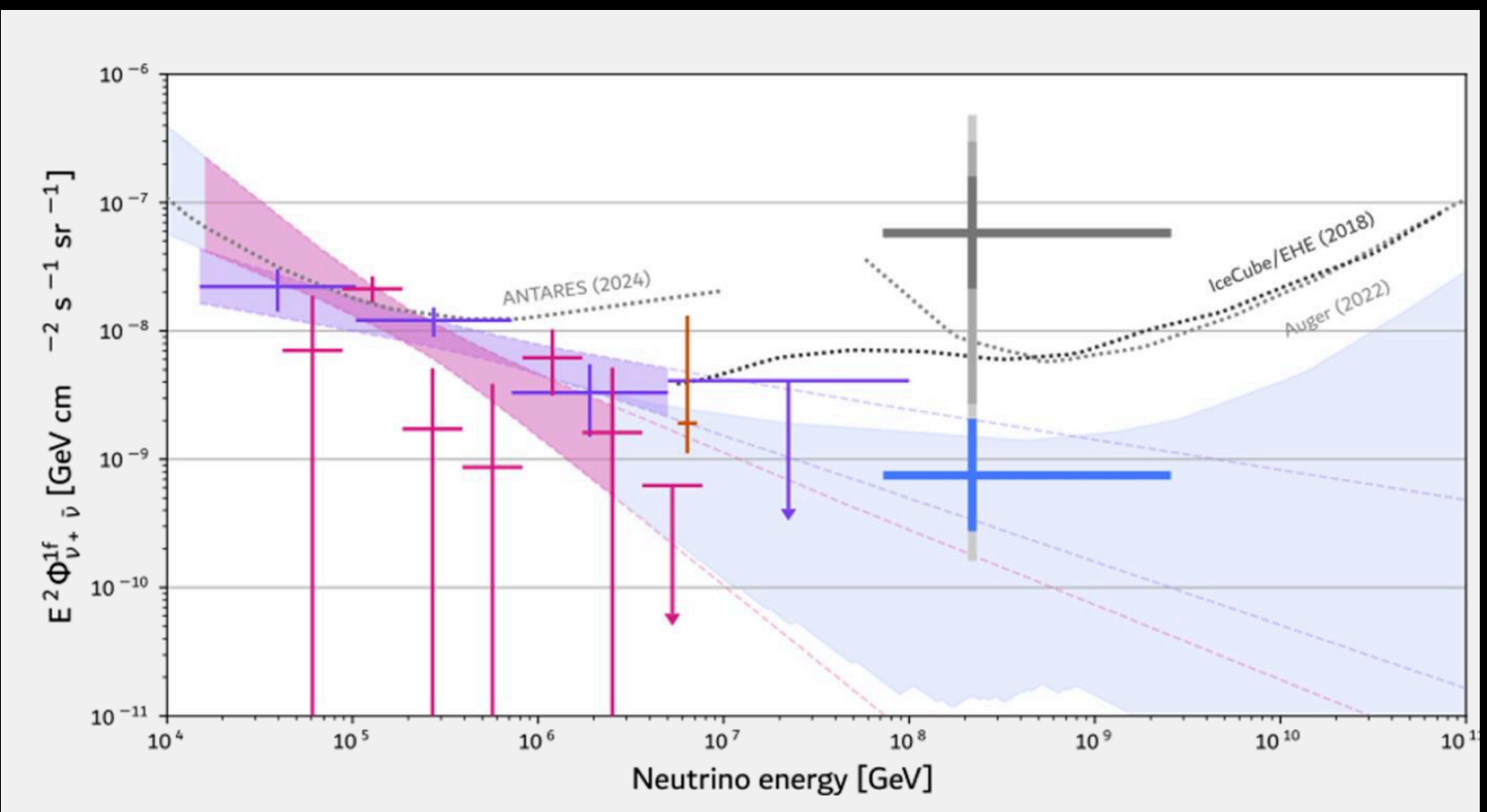
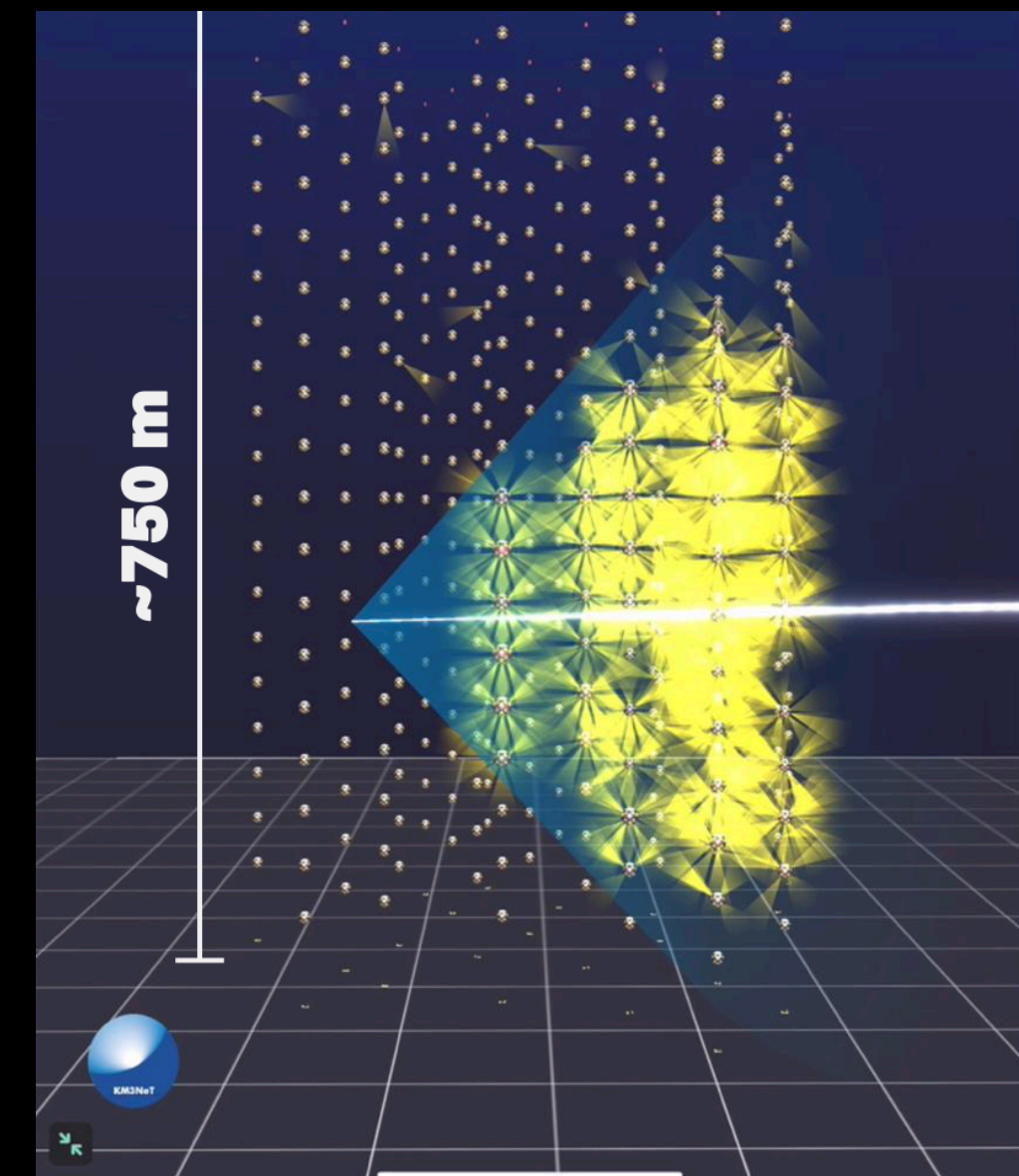
First 3-messenger search



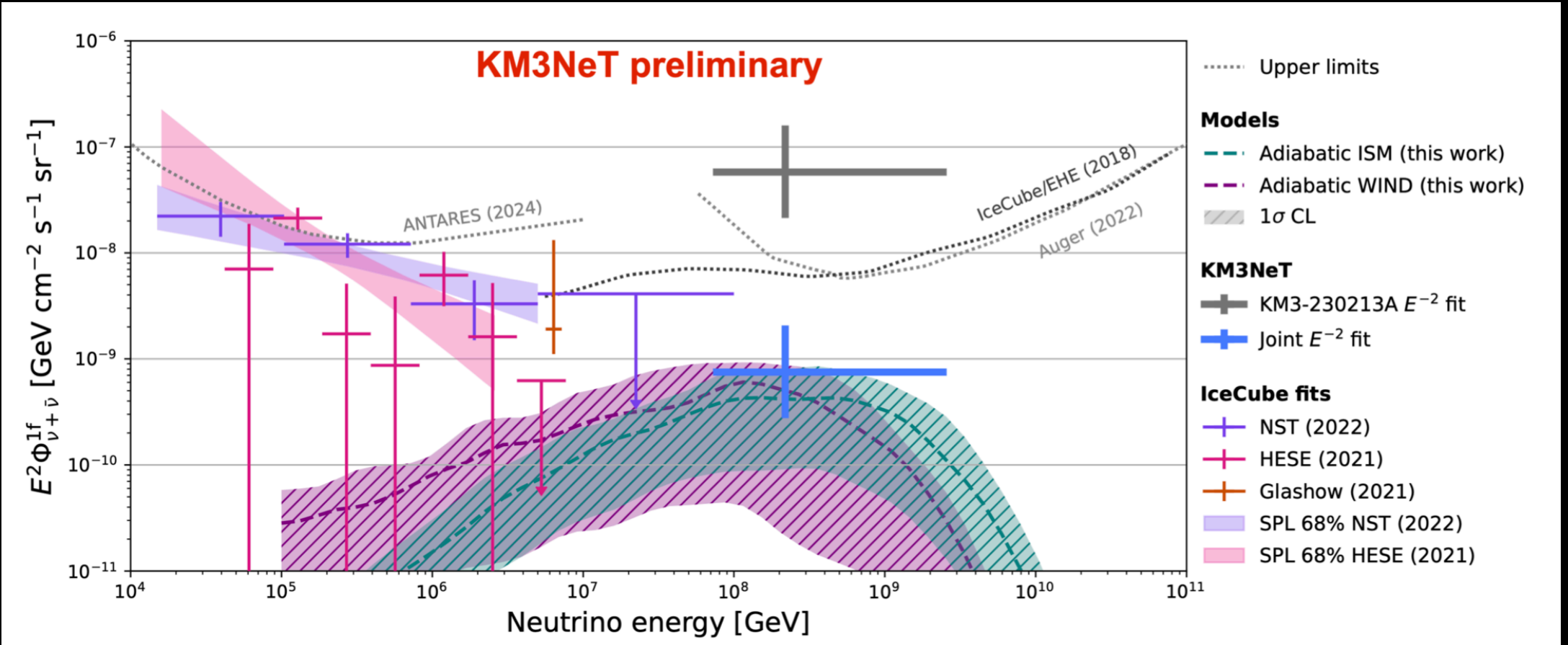
Combination of neutrino posterior with GW posterior and AGN positions to compute the overlap integral



PeV neutrino

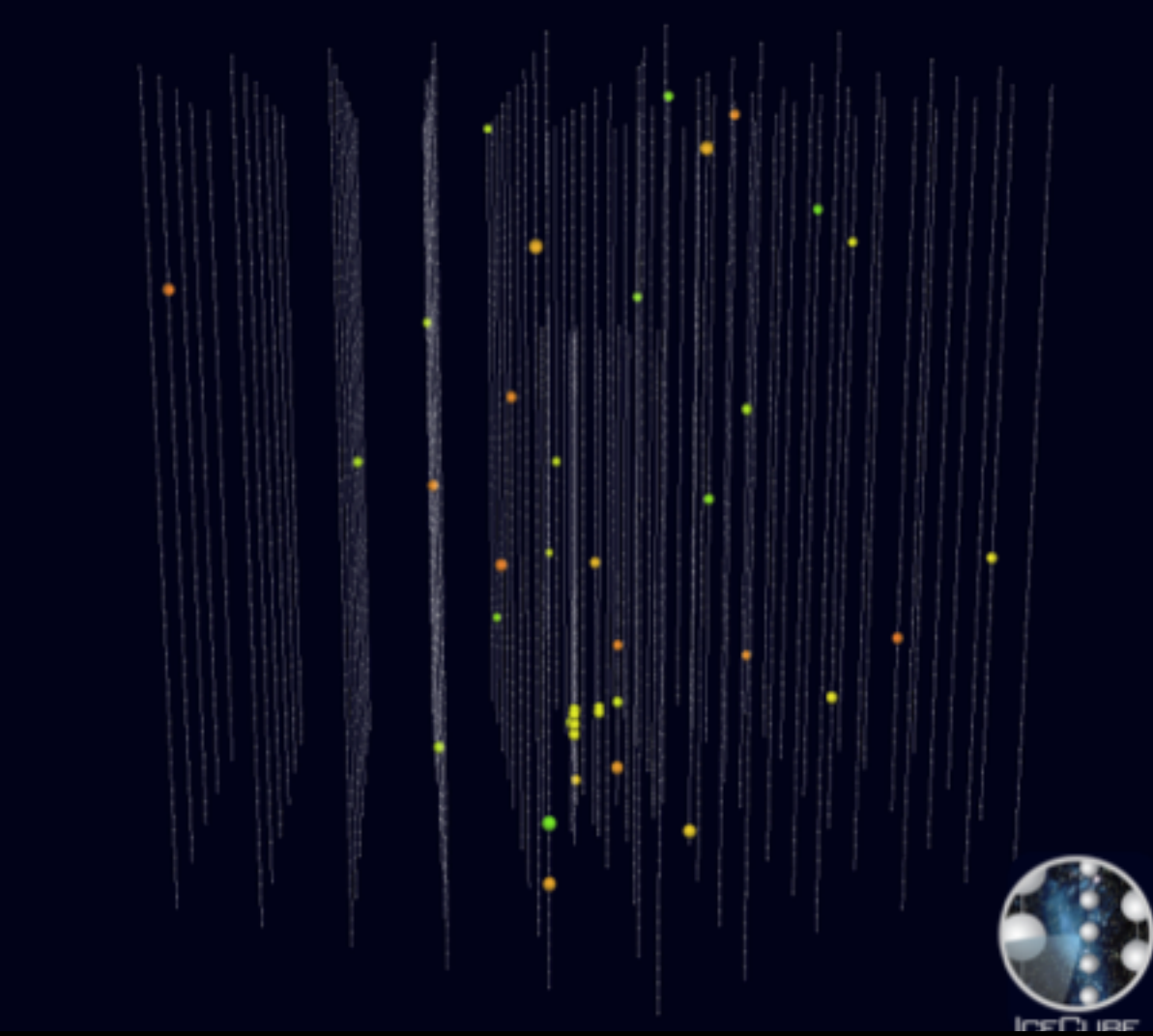


Money plot of the Nature paper + model-agnostic multi-detector flux constraints

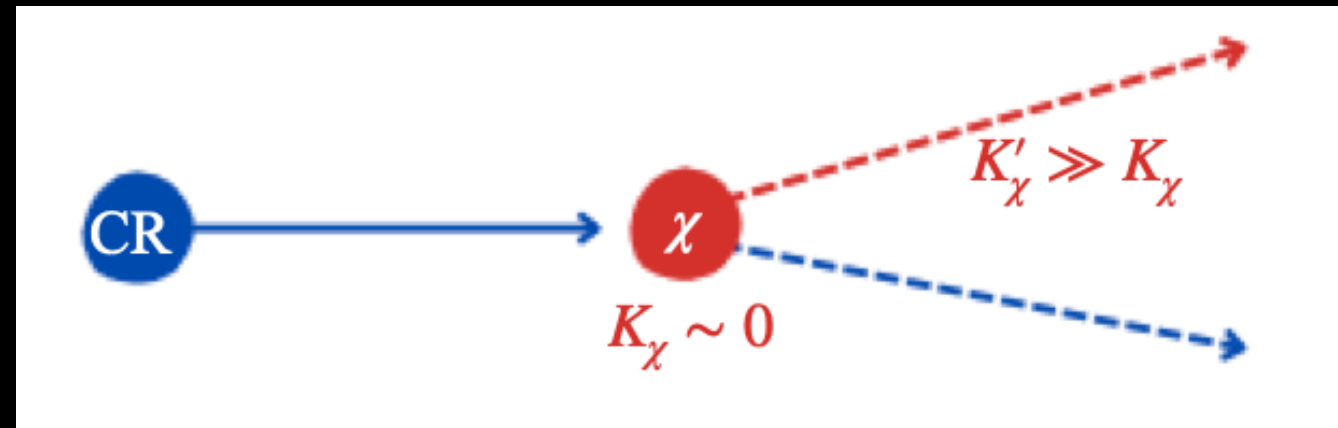


GRB interpretation

Direct DM detector

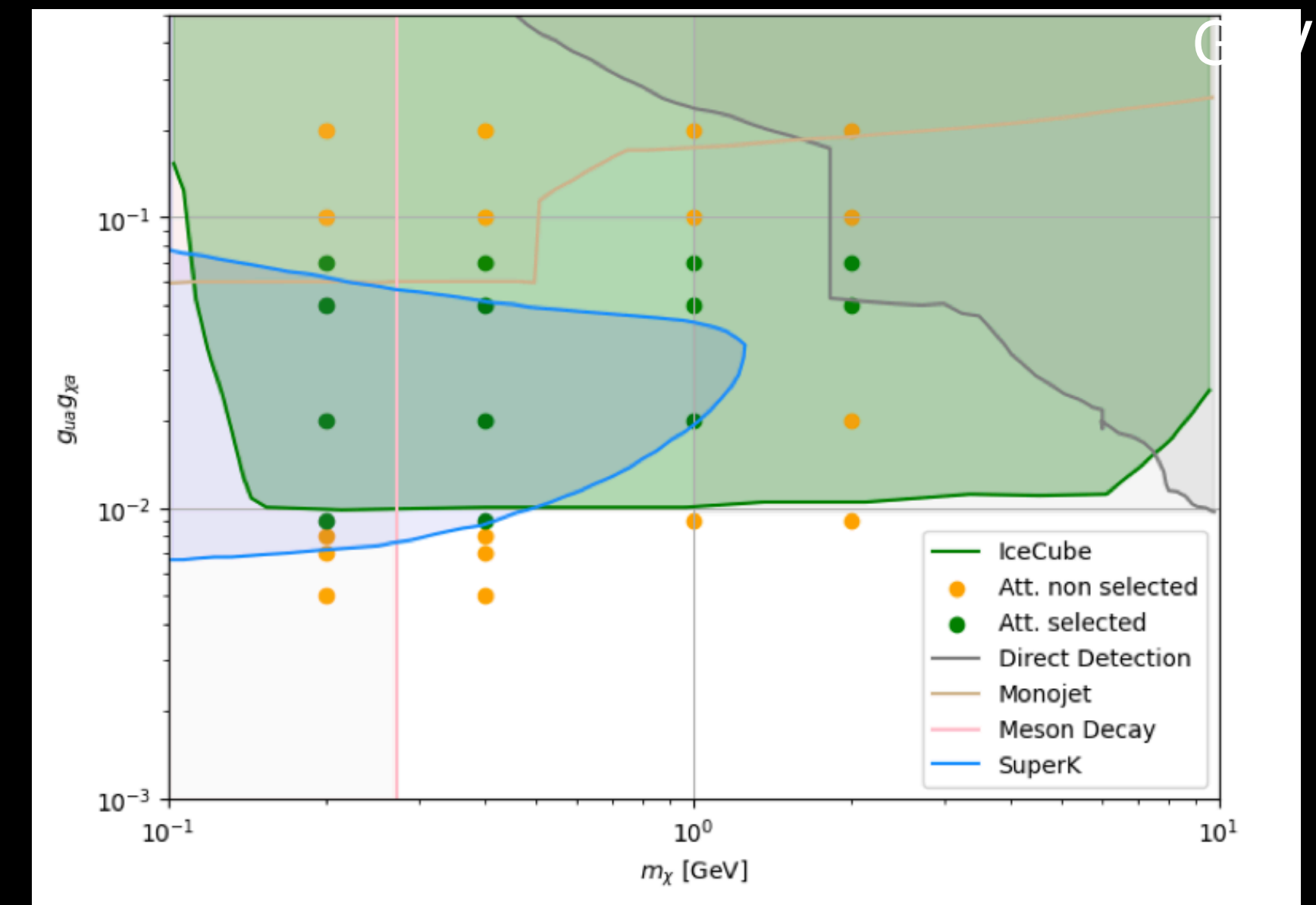


DM up-scattered by cosmic rays lead to sub-GeV like signal in IceCube

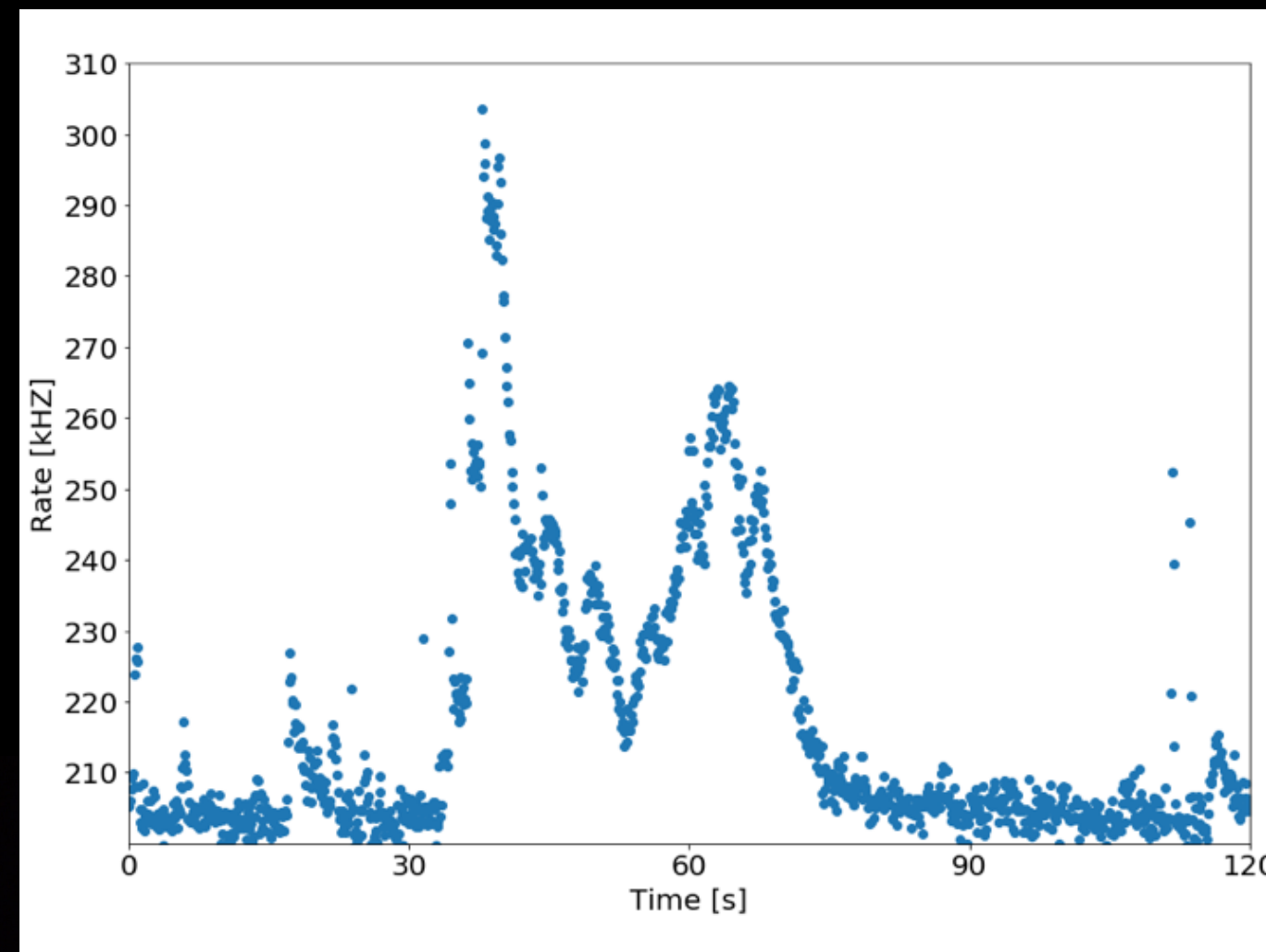


Limits lying in regions allowed by existing constraints from colliders/direct detection

Pseudoscalar mediator with WIMP mass of 1 GeV



Marine biology



Minute-long lightcurve vs ns-long signal for neutrinos

Please give us your feedback using this short Google form <https://forms.gle/k4bJnftc2k15UHBK7>

Help us to study bio-activity in the deep sea! With your help, we will better understand marine sources of noise in the KM3NeT detector, making our search for neutrinos much easier.

Citizen-science activity + collaboration with biologists

Center of expertise for
neutrino astronomy

WP leader:
Interdisciplinary science



Steering committee
+ Writing team member

Technical coordination
of the project

HORIZON-INFRA-2023-SERV-01-02 - Research infrastructure services advancing frontier knowledge

<https://cordis.europa.eu/project/id/101131928>

<https://www.acme-astro.eu>