

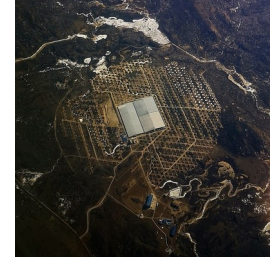
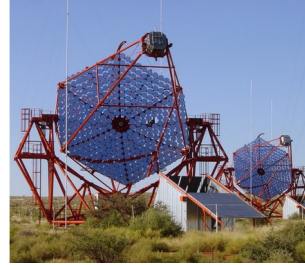
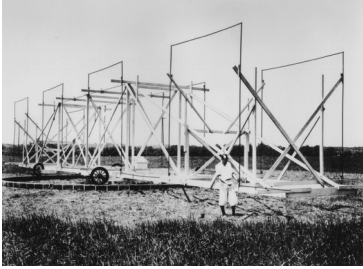
# Search for photons beyond PeV

*Markus Risse*  
*University of Siegen*

**14th CosPa Meeting**  
**Brussels, 27 Oct 2025**

An (attempted) overview talk  
Some details, many omissions (sorry!)

# Photons from the Universe: new windows - new discoveries



radio MW sub-mm IR **opt** UV x-ray  $\gamma$ -ray  $10^{12}$   $10^{15}$   $10^{18}$   $10^{21}$  eV



*pulsars*  
*radio galaxies*

*CMB*  
*starburst galaxies*

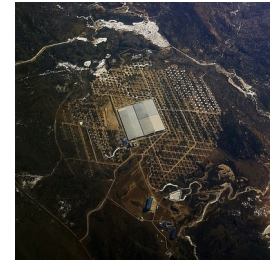
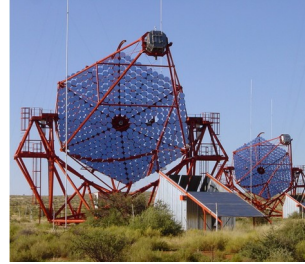
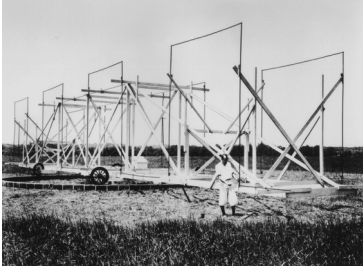
*dark matter*

*collaps.*  
*binaries*

*$\gamma$ -ray*  
*bursts*

*EBL*

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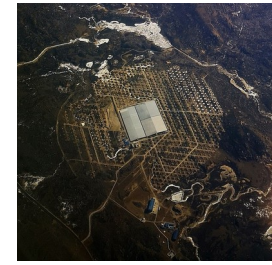
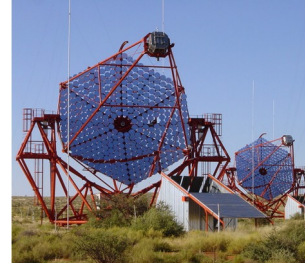
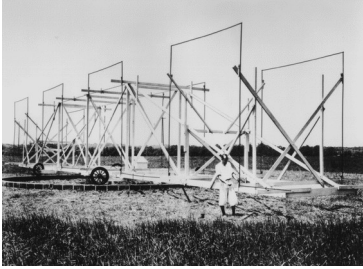
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**Photons beyond PeV ?**

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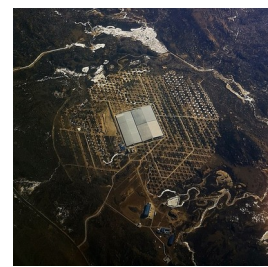
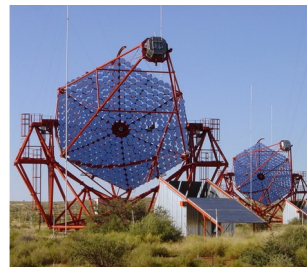
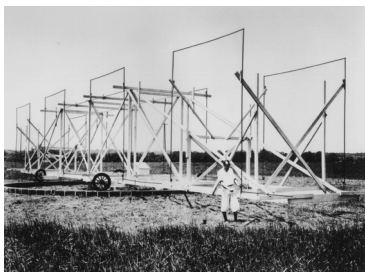
**photon sources  
> $10^{15}$  eV !**

## Photons beyond PeV ?

- PeV photon sources w/o cutoff: how far do they continue (see later)



# Photons from the Universe: new windows - new discoveries



radio MW sub-mm IR opt UV x-ray  $\gamma$ -ray  $10^{12}$   $10^{15}$   $10^{18}$   $10^{21}$  eV



*pulsars  
radio galaxies*

*CMB  
starburst galaxies*

*dark matter*

*collaps.  
binaries*

*$\gamma$ -ray  
bursts*

*EBL*

photon sources  
 $>10^{15}$  eV !

cosmic rays of  
 $>10^{20}$  eV !

## Photons beyond PeV ?

- PeV photon sources w/o cutoff: how far do they continue (see later)
- CR: energy per nucleon ~few EeV: secondary photons of (few) 100 PeV expected

# Production of UHE photons

From  $\pi^0$  decay, e.g.:

$p \gamma_{\text{CMB}} \rightarrow \Delta^+ \rightarrow p \pi^0$  (“GZK photons”)

or decay chain of SHDM ( $M \gg 10^{18}$  eV)

For PeV photons also **leptonic** processes

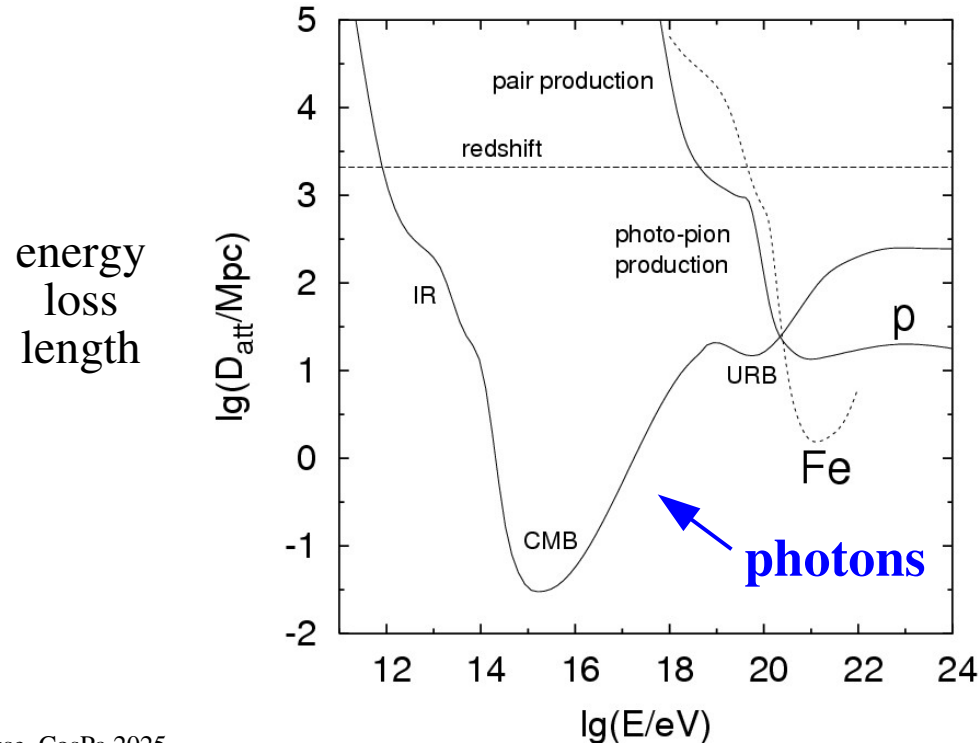
# Production of UHE photons ... and propagation

From  $\pi^0$  decay, e.g.:

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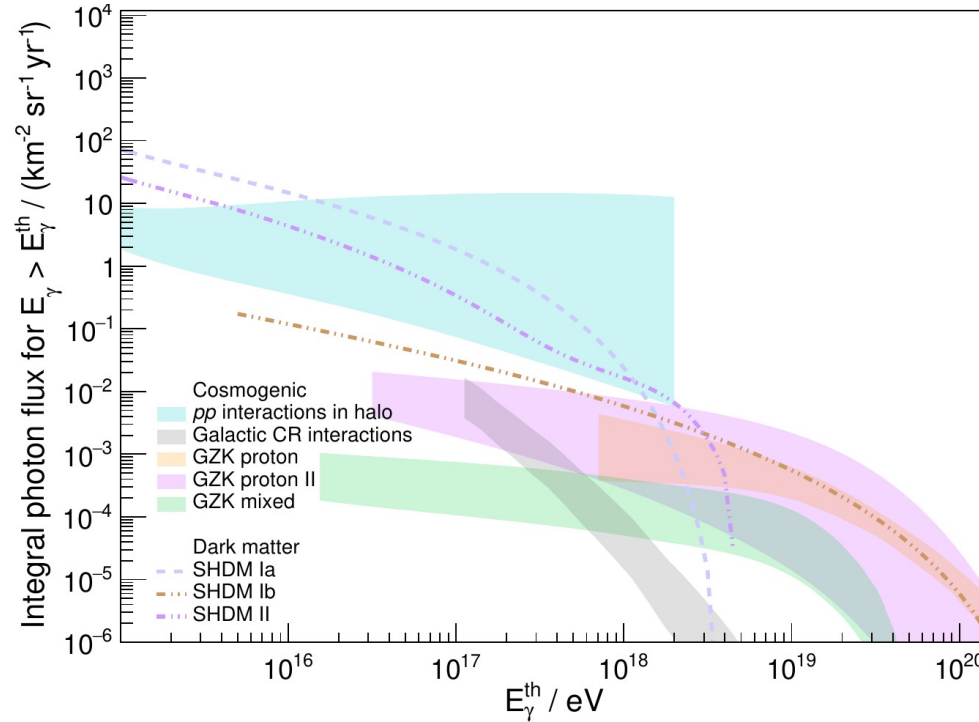


→ **pair production**  
with background photons

→ **galactic scale @ few PeV**  
with CMB

→ **10-20 Mpc @ UHE**  
with URB (uncertainty!)

# Photons at Earth: how much expected?



[Auger, JCAP 2025,  
N. Gonzalez]

**GZK** photons: sensitive to composition (protons!)

Galactic CR interactions (disk)

**pp interaction in halo**: normalized to IceCube  $\nu$ -flux and extrapolated in energy

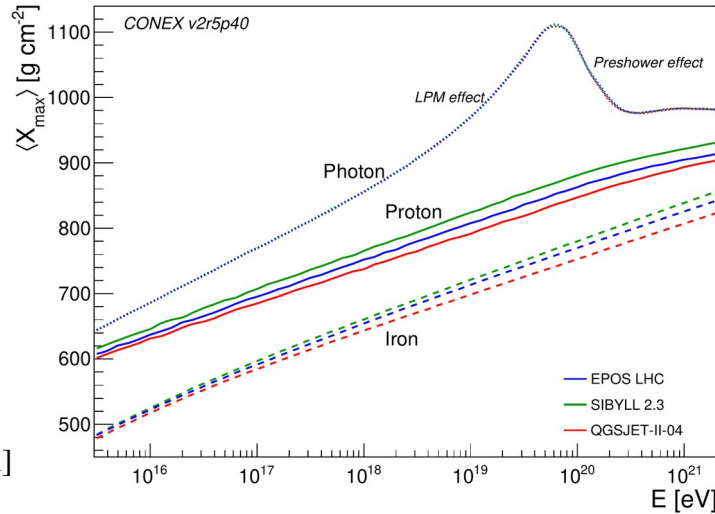
**SHDM**: e.g.  $M \simeq 10^{19} \text{ eV}$ ,  $\tau \simeq 3 \cdot 10^{21} \text{ yr.}$  (see later)



# **(Photon) air showers and measurements**

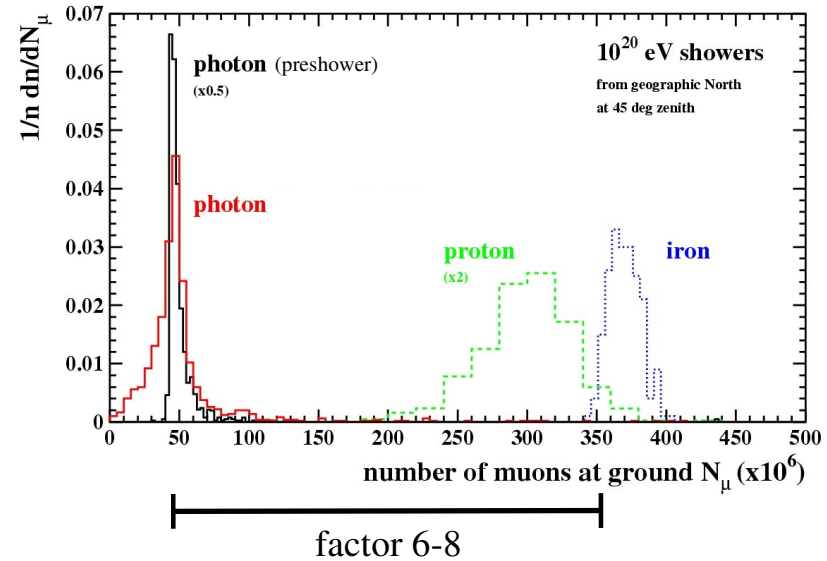
# Photon air showers ... differ from hadron showers

deeper  $X_{\max}$



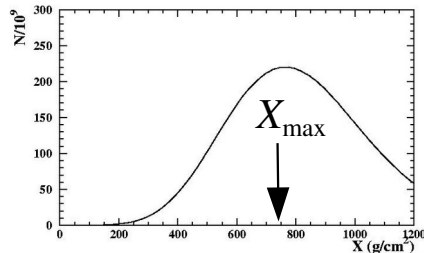
[M. Niechciol]

fewer muons



[Homola et al.,  
ApJ 2007]

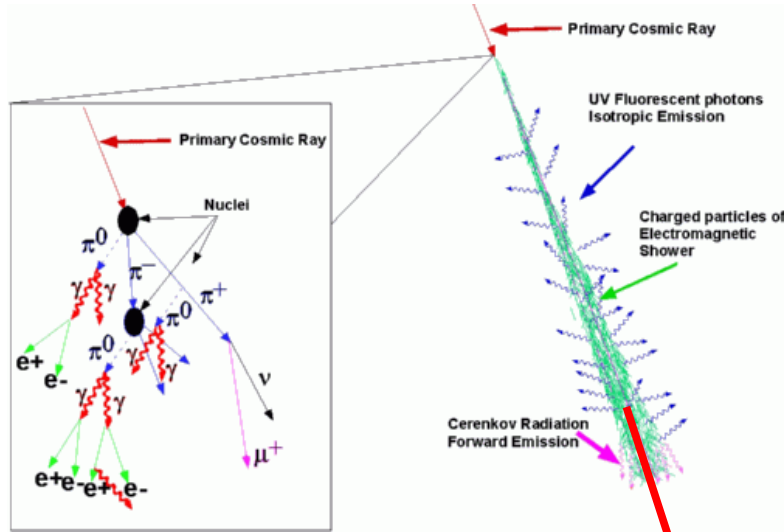
shower profile



And observables related to these two (or combinations of):  
lateral distributions, signal timings ...

note: only minor uncertainty from hadronic interaction models!

# Air shower measurements



- collisions in atmosphere
- secondary particle cascades
- direction  $\sim 1^\circ$ , energy  $\sim 20\%$

particles on ground

e.g. water detectors  $\Rightarrow$   
**Cherenkov light**



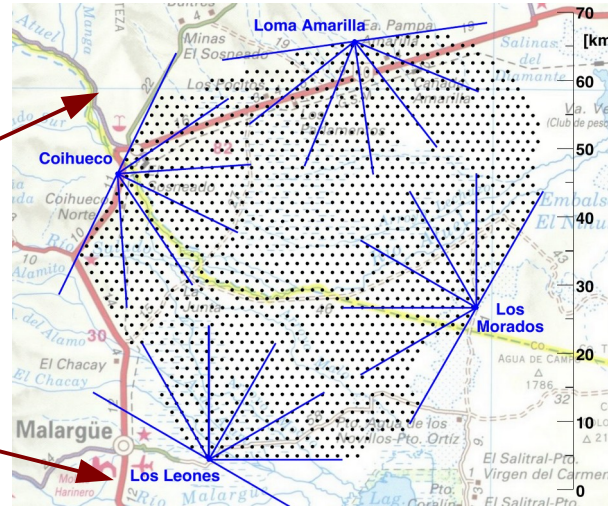
**fluorescence light**



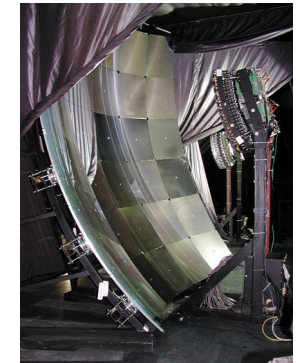
only in  
clear  
nights  
( $\sim 10\%$ )

*plus muon / radio detectors*

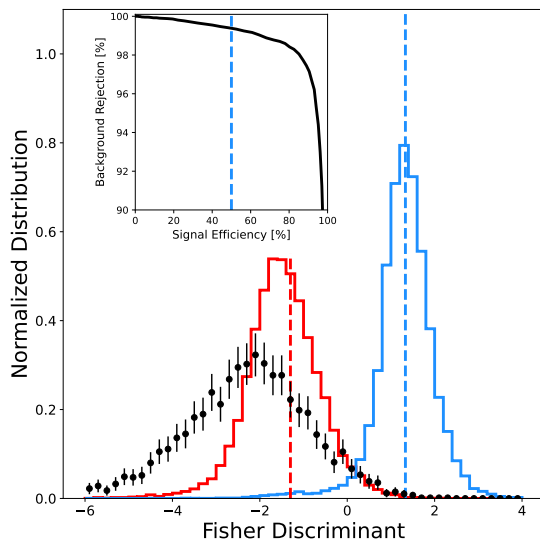
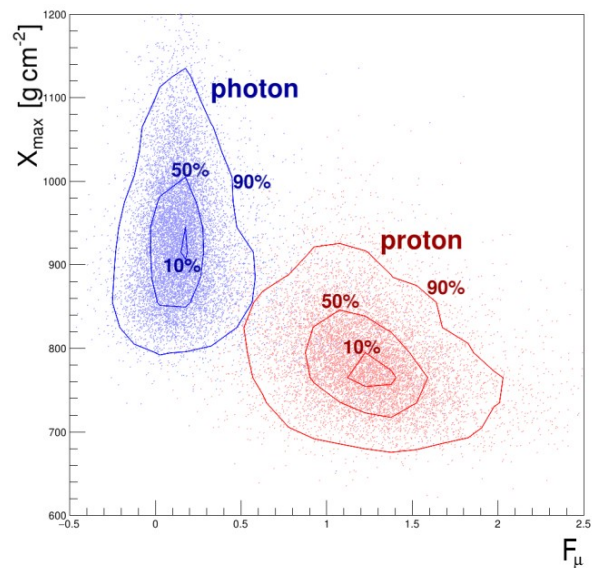
# Pierre Auger Observatory



- 1660 water Cherenkov tanks  $\Rightarrow$  3000 km<sup>2</sup>  
1.5 km spacing (sub-arrays: 750 m, 433 m)
- 27 fluorescence telescopes in 4 stations
- physics data since 2004
- AugerPrime upgrade



# Example of photon search: Auger hybrid (array plus telescopes)



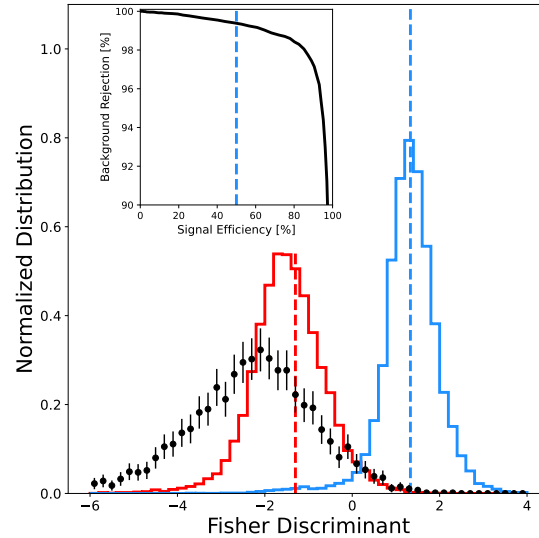
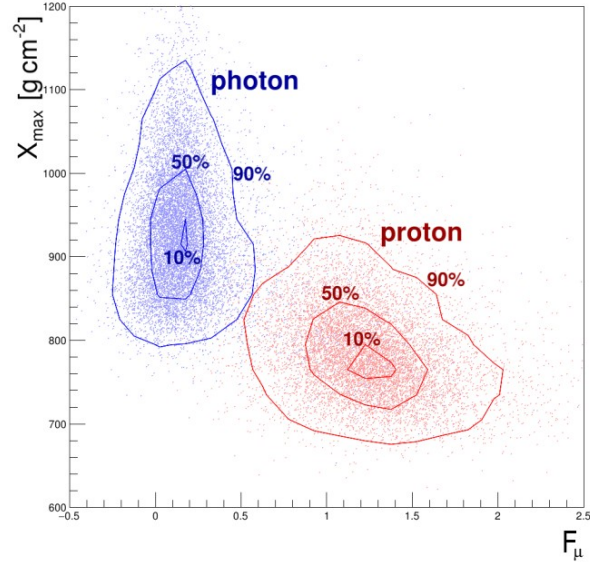
$$E \geq 10^{18} \text{ eV}$$

$X_{\text{max}}$  combined with  $F_{\mu}$  (muon proxy):  
discriminant observable

if value above photon median:  
event counted as “photon candidate”

[Auger, PRD 2024]

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discriminant observable

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[Auger, PRD 2024]

data: number of photon candidates is 22 above  $10^{18}$  eV

2 above  $2 \cdot 10^{18}$  eV, 0 above  $3 \cdot 10^{18}$  eV

compatible with background expectation

⇒ upper limit on photon flux:

$$\Phi_{\gamma}^{\text{CL}}(E_{\gamma} > E_{\gamma}^0) = \frac{N_{\gamma}^{\text{CL}}(E_{\gamma} > E_{\gamma}^0)}{\mathcal{E}_{\gamma}(E_{\gamma} > E_{\gamma}^0)}$$

u.l. number photon candidates

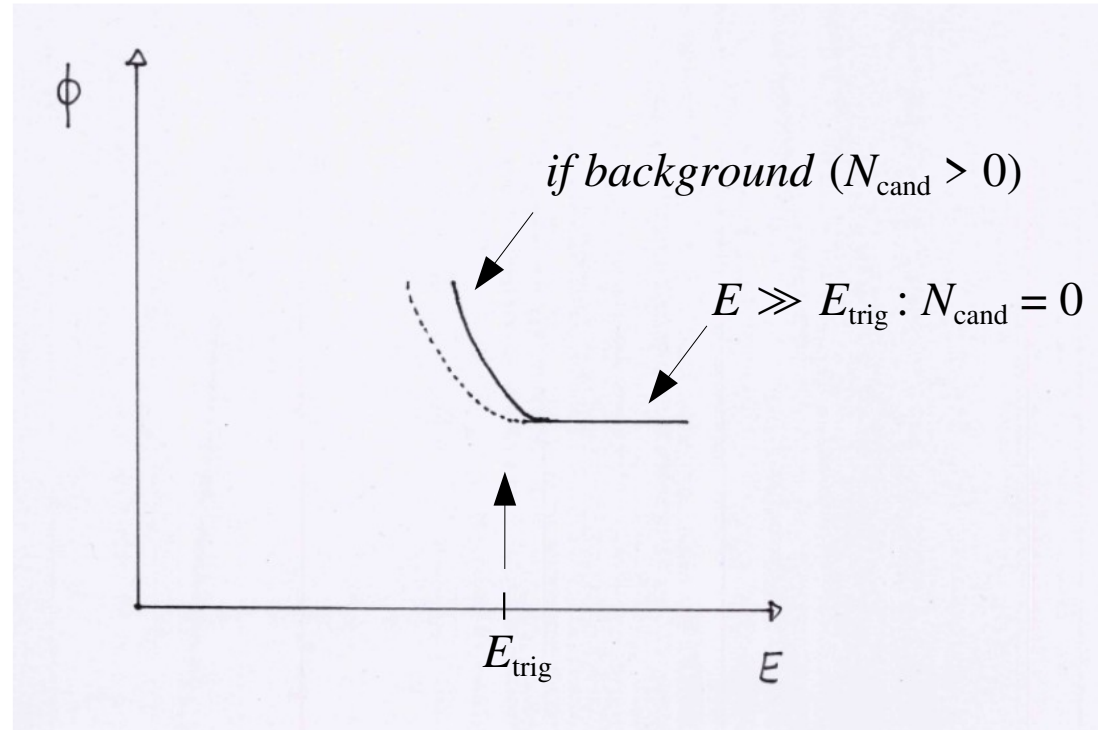
exposure



# Photon search: experimental results

(1) Diffuse photon flux

# Typical shape of limits (simplified)

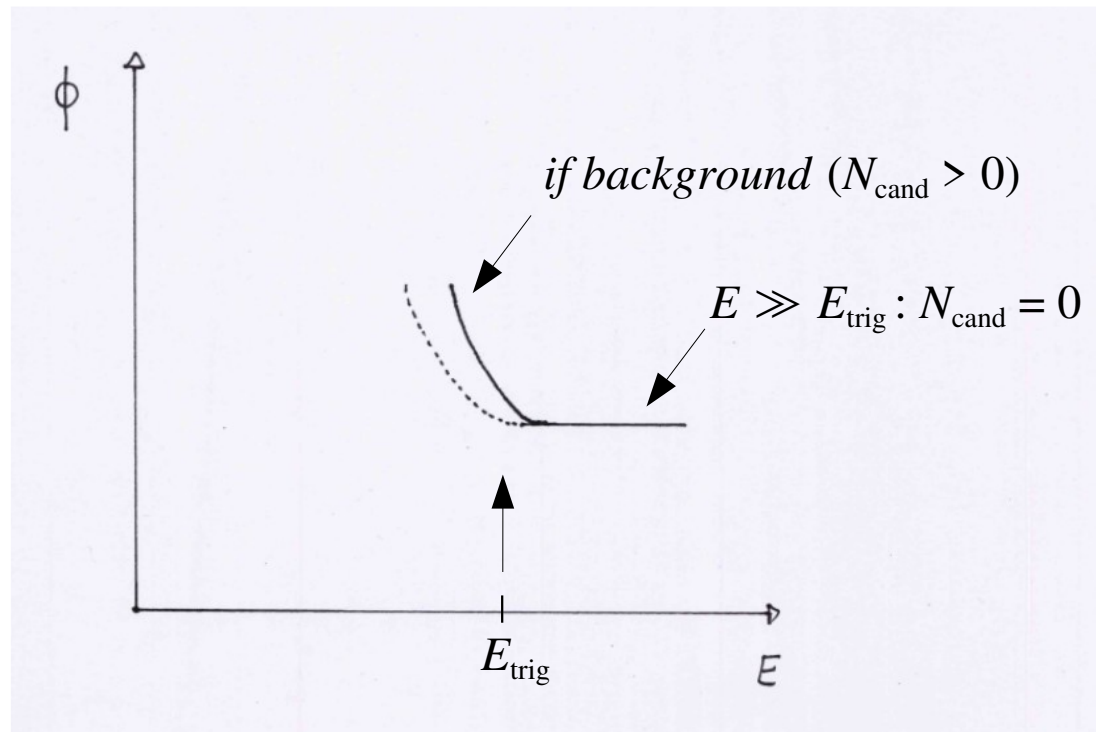


trigger  
threshold

# Typical shape of limits (simplified)

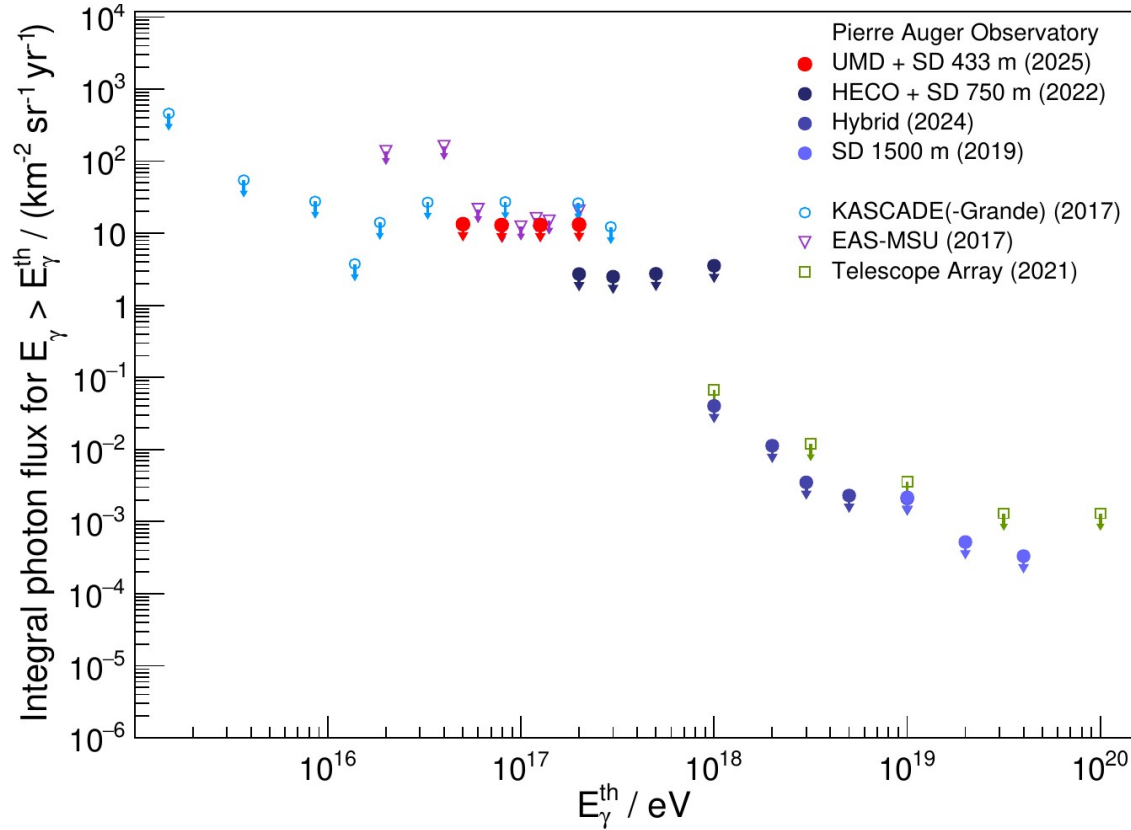
How to improve:

- larger exposure
- lower threshold
- better separation



trigger  
threshold

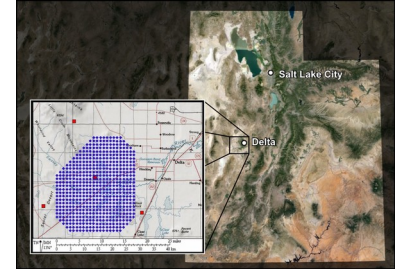
# Limits on diffuse photon flux



[Auger, JCAP 2025 /  
N. Gonzalez]



KA/-Grande	array	hybrid	hybrid	array
0.04 km <sup>2</sup> /	2 km <sup>2</sup>	27.5 km <sup>2</sup>	3000 km <sup>2</sup>	3000 km <sup>2</sup>
0.5 km <sup>2</sup>	+muon			

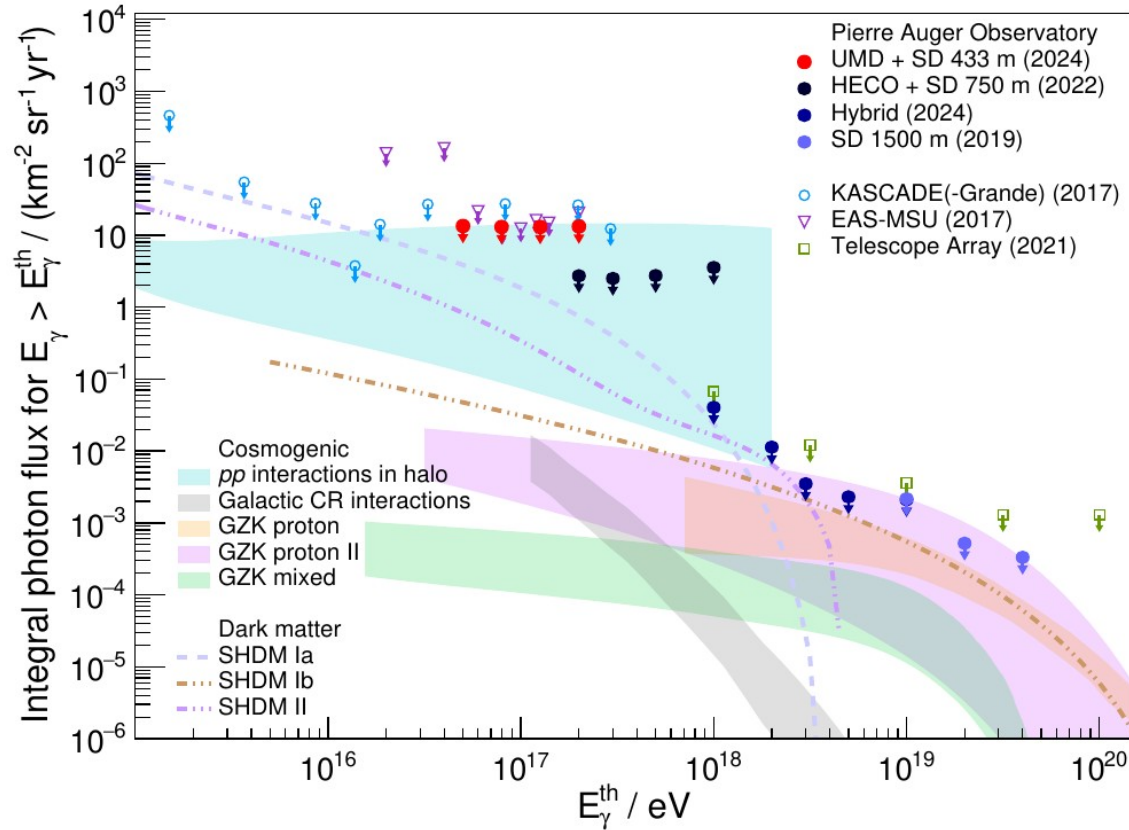


Telescope Array  
hybrid, 730 km<sup>2</sup>



Auger moving towards  
(multi-)PeV range

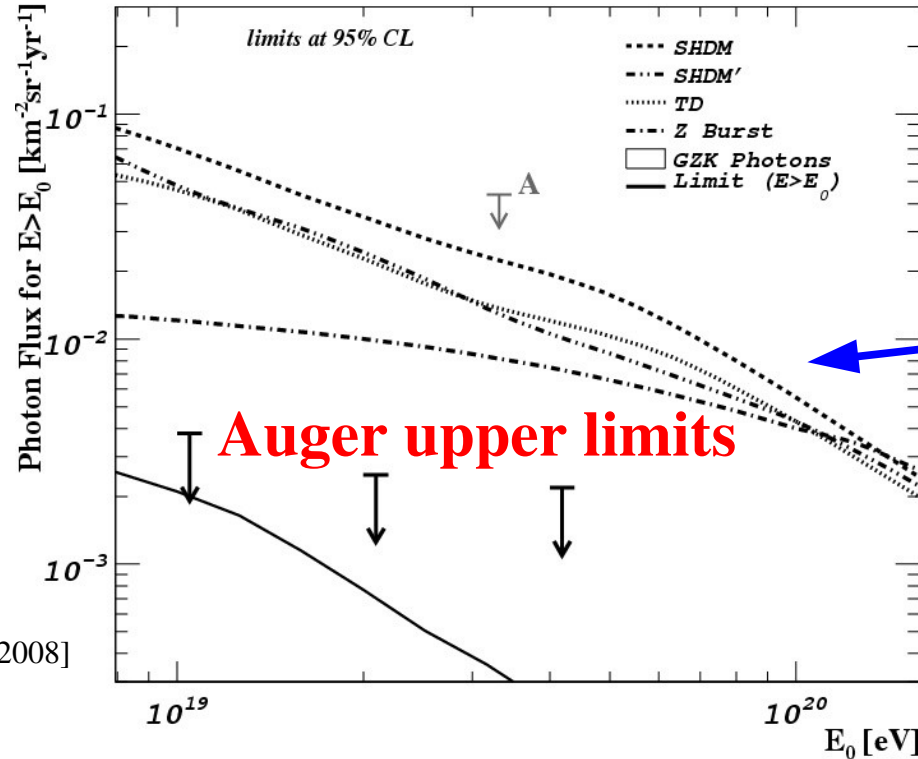
# Limits on diffuse photon flux



[Auger, JCAP 2025]

start constraining “GZK proton“, “pp int. halo“  
continue constraining “SHDM residuals“

# Reminder 2008: “top-down models” try explain UHECR



... but predict way too many photons

E.g. SHDM:  
only partial contribution to cosmic rays from residual phase space



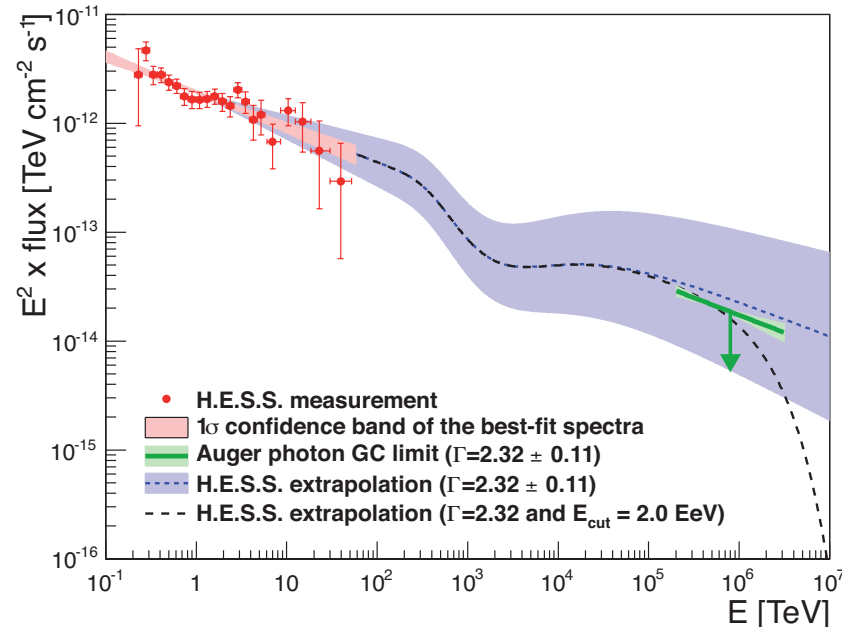
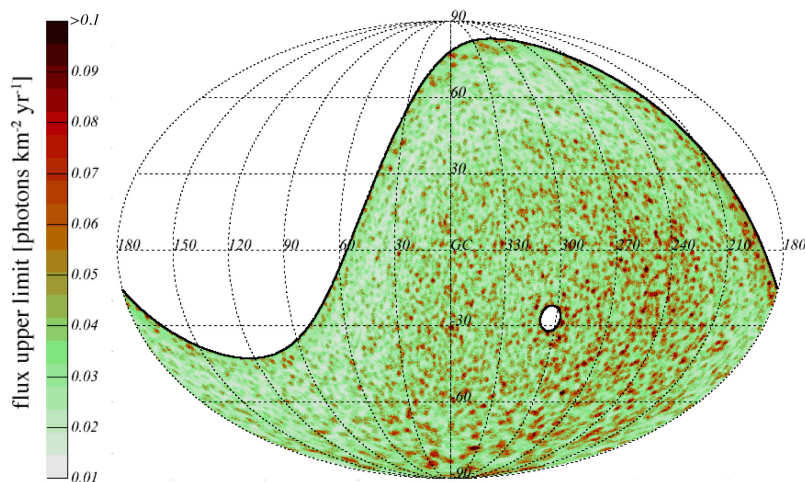
# Photon search: experimental results

- ✓ (1) Diffuse photon flux

Since photons are neutral ...

- (2) Directional excesses

# Directional search for photons: Auger Observatory



$E = 10^{17.3} - 10^{18.5}$  eV, hybrid

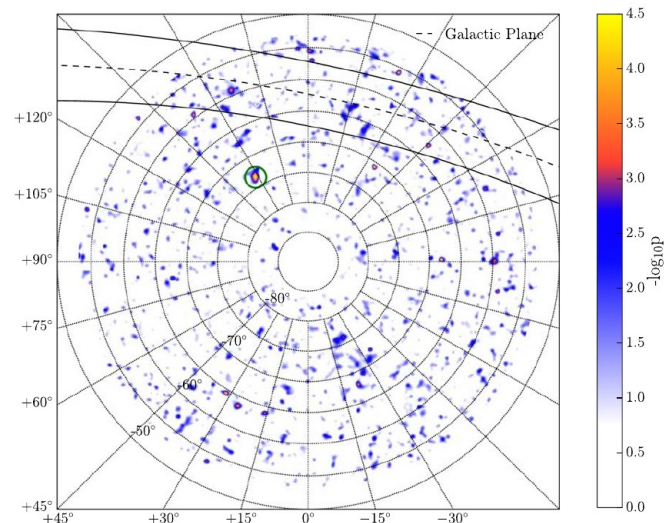
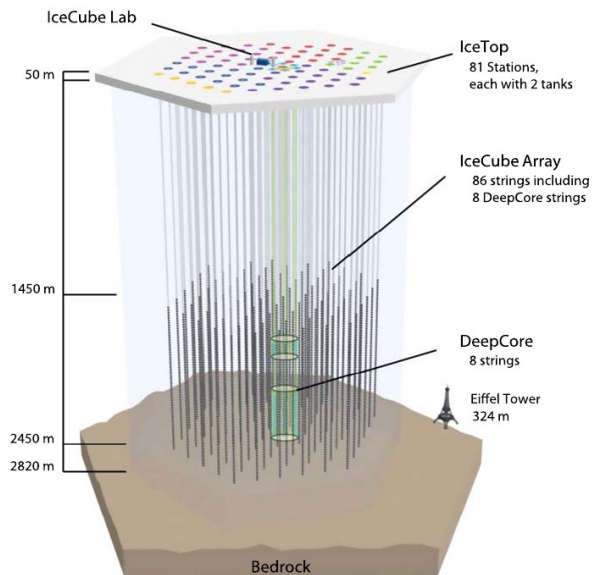
search for excess of photon-like events (no sign. excess)

directional upper limits

constrains high-energy extrapolations of gamma-ray sources (here: GC)

[Auger, ApJ 2014,  
ApJL 2017]

# Directional search for photons: IceCube



[IceCube, ApJ 2020]

**Figure 13.** All-sky likelihood scan pretrial  $p$ -values shown projected from the South Pole in equatorial units. The R.A. is labeled along the figure axes, with the interior text denoting decl. bands. The green circle highlights the hottest spot in the scan. The Galactic plane region ( $>5^\circ$  in Galactic latitude) is also shown.

$$E \simeq 2 \text{ PeV}$$

IceTop (surface array,  $\sim 1 \text{ km}^2$ ) plus IceCube (as muon veto)  
search for excess of photon-like events (no sign. excess)  
galactic plane slice of  $\sim 50 \text{ deg}$

# Photon search: experimental results

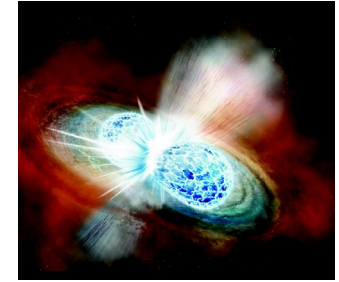
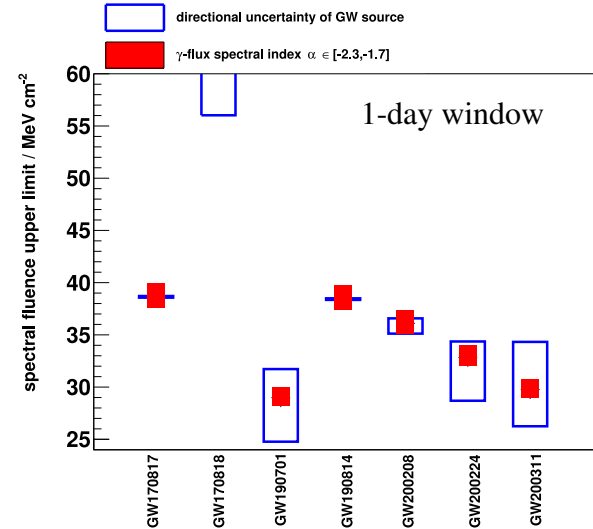
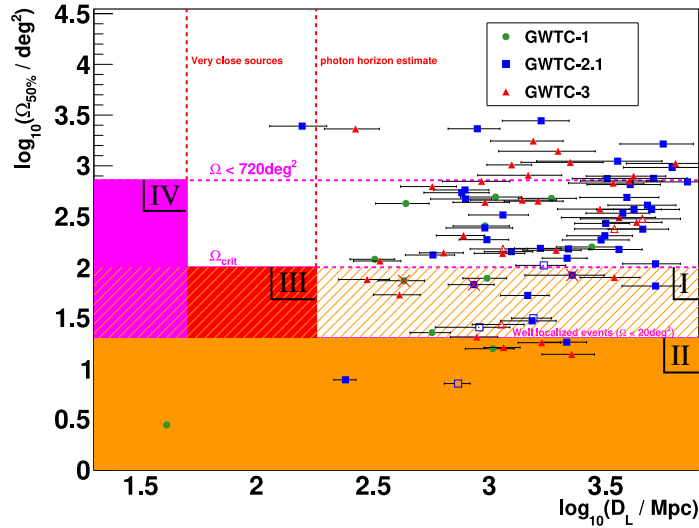
- ✓ (1) Diffuse photon flux

Since photons are neutral ...

- ✓ (2) Directional excesses

- (3) Transients (excess in direction and time)

# Search for photons from transients



[Auger, ApJ 2023]

$E \geq 10^{19}$  eV, array; LIGO/Virgo runs O1-O3 (91 events)  
 elaborated GW event selections (preferred: small distance, well localized)  
 search for time-directional correlation  
 limits on UHE photon fluence from GW mergers (“proof-of-principle”)  
 distant sources: signal would indicate new physics (e.g. LV)

**Photons and fundamental physics:  
does Lorentz invariance hold?**



# Lorentz invariance violation

Lorentz invariance: fundamental pillar of physics

quantum gravity models: violation (LV) well possible

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Lorentz invariance: fundamental pillar of physics

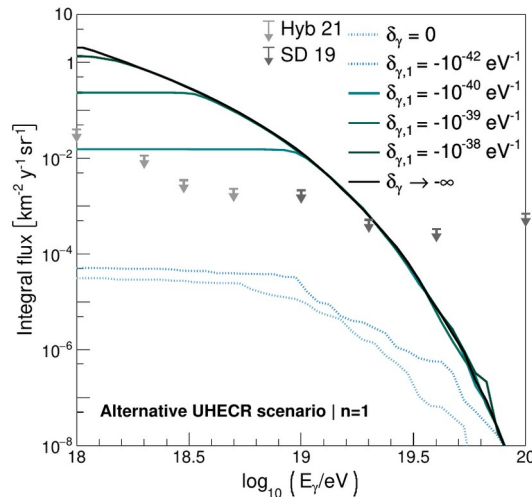
quantum gravity models: violation (LV) well possible

**(1) Suppression of SM interactions?** E.g. pair production  $\Rightarrow$  accumulation of UHE photons?

photon limits lead to LV constraints

caveat “conditional constraints“ (UHE proton component?)

[e.g. Galaverni, Sigl, PRL 2008  
Auger, JCAP 2022]



[Auger, JCAP 2022]

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[e.g. Galaverni, Sigl, PRL 2008  
Auger, JCAP 2022]

**(2) Appearance of BSM interactions?** E.g. photon decay  $\gamma \rightarrow e^+ + e^-$

photon observations lead to LV constraints

example: a  $\sim 10^{18}$  eV photon would improve related LV parameter by almost 4 orders of magnitude

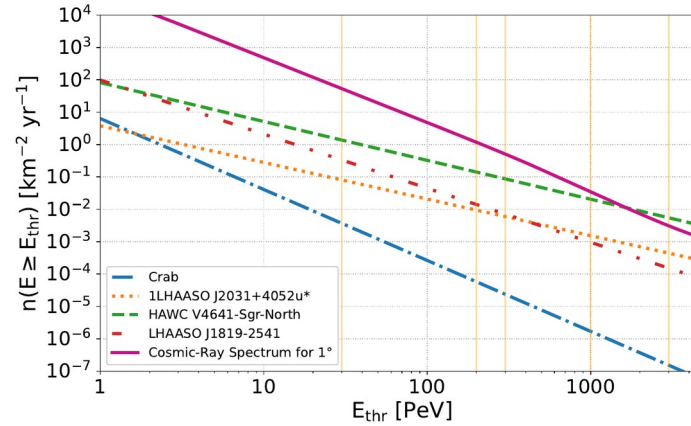
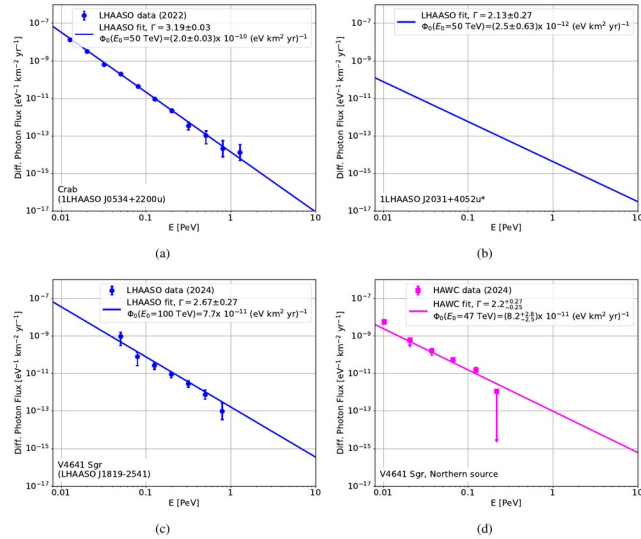
[e.g. Klinkhamer, Schreck 2008,  
MR, CPT 2022]

# PeV photon sources w/o cutoff

How far in energy do they continue?

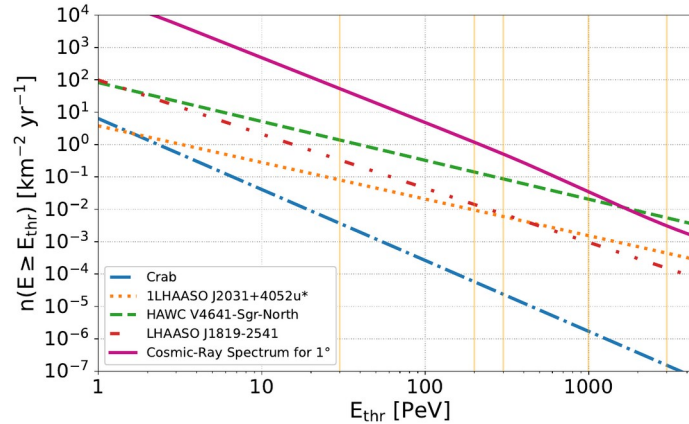
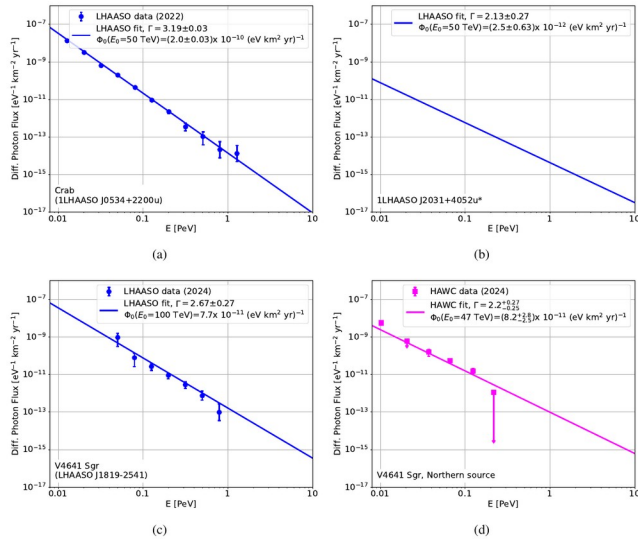
→ Can shower observatories test high-energy extrapolations?

# Benchmarking: extrapolate PeV photon spectra

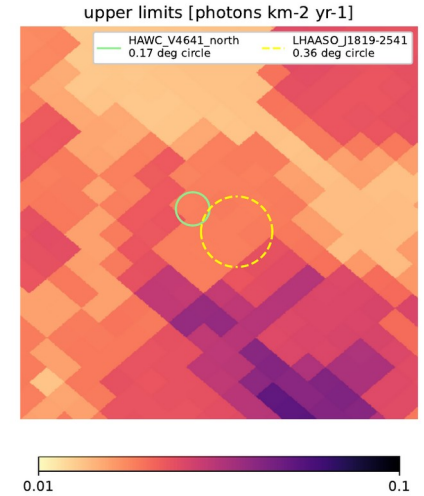


[Papior, Niechciol, MR, ApP 2024 and ICRC 2025]

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[Papior, Niechciol, MR, ApP 2024 and ICRC 2025]

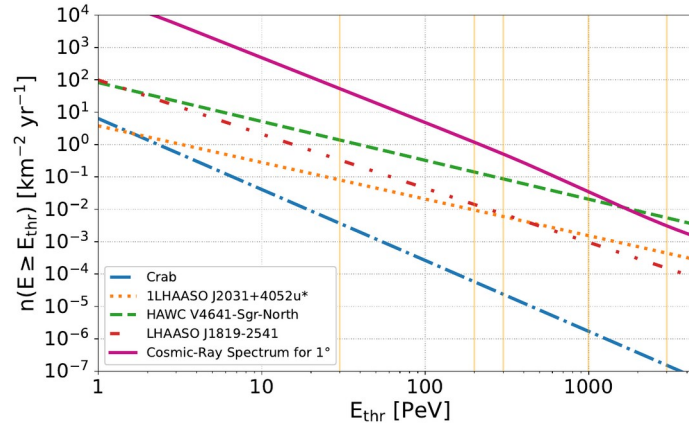
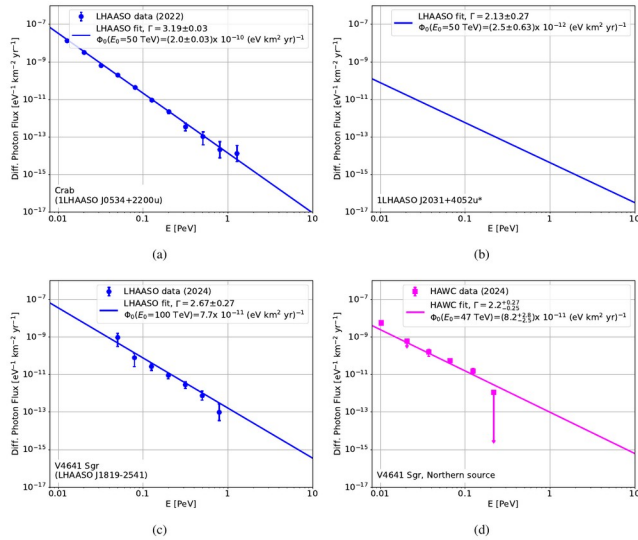


Certain tests **possible already** with present air shower setups, e.g.:

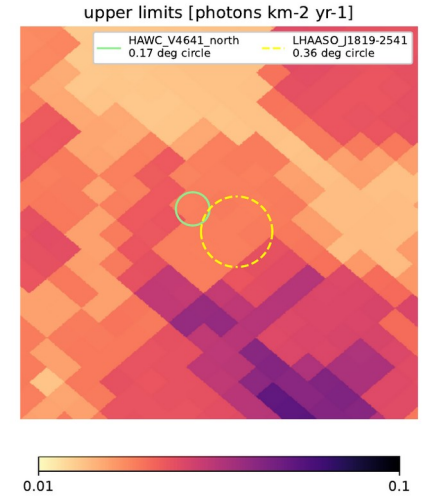
For V4641 Sgr, Auger directional limits at  $E = 10^{17.3} - 10^{18.5} \text{ eV}$  constrain power-law extrapolation harder than  $-2,2$



# Benchmarking: extrapolate PeV photon spectra



[Papior, Niechciol, MR, ApP 2024 and ICRC 2025]



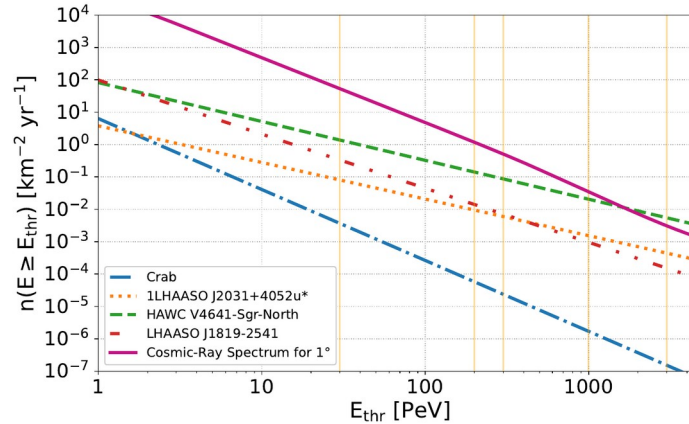
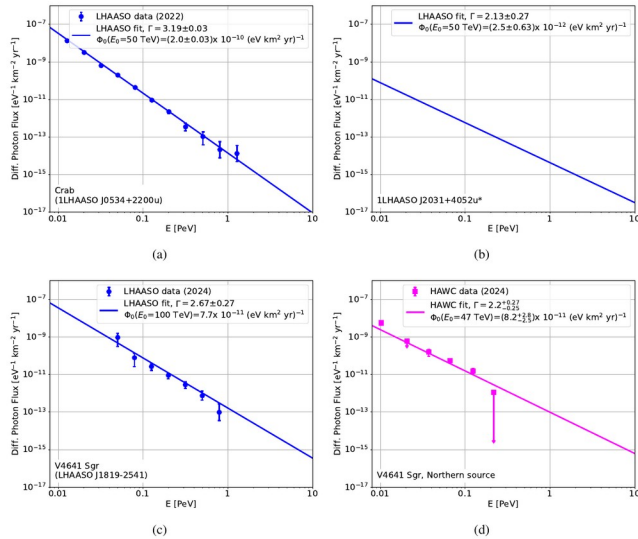
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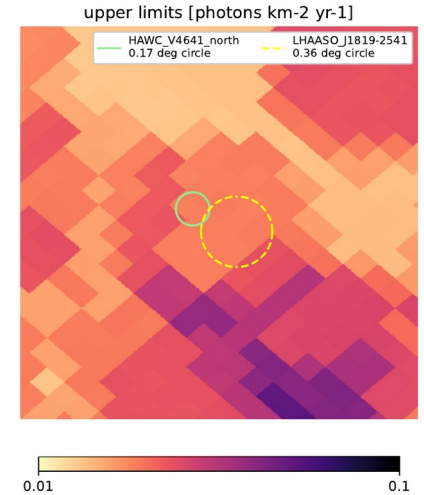
However, unless hard spectra to energies  $\gg$  PeV: **event rate challenging** for present air shower setups, e.g.:

For 30 PeV threshold,  $\sim 1$  photon/yr from (currently) brightest sources

# Benchmarking: extrapolate PeV photon spectra



[Papior, Niechciol, MR, ApP 2024 and ICRC 2025]



Certain tests **possible already** with present air shower setups, e.g.:

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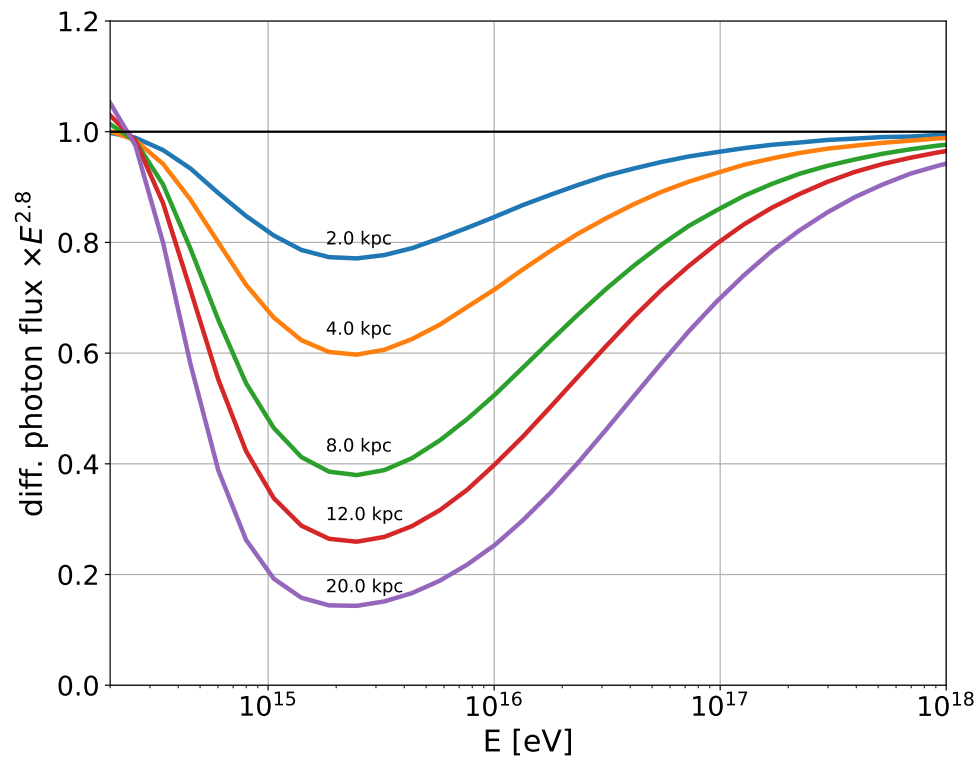
However, unless hard spectra to energies  $\gg$  PeV: **event rate challenging** for present air shower setups, e.g.:

For 30 PeV threshold,  $\sim 1$  photon/yr from (currently) brightest sources

→ lower threshold (towards PeV), effective size  $O(10 \text{ km}^2)$

→ *PEPS (talk by Ioana)*

# If power-law $>10$ PeV: observe spectral suppression !?



CRPropa simulations:

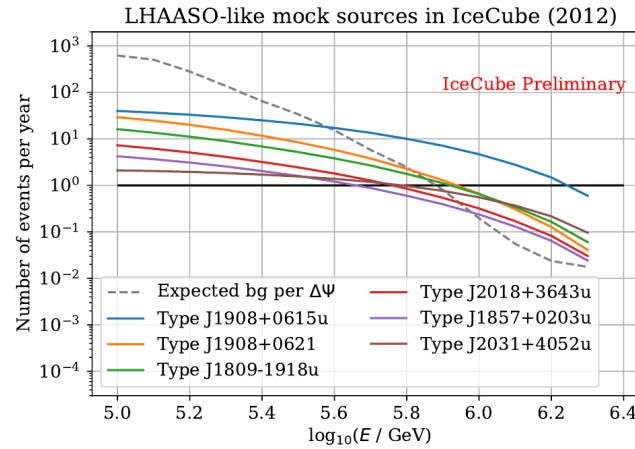
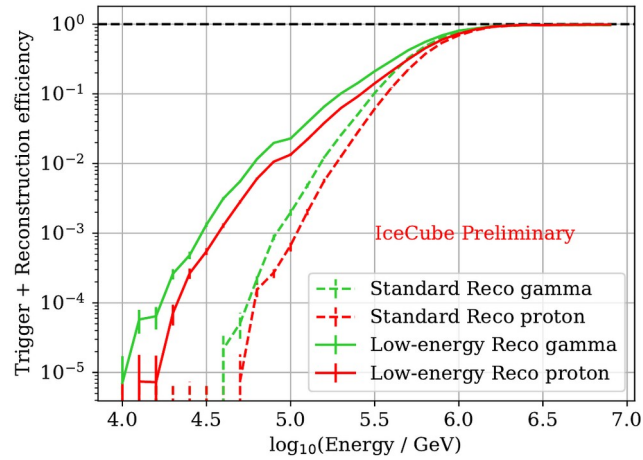
photon emission  
spectrum  $E^{-2.8}$

[C. Papior]

From galactic propagation (pair-production with CMB):  
Expect suppression towards  $\sim 3$  PeV, then (relative) recovery  
Test of Lorentz invariance, galactic transparency, ...

**(Present) future:**

**Experimental Upgrades**



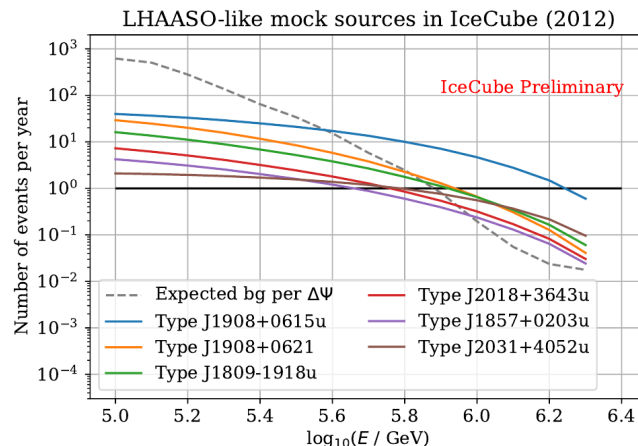
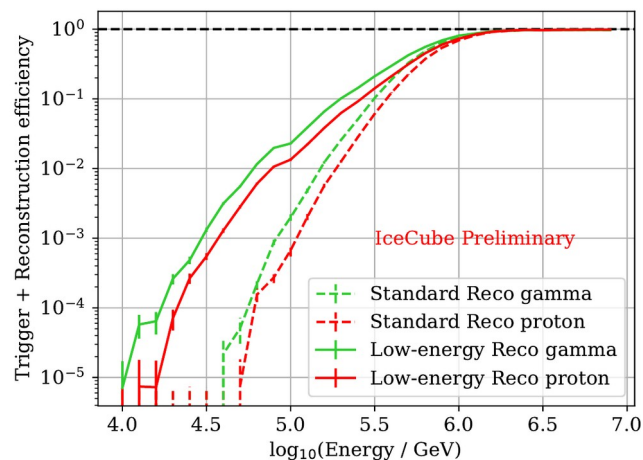
improving analysis:

- better separation
- lower threshold (sub-PeV)

discovery potential

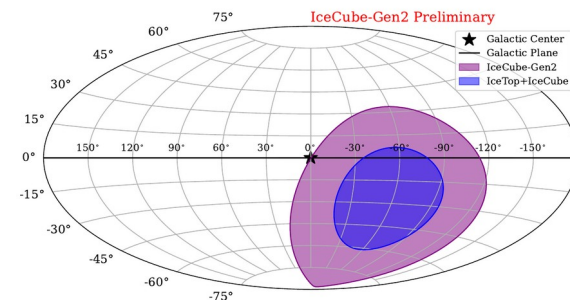
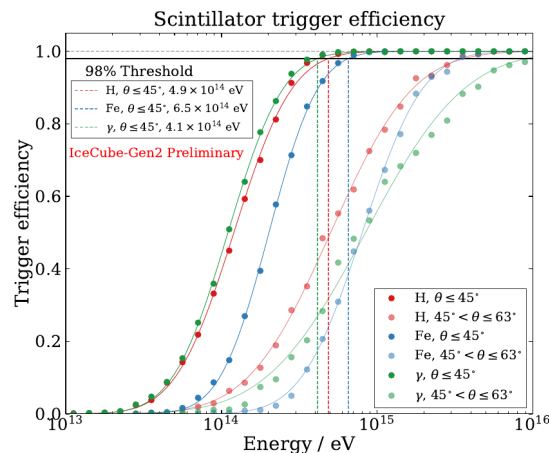
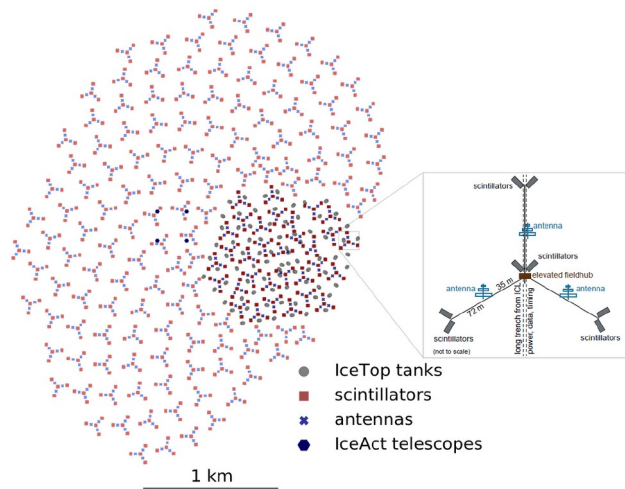
# IceCube(-Gen2)

[IceCube, ICRC 2025]



improving analysis:

- better separation
  - lower threshold (sub-PeV)
- discovery potential



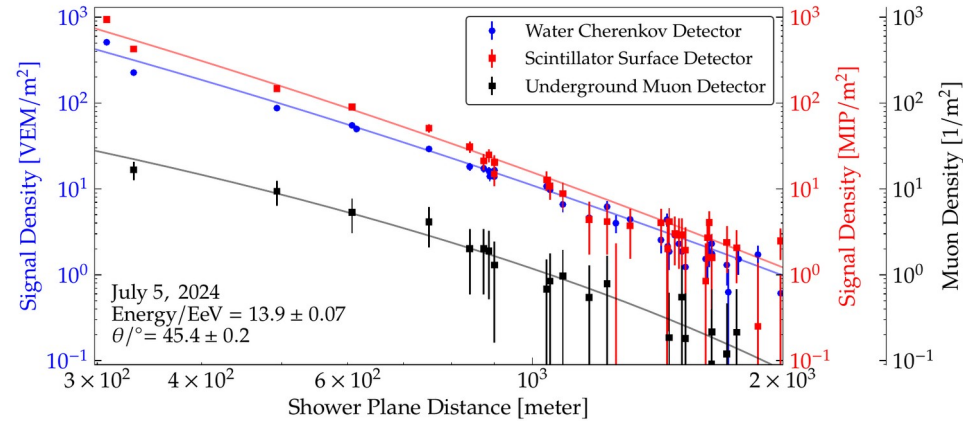
IceCube-Gen2:

- larger array ( $\sim 6 \text{ km}^2$ )
- increased FoV (gal. plane!)



# Pierre Auger Observatory

[Auger, ICRC 2025  
and JCAP 2025]



data taking  
→ 2035

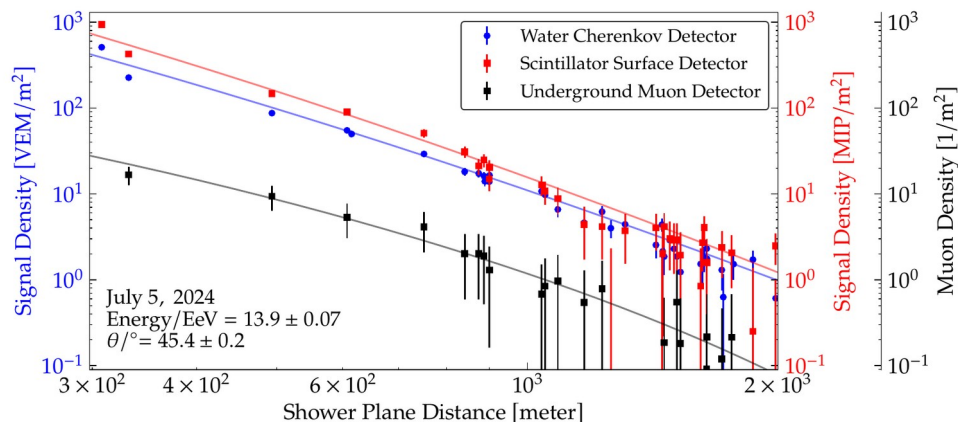
AugerPrime upgrade: scintillation and radio detector on each tank, ...  $\Rightarrow$  improving separation





# Pierre Auger Observatory

[Auger, ICRC 2025  
and JCAP 2025]

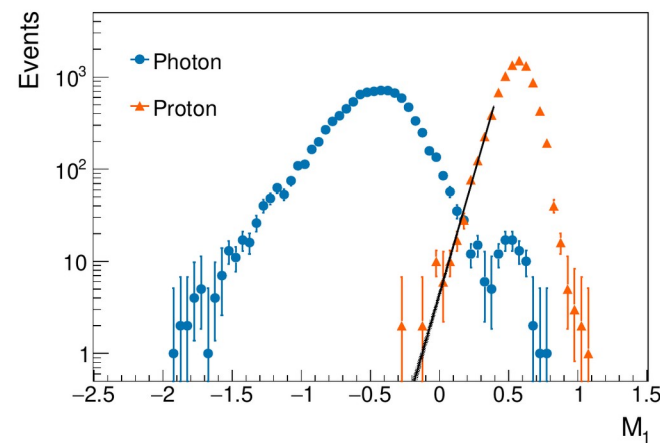
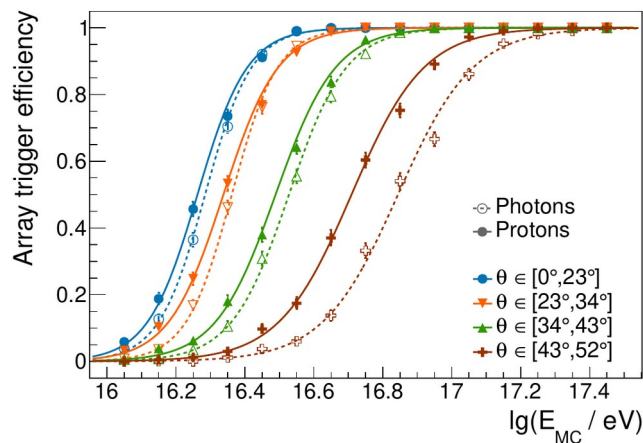


data taking  
→ 2035

AugerPrime upgrade: scintillation and radio detector on each tank, ... ⇒ improving separation

Completing UMD  
(muons on 2 km<sup>2</sup> array)

towards ~20 PeV  
excellent separation





# Search for photons beyond PeV: summary

- they should exist (factor  $>100$  above current  $E_{\text{max}}$ )
- neutral  $\Rightarrow$  directional pointing (source identification)
- neutral  $\Rightarrow$  transients (flaring vs. steady sources)
- relation to cosmic rays (particularly composition)
- tracers of matter and fields during propagation
- testing more local universe (complementary to neutrinos)
- the only gauge boson among astroparticles
- observation by showers: similar to “normal” ones
- quite precise simulation of cascading (EM dominates)
- potential tracers of BSM physics

historical view on the conquest of new windows:



# Search for photons beyond PeV: summary

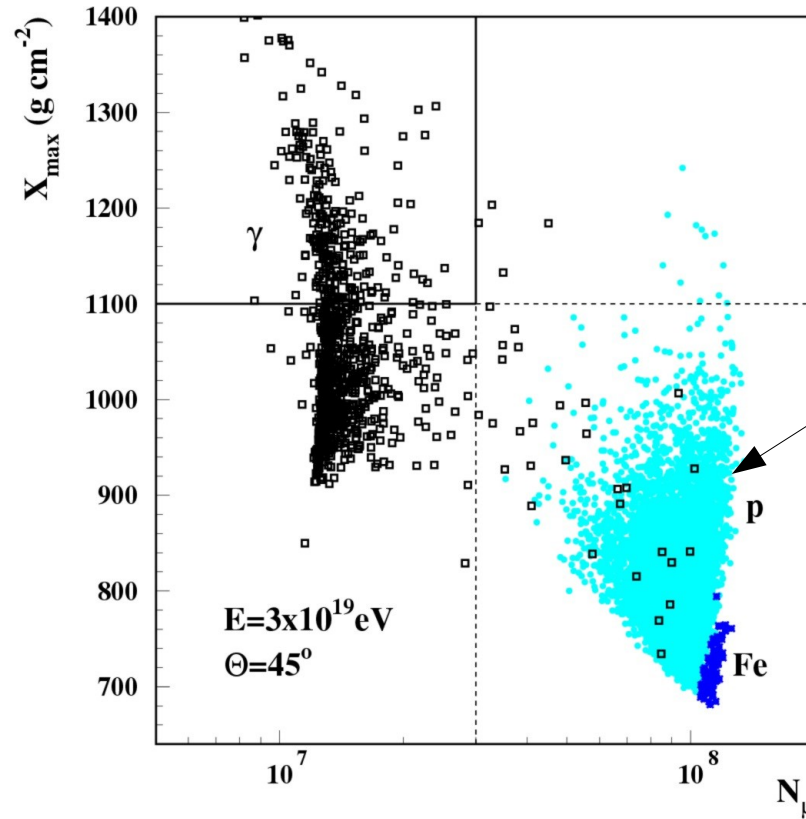
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historical view on the conquest of new windows:

question is not if, but when ...

OK OK OK OK OK OK OK OK OK OK OK ? ? ?

# Photon-hadron discrimination. How good with showers?



*air shower  
simulation only*

10,000 protons

Proton fluctuations may depend on hadron model. Photon simulations are almost model-independent!

(MR & Homola 2007)

- **mis-identification rates** (proton-photon)  **$\sim 0.1\%$**  ( $X_{\text{max}}$ ),  **$\sim 0.01\%$**  ( $N_{\mu}$ )