



IIHE seminar

Measurement of differential production cross sections for a Z boson in association with jets in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV

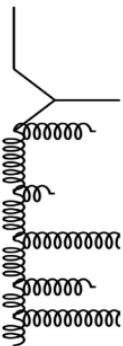
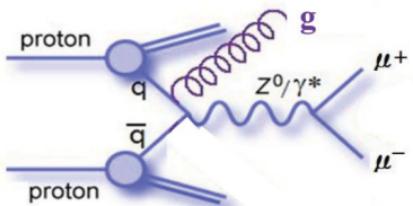
Emanuela Barberis, Suman Beri, Bugra Bilin, Laurent Favart, Philippe Gras,
Anastasia Grebenyuk, Apichart Horthangtham, Alexandre Léonard, Sandeep Kaur,
Kadir Ocalan, Tomislav Seva, Bhawandeep Uppal, Metin Yalvac, Fengwangdong
Zhang

December 17, 2015

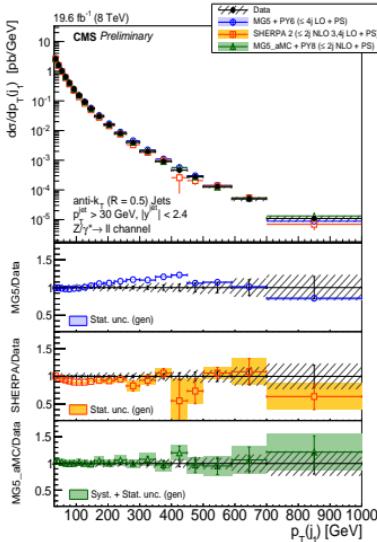
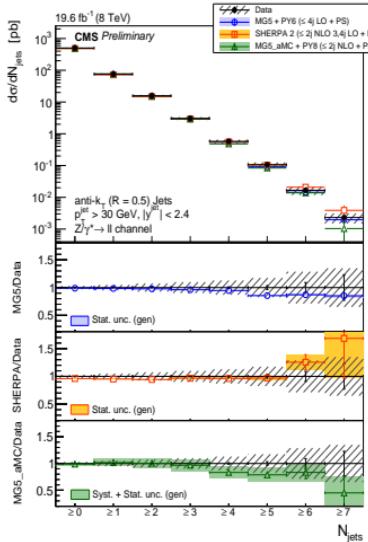
Motivation

- ▶ This process is a standard candle at LHC:
 - ▶ High cross section
 - ▶ Almost background free
 - ▶ Clean signature due to decay of Z boson to two oppositely charged leptons with high reconstruction efficiency
- ▶ It is an ideal laboratory for jet production study
- ▶ It gives stringent tests on perturbative QCD computations
- ▶ It is a significant background in many SM processes, such as single top, ttbar, vector boson fusion, WW scattering, Higgs production, and for SUSY searches
- ▶ Measurement on the cross section of Z+jets as a function of different kinematical observables is crucial with highest possible precision
- ▶ Precision test on theoretical predictions

Z+jets: from 8 to 13 TeV



→ high multiplicity events

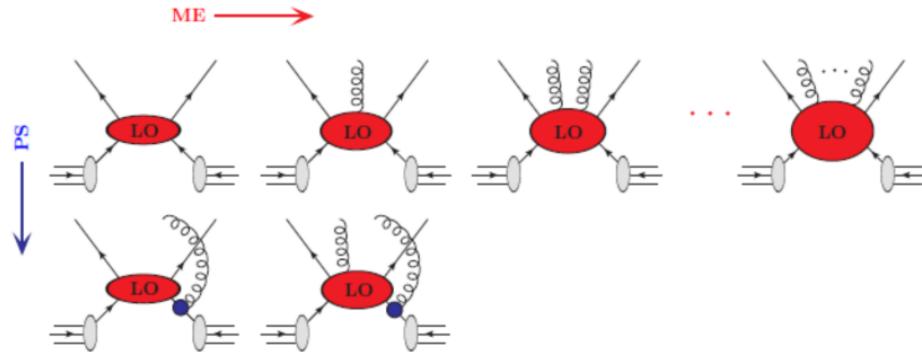


- ▶ Recent Z+jets measurements at 8 TeV go up to 7 jets!
(CMS-PAS-SMP-14-013)

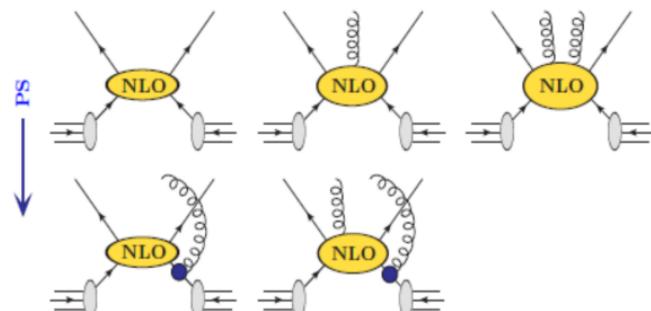
- ▶ Need of higher order Monte Carlo generators to describe the measurements

Z+jets predictions

Madgraph: Multi-parton LO ME +PS (reference MC for 8 TeV data)



aMC@NLO: NLO for higher parton multiplicity ME + PS (reference MC for 13 TeV)



- ▶ we now test aMC@NLO computed for 2 legs at NLO:

Z+0/1/2 partons at NLO + PS
Z+3 partons at LO + PS
Z+(> 3) partons purely PS

Data and Simulation Samples

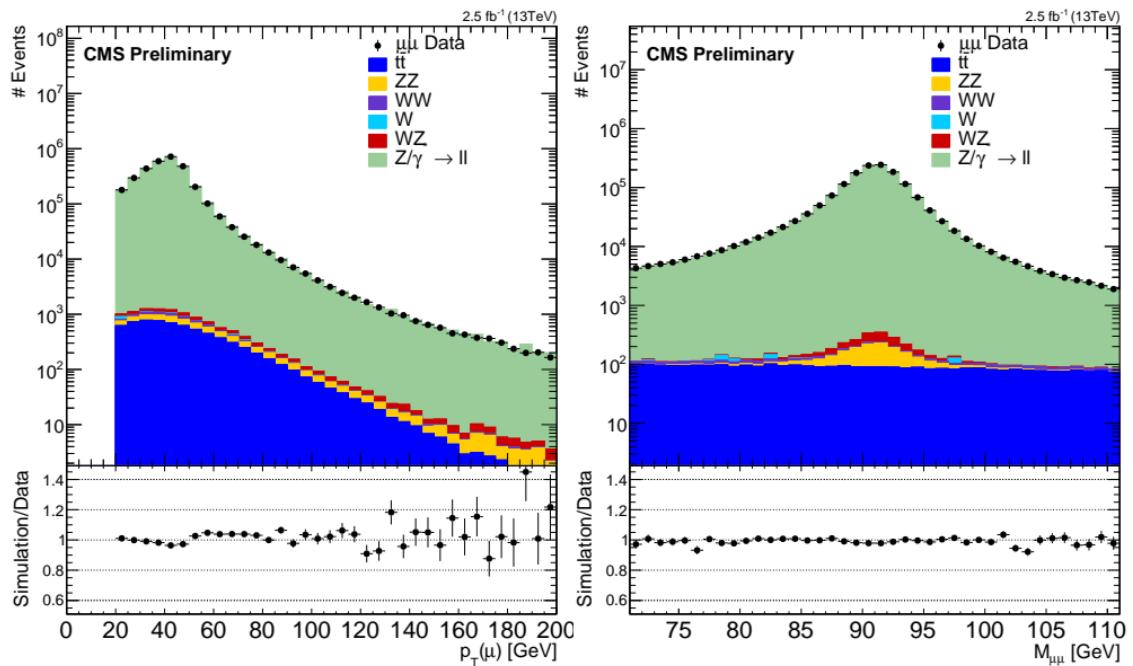
- ▶ **Data:** 2015 RunD with 25ns of bunch spacing
- ▶ Integrated luminosity of 2.5 fb^{-1}
- ▶ **Signal** is generated by MG5_aMC@NLO using FxFx merging scheme, with di-lepton mass larger than 50 GeV
 - ▶ The matrix elements include Z+0/1/2 partons NLO computation; Z+(≥ 3) partons LO approximation
 - ▶ The parton shower and hadronization are held by PYTHIA8 using CUETP8M1 tune
 - ▶ The total cross section is normalised to the NNLO calculation by FEWZ (2008.4 pb for one decay leptonic channel)
- ▶ **$t\bar{t}$ background** and **single top** modelled with **POWHEG** interfaced with **PYTHIA 8**
- ▶ Double vector boson BKG:
 - ▶ WW: generated by **POWHEG**
 - ▶ WZ: generated by aMC@NLO, interfaced with **PYTHIA 8**
 - ▶ ZZ: generated by **PYTHIA 8**
- ▶ Wjets sample is generated by **aMC@NLO**, interfaced with **PYTHIA 8**

Selection

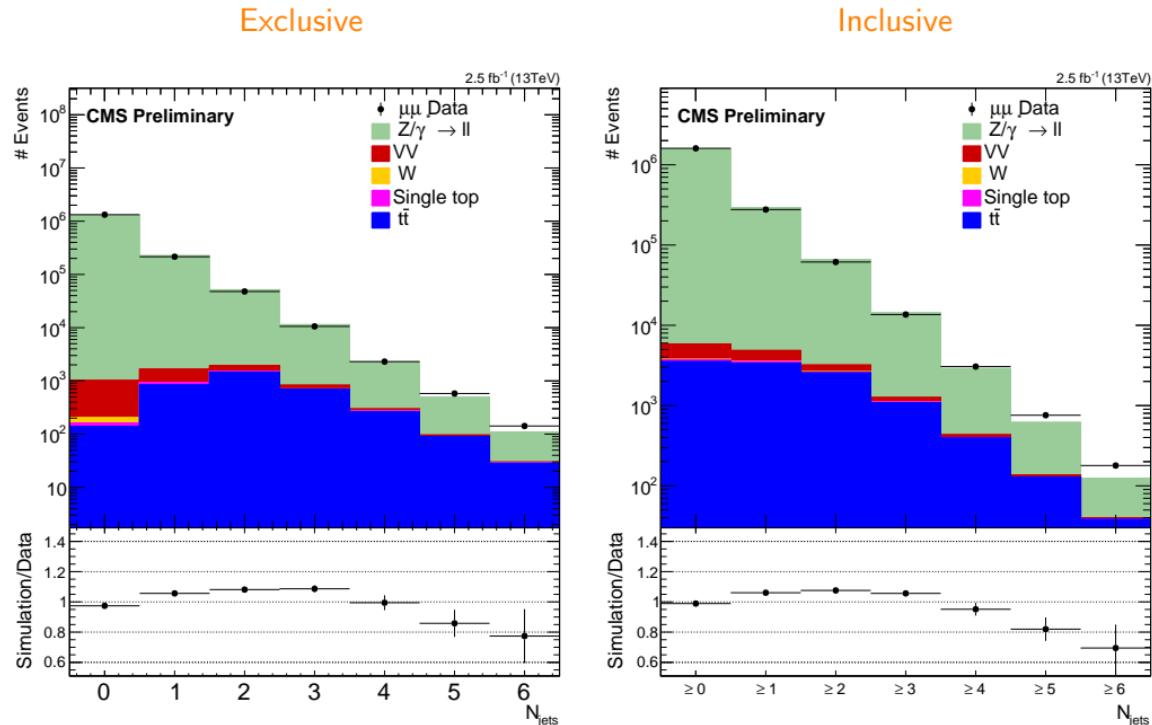
Cuts:

- ▶ two well identified oppositely charged muons
- ▶ $p_T(\mu) \geq 20 \text{ GeV}$
- ▶ $|\eta(\mu)| \leq 2.4$
- ▶ $71 \leq M_{\mu\mu} \leq 111 \text{ GeV}$,
- ▶ Anti- k_t ($\Delta R = 0.4$) jets with $p_T(j) \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$ and $|y(j)| \leq 2.4$

Detector Level Results: Muon's p_T and dimuon mass for $N_{\text{jets}} \geq 0$ scenario

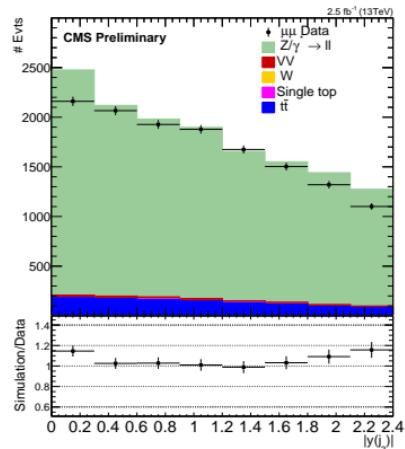
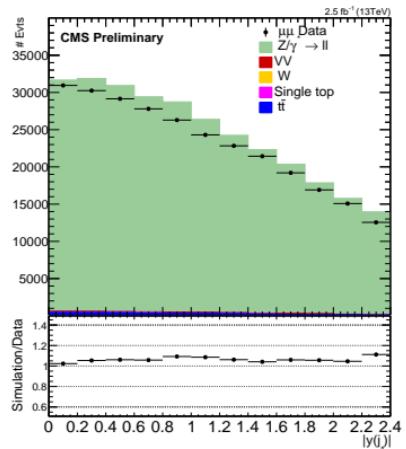
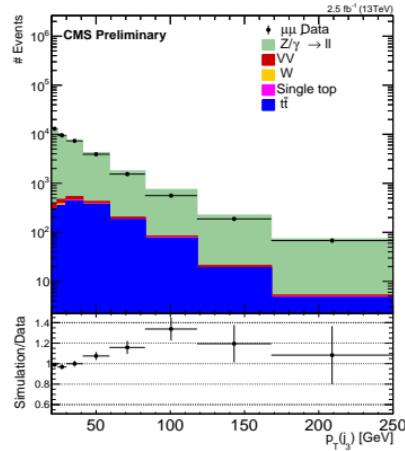
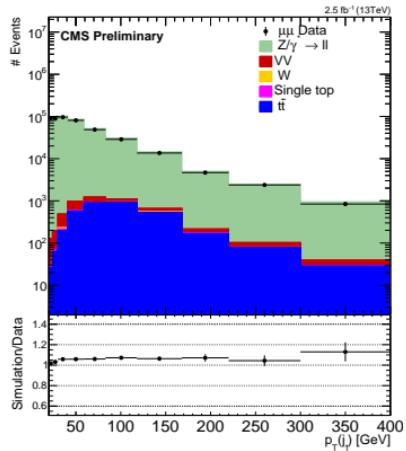


Detector Level Results: Jet Multiplicity



- Good Data/MC description for $N_{\text{jets}} < 5$ jet bins

Transverse momentum and absolute rapidity of jet



From Reco Distribution to Cross Sections

- ▶ To correct for the detector effects the data are unfolded to the generator level using the iterative D'Agostini method
- ▶ Background is subtracted from the data before the unfolding

Phase Space at Generator Level:

- ▶ generated muons after EWK FSR are "dressed" with photons:

$$p_{\text{corr.}}^{\mu} = p^{\mu} + \sum_{\gamma}^{\Delta R \leq 0.1} p^{\gamma}$$

- ▶ two opposite charge muons,
- ▶ $p_T(\mu) \geq 20 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta(\mu)| \leq 2.4$ and $71 \leq M_{\mu\mu} \leq 111 \text{ GeV}$,
- ▶ jets clustered using anti- k_t clustering algorithm with cone size of $R = 0.4$ from MC stable particles after hadronisation and removal of neutrinos.
- ▶ $p_T(j) \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|y(j)| \leq 2.4$, $\Delta R(j, \mu) > 0.4$

Systematic Uncertainties

- ▶ **Jet energy correction (JEC) uncertainty**

Varying the JEC by plus and minus by the values provided by JETMET POG

- ▶ **Background estimation (Bgnd)**

Estimated using simulated events by varying the cross section of 10% for $t\bar{t}$. The cross section uncertainties of other backgrounds are negligible.

- ▶ **Pile-up (PU)**

Varying the minimum bias cross section by $\pm 5\%$.

- ▶ **Unfolding**

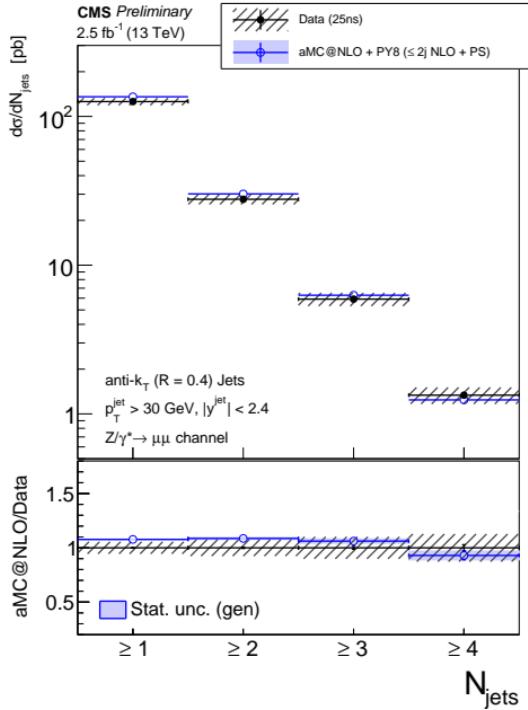
Estimated by reweighting MC with ratio data/simulation of fine binning reco-level histogram: introduced difference on unfolding results taken as uncertainties

- ▶ **Luminosity (Lumi)**

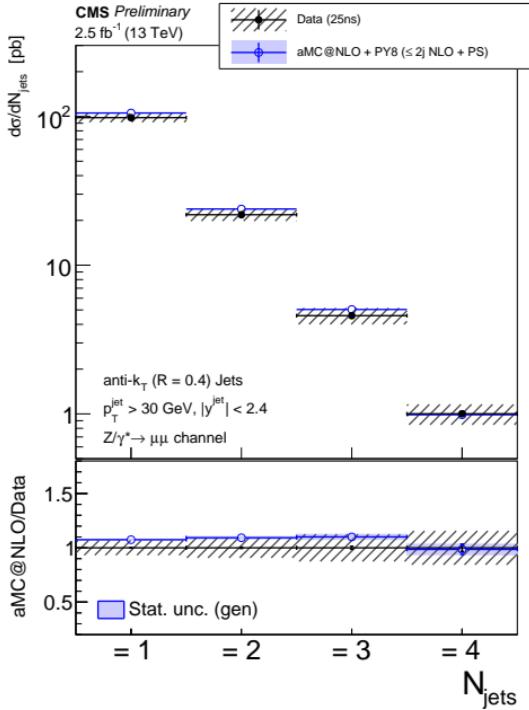
Total integrated luminosity uncertainty of 4.6% is considered.

Jet multiplicity

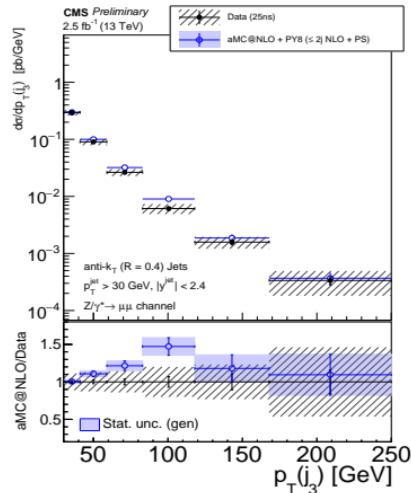
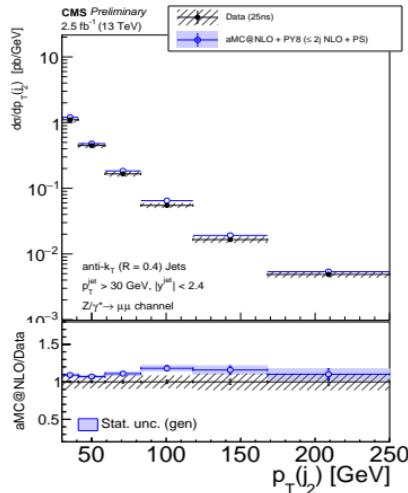
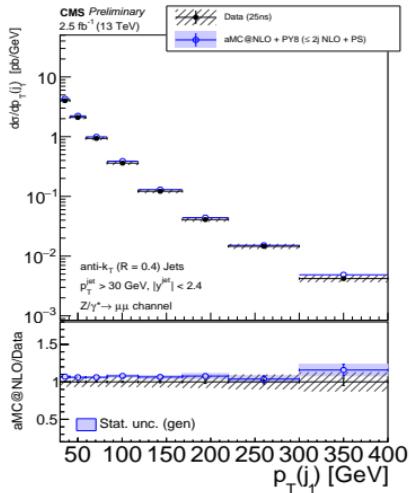
Inclusive:



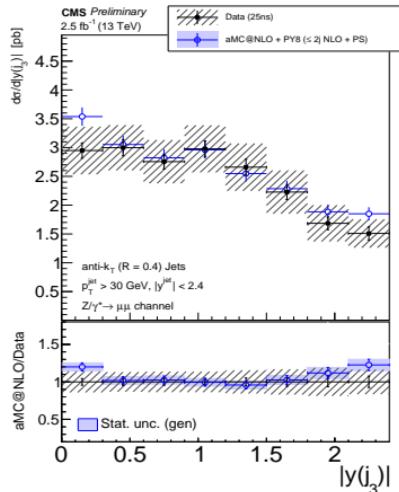
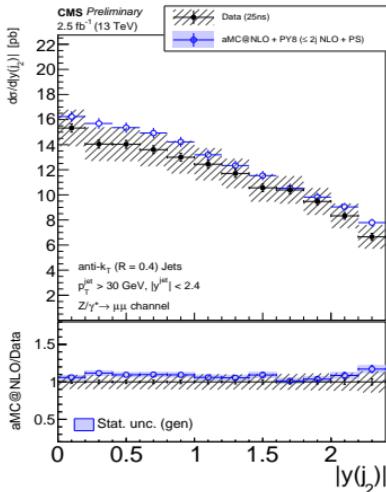
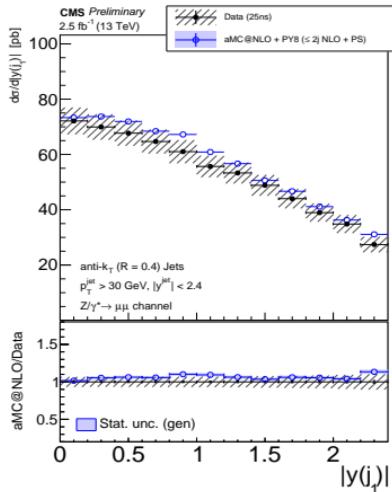
Exclusive:



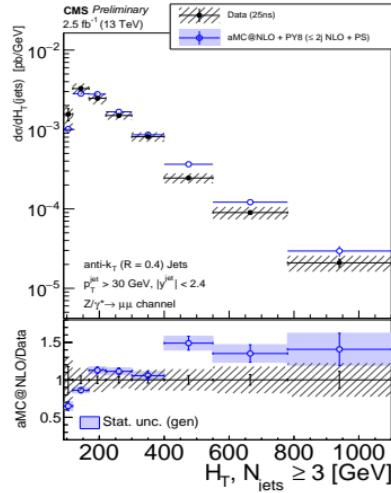
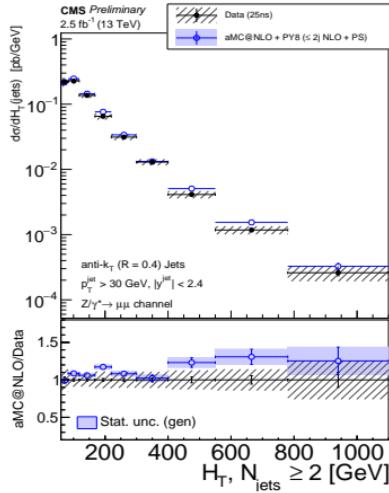
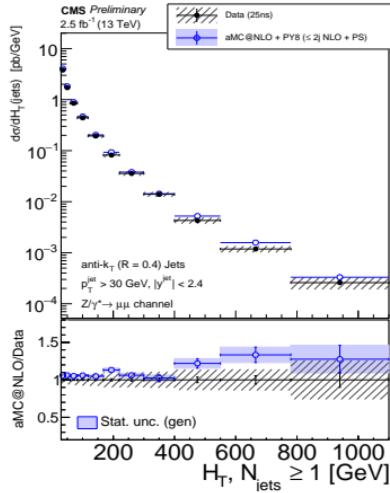
Jet Transverse Momenta



Jet absolute rapidity



Jet HT



Conclusion

- ▶ The fiducial cross section of Z boson associated with jets in pp collisions at a central energy of 13 TeV has been measured with the phase space:
 - ▶ $p_T(\mu) \geq 20 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta(\mu)| \leq 2.4$ and $71 \leq M_{\mu\mu} \leq 111 \text{ GeV}$,
 - ▶ $p_T(j) \geq 30 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta(j)| \leq 2.4$, $\Delta R(j, \mu) > 0.4$
- ▶ The full data set, which correspond to the integrated luminosity of 2.5 fb^{-1} , is analysed.
- ▶ The differential cross section is measured as a function of jet multiplicity, jet transverse momentum, jet rapidity, and scalar sum of jet transverse momenta up to three jets
- ▶ The measurements are compared to multi-legs NLO theoretical prediction, and they are consistent within systematical and statistical uncertainties.